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RESPIRATORY VIRUS VACCINES

Background of the Invention

Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) is a life-threatening respiratory illness that has recently been reported in Asia, North America, and Europe. SARS is thought to have originated in the Guangdong Province of China, and then to have been transported to Hong Kong by an infected healthcare worker who, when visiting Hong Kong, was hospitalized and died. SARS is thought to be transmissible in droplet form. Thus, it may be transmitted when an infected individual coughs or sneezes droplets into the air, and someone else breathes them in. SARS may also be transmitted more broadly through the air, or by the touching of objects that are contaminated. The illness usually begins with a fever, often accompanied by chills, headache, general discomfort, body aches, and/or mild respiratory symptoms. As the disease progresses, some patients develop a dry, non-productive cough. In addition, in some cases, the disease can progress to the point where mechanical ventilation is required to enable sufficient oxygen to enter a patient's bloodstream.

Viruses in the *Coronaviridae* family are characterized by a halo or crown-like (corona) appearance on their outer shell when viewed by microscopy. These viruses are a common cause of mild to moderate upper-respiratory illness in humans, and may account for up to one-third of cases of the common cold. Coronaviruses are also often found in animals, such as chickens, pigs, dogs, and cats, in which they can cause illnesses that range from diarrhea to respiratory infection. Further, coronaviruses have been found to survive in the environment for as long as three hours. It has been determined that a previously unrecognized coronavirus can be found in samples from patients with SARS.

Summary of the Invention

The invention provides vaccines for inducing an immune response to a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in a patient. These vaccines can include a spike protein and/or a nucleocapsid protein of the virus, or immunogenic fragments of either or both of these proteins, and a

pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent. Specific examples of spike protein fragments that can be included in the vaccine compositions of the invention are those including the S1 domain, the S1 domain and the S2 domain, in the absence of the coiled coil region, and the S1 and S2 domains, including the coiled coil domain. Further, the spike protein (or fragment) can be present in the form of a monomer, a dimer, or a trimer.

Optionally, the vaccine compositions can also include an adjuvant, such as an adjuvant that stimulates a Th1-type immune response (e.g., an ISCOM, Ribi, DC-Chol, QS21, or MPL). Another example of an adjuvant that can be included in the vaccines of the invention is aluminum hydroxide (e.g., alum). In one example, the proteins of the vaccines of the invention include an amino acid sequence that is substantially identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37 or SEQ ID NO:35, or immunogenic fragments thereof.

The invention also includes additional vaccines for inducing an immune response to human coronaviruses that cause SARS. These vaccines include vectors (e.g., viral vectors) containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a spike protein or a nucleocapsid protein of the virus, or an immunogenic fragment thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent. An example of a vector that can be used in such vaccines is a poxvirus, such as a Modified Vaccinia Ankara (MVA) vector. Another example of such a vector is adenovirus vectors.

The invention also provides methods for producing spike proteins or nucleocapsid proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS. These methods involve introducing into cells a vector that includes a nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein, under conditions in which the protein is expressed in the cells. These cells can be, for example, yeast cells, mammalian cells, insect, or bacterial cells.

The invention further provides methods of inducing an immune response to a human coronavirus that causes SARS in patients, by administration of the vaccines described above and elsewhere herein to the patients. The immune response can be prophylactic or therapeutic.

Also, the invention provides substantially pure spike proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS, or immunogenic fragments thereof. For example, such a protein can include a sequence that is substantially identical to or identical to the

sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or a fragment thereof. The spike proteins and fragments of the invention can be in the form of monomers, dimers, or trimers.

The invention also includes isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding spike proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS. Such a nucleic acid molecule can include the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36, or a sequence that hybridizes to the complement of the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36 under highly stringent conditions. The invention also includes nucleic acid molecule probes that include sequences that hybridize to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36 or the complement thereof under highly stringent conditions.

In addition, the invention provides substantially pure nucleocapsid proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS, or immunogenic fragments thereof. For example, such a protein can include a sequence that is substantially identical to or identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:35, or a fragment thereof.

The invention also includes isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding nucleocapsid proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS. Such a nucleic acid molecule can include the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34, or a sequence that hybridizes to the complement of the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34 under highly stringent conditions. The invention also includes nucleic acid molecule probes that include sequences that hybridize to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34 or the complement thereof under highly stringent conditions.

Further, the invention includes antibodies (e.g., monoclonal, monospecific, and polyclonal antibodies) that specifically bind to spike proteins or nucleocapsid proteins of human coronaviruses that cause SARS. These antibodies can be used in passive immunization methods, as described elsewhere herein.

By "polypeptide" or "polypeptide fragment" is meant a chain of two or more (e.g., 10, 15, 20, 30, 50, 100, or 200, or more) amino acids, regardless of any post-translational modification (e.g., glycosylation or phosphorylation), constituting all or part of a naturally or non-naturally occurring polypeptide. By "post-translational modification" is meant any change to a polypeptide or polypeptide fragment during or after synthesis. Post-translational modifications can be produced naturally (such as

during synthesis within a cell) or generated artificially (such as by recombinant or chemical means). A “protein” can be made up of one or more polypeptides.

By “spike protein” or “spike polypeptide” is meant a polypeptide that has at least 45%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 75%, 80%, or 85%, and most preferably at least 90%, 95%, 99%, or 100% amino acid sequence identity to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37. These proteins and polypeptides (or fragments thereof, as well as corresponding nucleic acid molecules) can be used in vaccines as described herein, as well as for markers of infection by human coronaviruses that cause SARS.

By “SARS nucleocapsid protein” or “SARS nucleocapsid polypeptide” is meant a polypeptide that has at least 45%, preferably at least 60%, more preferably at least 75%, 80%, or 85%, and most preferably at least 90%, 95%, 99%, or 100% amino acid sequence identity to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:35. These proteins and polypeptides (or fragments thereof, as well as corresponding nucleic acid molecules) can be used in vaccines as described herein, as well as for markers of infection by human coronaviruses that cause SARS.

Useful polypeptide derivatives, e.g., polypeptide fragments, can be designed using computer-assisted analysis of amino acid sequences in order to identify sites in protein antigens having potential as surface-exposed, antigenic regions (see, e.g., Hughes et al., *Infect. Immun.* 60(9):3497, 1992). For example, the Laser Gene Program from DNA Star can be used to obtain hydrophilicity, antigenic index, and intensity index plots for the polypeptides of the invention. This program can also be used to obtain information about homologies of the polypeptides with known protein motifs. One skilled in the art can readily use the information provided in such plots to select peptide fragments for use as vaccine antigens. For example, fragments spanning regions of the plots in which the antigenic index is relatively high can be selected. Fragments spanning regions in which both the antigenic index and the intensity plots are relatively high can also be selected, as well as fragments containing conserved sequences, particularly hydrophilic conserved sequences.

By a “spike nucleic acid molecule” is meant a nucleic acid molecule, such as a genomic DNA, cDNA, or RNA (e.g., mRNA) molecule, that encodes a spike protein

(e.g., a protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:36), a spike polypeptide, or a portion thereof, as defined above.

By a "SARS nucleocapsid protein nucleic acid molecule" is meant a nucleic acid molecule, such as a genomic DNA, cDNA, or RNA (e.g., mRNA) molecule, that encodes a spike protein (e.g., a protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:34), a nucleocapsid polypeptide, or a portion thereof, as defined above.

The term "identity" is used herein to describe the relationship of the sequence of a particular nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide to the sequence of a reference molecule of the same type. For example, if a polypeptide or a nucleic acid molecule has the same amino acid or nucleotide residue at a given position, compared to a reference molecule to which it is aligned, there is said to be "identity" at that position. The level of sequence identity of a nucleic acid molecule or a polypeptide to a reference molecule is typically measured using sequence analysis software with the default parameters specified therein, such as the introduction of gaps to achieve an optimal alignment (e.g., Sequence Analysis Software Package of the Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin Biotechnology Center, 1710 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705, BLAST, or PILEUP/PRETTYBOX programs). These software programs match identical or similar sequences by assigning degrees of identity to various substitutions, deletions, or other modifications. Conservative substitutions typically include substitutions within the following groups: glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, and leucine; aspartic acid, glutamic acid, asparagine, and glutamine; serine and threonine; lysine and arginine; and phenylalanine and tyrosine.

The sequence of a nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is said to be "substantially identical" to that of a reference molecule if it exhibits at least 51%, preferably at least 55%, 60%, or 65%, and most preferably 75%, 85%, 90%, or 95% identity to the sequence of the reference molecule. For polypeptides, the length of comparison sequences is at least 16 amino acids, preferably at least 20 amino acids, more preferably at least 25 amino acids, and most preferably at least 35 amino acids. For nucleic acid molecules, the length of comparison sequences is at least 50 nucleotides, preferably at least 60 nucleotides, more preferably at least 75 nucleotides, and most

preferably at least 110 nucleotides. Of course, for polypeptides and nucleic acid molecules, the length of comparison can be any length up to and including full length.

By "probe" or "primer" is meant a single-stranded DNA or RNA molecule of defined sequence that can base pair to a second DNA or RNA molecule that contains a complementary sequence (a "target"). The stability of the resulting hybrid depends upon the extent of the base pairing that occurs. This stability is affected by parameters such as the degree of complementarity between the probe and target molecule, and the degree of stringency of the hybridization conditions. The degree of hybridization stringency is affected by parameters such as the temperature, salt concentration, and concentration of organic molecules, such as formamide, and is determined by methods that are well known to those skilled in the art. Probes or primers specific for spike or nucleocapsid nucleic acid molecules, preferably, have greater than 45% sequence identity, more preferably at least 55-75% sequence identity, still more preferably at least 75-85% sequence identity, yet more preferably at least 85-99% sequence identity, and most preferably 100% sequence identity to the sequences of genes encoding spike or nucleocapsid proteins of a SARS-causing human coronavirus (SEQ ID NOs:36 and 34, respectively). Probes can be detectably labeled, either radioactively or non-radioactively, by methods that are well known to those skilled in the art. Probes can be used for methods involving nucleic acid hybridization, such as nucleic acid sequencing, nucleic acid amplification by the polymerase chain reaction, single stranded conformational polymorphism (SSCP) analysis, restriction fragment polymorphism (RFLP) analysis, Southern hybridization, northern hybridization, in situ hybridization, electrophoretic mobility shift assay (EMSA), and other methods that are well known to those skilled in the art.

A molecule, e.g., an oligonucleotide probe or primer, a gene or fragment thereof, a cDNA molecule, a polypeptide, or an antibody, can be said to be "detectably-labeled" if it is marked in such a way that its presence can be directly identified in a sample. Methods for detectably labeling molecules are well known in the art and include, without limitation, radioactive labeling (e.g., with an isotope, such as ^{32}P or ^{35}S) and nonradioactive labeling (e.g., with a fluorescent label, such as fluorescein).

By a “substantially pure polypeptide” is meant a polypeptide (or a fragment thereof) that has been separated from proteins and organic molecules that naturally accompany it. Typically, a polypeptide is substantially pure when it is at least 60%, by weight, free from the proteins and naturally occurring organic molecules with which it is naturally associated. Preferably, the polypeptide is a spike or nucleocapsid polypeptide that is at least 75%, 80%, or 85%, more preferably at least 90%, and most preferably at least 99%, by weight, pure. A substantially pure spike or nucleocapsid polypeptide can be obtained, for example, by extraction from a natural source, by expression of a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a spike or nucleocapsid polypeptide, or by chemical synthesis. Purity can be measured by any appropriate method, e.g., by column chromatography, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or HPLC analysis.

A polypeptide is substantially free of naturally associated components when it is separated from those proteins and organic molecules that accompany it in its natural state. Thus, a protein that is chemically synthesized or produced in a cellular system that is different from the cell in which it is naturally produced is substantially free from its naturally associated components. Accordingly, substantially pure polypeptides not only include those that are derived from coronaviruses, but also those synthesized in yeast systems, insect systems, mammalian systems, *E. coli*, other prokaryotes, or in other such systems (see below).

By “isolated nucleic acid molecule” is meant a nucleic acid molecule that is removed from the environment in which it naturally occurs. For example, a naturally-occurring nucleic acid molecule present in the genome of cell or as part of a gene bank is not isolated, but the same molecule, separated from the remaining part of the genome, as a result of, e.g., a cloning event (amplification), is “isolated.” Typically, an isolated nucleic acid molecule is free from nucleic acid regions (e.g., coding regions) with which it is immediately contiguous, at the 5' or 3' ends, in the naturally occurring genome. Such isolated nucleic acid molecules can be part of a vector or a composition and still be isolated, as such a vector or composition is not part of its natural environment.

An antibody is said to “specifically bind” to a polypeptide if it recognizes and binds to the polypeptide (e.g., a spike or nucleocapsid polypeptide), but does not

substantially recognize and bind to other molecules (e.g., non-spike-related or non-nucleocapsid-related polypeptides) in a sample, e.g., a biological sample, which naturally includes the polypeptide. Antibodies that specifically bind to the spike or nucleocapsid proteins of human coronaviruses causing SARS are also included in the invention.

By "high stringency conditions" is meant conditions that allow hybridization comparable with the hybridization that occurs using a DNA probe of at least 100, e.g., 200, 350, or 500, nucleotides in length, in a buffer containing 0.5 M NaHPO₄, pH 7.2, 7% SDS, 1 mM EDTA, and 1% BSA (fraction V), at a temperature of 65°C, or a buffer containing 48% formamide, 4.8 x SSC, 0.2 M Tris-Cl, pH 7.6, 1 x Denhardt's solution, 10% dextran sulfate, and 0.1% SDS, at a temperature of 42°C. (These are typical conditions for high stringency northern or Southern hybridizations.) High stringency hybridization is also relied upon for the success of numerous techniques routinely performed by molecular biologists, such as high stringency PCR, DNA sequencing, single strand conformational polymorphism analysis, and in situ hybridization. In contrast to northern and Southern hybridizations, these techniques are usually performed with relatively short probes (e.g., usually 16 nucleotides or longer for PCR or sequencing, and 40 nucleotides or longer for in situ hybridization). The high stringency conditions used in these techniques are well known to those skilled in the art of molecular biology, and examples of them can be found, for example, in Ausubel et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, NY, 1998, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

The invention provides several advantages. First, the invention provides approaches to preventing, treating, diagnosing a severe, life-threatening disease that has recently appeared in outbreaks around the world, in a short period of time. Further, the invention provides expression and vector systems that can be used to achieve high levels of expression and efficient delivery of SARS proteins, respectively.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description, the drawings, and the claims.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figures 1-36 are schematic illustrations of constructs used in the expression of SARS spike proteins in *Pichia pastoris*, CHO cells, and *Drosophila* S2 cells.

In particular, Figure 1 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pPICZ alpha 1190 clone P5-12 (SEQ ID NO:1); Figure 2 provides a linear map of the construct, including the AOX promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-1190, and the AOX terminator sequence; Figure 3 provides a circular map of the construct; and Figure 4 provides the nucleotide sequence of this clone, based on the linear map (SEQ ID NO:2).

Figure 5 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pPICZ alpha 709 clone P1-2 (SEQ ID NO:3); Figure 6 provides a linear map of the construct, including the AOX promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-709, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 7 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone, based on the linear map (SEQ ID NO:4).

Figure 8 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pPICZ alpha 719 clone P1-2 (SEQ ID NO:5); Figure 9 provides a linear map of the construct, including the AOX promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-719, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 10 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone, based on the linear map (SEQ ID NO:6).

Figure 11 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pPICZ alpha 883 clone P3-10 (SEQ ID NO:7); Figure 12 provides a linear map of the construct, including the AOX promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-883, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 13 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone, based on the linear map (SEQ ID NO:8).

Figure 14 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pPICZ alpha 883m clone P3-10 (SEQ ID NO:9); Figure 15 provides a linear map of the construct, including the AOX promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-883, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 16 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone, based on the linear map (SEQ ID NO:10).

Figure 17 provides a circular map of pGAPZ alpha 1190 clone G5-14; Figure 18 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:11); Figure 19 provides a linear map of the construct, including the GAP promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-1190, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 20 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:12).

Figure 21 provides a linear map of pGAPZ alpha 709 clone G1-8, including the GAP promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-709, and the AOX terminator sequence; Figure 22 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:13); and Figure 23 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:14).

Figure 24 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pGAPZ alpha 719 clone G1-8 (SEQ ID NO:15); Figure 25 provides a linear map of the construct, including the GAP promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-719, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 26 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:16).

Figure 27 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pGAPZ alpha 883 clone G3-7 (SEQ ID NO:17); Figure 28 provides a linear map of the construct, including the GAP promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-883, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 29 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:18).

Figure 30 provides the deduced amino acid sequence of pGAPZ alpha 883m clone G3-7 (SEQ ID NO:19); Figure 31 provides a linear map of the construct, including the GAP promoter, alpha signal sequence, spike amino acids 14-883, and the AOX terminator sequence; and Figure 32 provides the nucleotide sequence of the clone (SEQ ID NO:20).

Figure 33 provides a linear map of pMT-Spike 1190 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:21) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:22) sequences of this construct.

Figure 34 provides a linear map of pMT-Spike 719 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:23) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:24) sequences of this construct.

Figure 35 provides a linear map of pMT-Spike 883 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:25) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:26) sequences of this construct.

Figure 36 provides a linear map of pSec1190 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:27) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:28) sequences of this construct.

Figure 37 provides a linear map of pSec719 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:29) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:30) sequences of this construct.

Figure 38 provides a linear map of pSec883 and the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:31) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:32) sequences of this construct.

Figure 39 is a schematic representation of the structure of SARS S protein and target antigenic domains selected for expression.

Figure 40 is a schematic representation of approaches described herein for obtaining S protein expression in the hosts *Pichia pastoris*, *Drosophila* S2 Schneider, and CHO cells.

Figure 41 is a schematic representation of a generalized strategy for constitutive (CHO) and inducible (S2) expression of recombinant spike protein.

Figure 42 shows PCR screening and Western blot analysis of transiently transfected S2 cells.

Figure 43 shows RT-PCR confirmation of mRNA synthesis of S protein candidates 719, 883, and 1190 in CHO cells.

Figure 44 is a schematic representation of a generalized strategy for expression of recombinant S protein in *Pichia pastoris*.

Figure 45 shows S gene specific PCR confirming integration into *Pichia pastoris*.

Figure 46 shows constitutive expression of the S protein in *Pichia pastoris*.

Figure 47 shows a scheme for fractionation of high molecular weight S glycoprotein, as well as analysis of the immunoreactivity of the high molecular weight complex.

Figure 48 shows a scheme for purification of high molecular weight S glycoprotein (1190), as well as immunoblot analysis of the purified material.

Figure 49 shows Anti-SARS-CoV (hyperimmune) and Anti-SARS (human convalescent sera) analysis of pGAP-1190 purified from *Pichia pastoris* supernatant (pre/post Endonuclease H treatment).

Figure 50 shows the results of mass spectroscopy (MALDI-ESI) of S glycoprotein expressed in *Pichia pastoris* (SEQ ID NO:33).

Figure 51A shows the results of SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining of fractionated *Pichia pastoris*-derived rS glycoprotein (cA1) following diafiltration through a >300 kDa membrane cut-off. Ten μ l of 10x concentrate was loaded. Figure 51B shows the immunoreactivity of clarified supernatant from a growing culture of cA1 material 48 hours following conversion from batch to fed-batch fermentation with two conformational dependent monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 52 shows the results of size exclusion HPLC over TSK SW4000_{XL} (7.8 mm x 30 cm). The column was equilibrated with 0.1 M phosphate containing 0.25 M sodium chloride, pH 7.0 and appropriate size standards were included. Panel A shows a profile of diafiltered culture supernate harvested from cA1 fermentation. Fractionated samples were harvested and their immunoreactivity against the anti-SARS polyclonal (1:200) was evaluated in a dot blot format (5 μ l/dot). Panel B shows the results of a re-folding study on soluble aggregate. Samples were normalized for HMW soluble aggregate.

Figure 53 shows determination of the molecular mass of fractionated fermentation samples by size exclusion HPLC over TSK SW4000_{XL} coupled to a light scattering detector (Wyatt Technologies). The molar mass of selected peaks was calculated from the intensity of scattered light, times the square of the change in refractive index with respect to concentration. The separation range for this particular column is from 20,000 – 7,000,000 daltons.

Figure 54 shows Coomassie stain (SDS-PAGE; A) and Immunoblot (anti-SARS-CoV polyclonal; B) analysis of the expression of rS glycoprotein monomer in continuous culture.

Figure 55 shows native PAGE analysis of rS glycoprotein by Coomassie stain (PAGE; A) and Immunoblot (anti-SARS-CoV polyclonal hyperimmune).

Figure 56 is a graph showing SE-HPLC analysis of rS glycoprotein HMW complexes.

Figure 57 shows native PAGE and immunoreactivity profiling with SARS-specific antibodies.

Figure 58 is a graph showing the fractionation and immunoreactivity profile of HMW rS glycoprotein.

Figure 59 is a schematic representation of the vaccinia insertion vector pTK53-gpt-Spike. Abbreviations: Spike – SARS Spike gene; *gpt* – dominant selectable marker *E. coli* guanine phosphoribosyltransferase; P11, P7.5 – Vaccinia virus promoters; pUC – plasmid replication origin; tk_L and tk_R – left and right shoulders of thymidine kinase (tk) gene; EcoRI and BamHI – restriction endonuclease cleavage sites used for cloning.

Figure 60 is a schematic outline of the TDS approach used for generating rMVA-spike virus.

Figure 61 is a schematic outline of rMVA-spike studies.

Figure 62 shows Western blot analysis of rMVA-S (A, B, C, and D) and CEF/rMVA-N (1, 2, 3, and 4) cell lysates. MVA was grown in Chick Embryo Fibroblasts (CEF). The control is MVA-infected CEF.

Figure 63 provides a linear map of pTK53-N, as well as the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:34) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:35) sequences of the SARS nucleocapsid protein.

Figure 64 provides the nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:36) and amino acid (SEQ ID NO:37) sequence of a SARS spike protein.

Figure 65 provides the nucleotide sequence of a SARS coronavirus genome (SEQ ID NO:38).

Detailed Description

The invention relates to vaccines and methods that can be used to prevent or to treat Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) caused by human coronaviruses. Viruses causing this disease are known as human coronavirus/SARS, CoV-SARS, TOR2, and Urbani SARS-associated coronavirus. Also included in the invention are methods of producing proteins (e.g., spike proteins and nucleocapsid proteins) of human

coronaviruses causing SARS. as well as SARS spike and nucleocapsid proteins, and nucleic acid molecules encoding these proteins.

The vaccines of the invention can be used in methods to prevent SARS in patients, such as human patients. In these methods, one or more immunogenic agents derived from a human coronavirus causing SARS are administered to a patient. The agent(s) used can include, for example, an inactivated preparation of the virus or a fraction thereof, or an attenuated version of the virus. The agent(s) can also include an isolated protein (or fragment) from the virus or a nucleic acid molecule encoding such a protein. As a specific example, which is discussed in further detail below, the spike protein of a human coronavirus that causes SARS (or a nucleic acid molecule encoding such a protein) can be used in the vaccines of the invention. Also, the SARS nucleocapsid protein (or a nucleic acid molecule encoding such a protein) can be used. Further, these proteins or nucleic acid molecules (or immunogenic fragments thereof) can be used individually or together, optionally in combination with other agents, such as adjuvants.

The vaccines can also be used to treat patients that have already been exposed to or infected by a virus causing SARS. Optionally, such therapeutic vaccination can be carried out in conjunction with antiviral therapy involving, for example, administration of antiviral agents, such as oseltamivir or ribavirin. The therapeutic vaccines can also be administered with steroids, in combination with ribavirin and other antimicrobial agents.

As is noted above, spike proteins from human coronaviruses causing SARS can be used in the vaccines of the present invention. The nucleotide and amino acid sequences of one example of such a protein are provided herein as SEQ ID NOs:36 and 37, respectively (also see Figure 64). In addition, SARS nucleocapsid proteins can be used, and the nucleotide and amino acid sequences of an example of such a protein are provided in Figure 63 (SEQ ID NO:34 and SEQ ID NO:35). These sequences and fragments and variants thereof (see above) are also included in the invention. These sequences were identified in a sequence of an entire genome of a human coronavirus causing SARS (SEQ ID NO:38).

The proteins of the invention can be made, for example, using a eukaryotic or prokaryotic recombinant expression system. Eukaryotic hosts include, for example, yeast cells (e.g., *Pichia Pastoris* or *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*), mammalian cells (e.g., COS1, NIH3T3, HeLa, or JEG3 cells), arthropods cells (e.g., *Spodoptera frugiperda* (SF9) cells), and plant cells. while an example of a prokaryotic host is *E. coli*. Eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells for use in the invention are available from a number of different sources that are known to those skilled in the art, e.g., the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC; Manassas, Virginia; see also Ausubel et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, NY, 1998, which is hereby incorporated by reference). The method of transformation and the choice of expression vehicle (e.g., expression vector) will depend on the host system selected. Transformation and transfection methods, as well as expression vehicles, are described, e.g., in Ausubel et al., supra; also see, e.g., Pouwels et al., Cloning Vectors: A Laboratory Manual, 1985, Supp. 1987. Specific examples of expression systems that can be used in the invention are described further as follows.

Preferred expression systems for use in making the antigens of the invention are those in which post-translational glycosylation takes place, and include, for example, yeast, mammalian, and insect systems. This is particularly important with respect to SARS spike proteins, which are glycosylated (see below). Examples of yeast hosts that can be used in the invention include *Pichia pastoris*, *Pichia methanolica*, *Hansenula polymorpha*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. In the case of *P. pastoris*, specific examples of host strains that can be used include X-33, GS115, KM71, KM71H, SMD1168, and SMD1168H. Examples of yeast vectors that can be used include pPIC vectors (Invitrogen), such as pPICZalpha for secretion using the alpha factor secretion signal. Also, pPIC vectors that allow multi-copy integrants can be used. These vectors allow multiple insertions into the genome. Use of methalymine or methanol-inducible expression systems can also be used. In another example of a yeast-based system that can be used in the invention, the yeast used to produce the proteins are engineered to make proteins so that they are glycosylated similarly to human proteins (see, e.g., Hamilton et al., Science 301:1244-1246, 2003).

Transient transfection of a eukaryotic expression plasmid containing a spike or nucleocapsid protein gene into a mammalian host cell (e.g., COS1, NIH3T3, HeLa, or JEG3 cells) allows the transient production of the protein by the transfected host cell. The proteins can also be produced by a stably-transfected eukaryotic (e.g., mammalian) cell line. A number of vectors suitable for stable transfection of mammalian cells are available to the public (see, e.g., Pouwels et al., *supra*), as are methods for constructing lines including such cells (see, e.g., Ausubel et al., *supra*). In one example, cDNA encoding a spike or nucleocapsid protein, fusion, mutant, or polypeptide fragment is cloned into an expression vector that includes the dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR) gene. Integration of the plasmid and, therefore, integration of the protein-encoding gene, into the host cell chromosome is selected for by inclusion of 0.01-300 μ M methotrexate in the cell culture medium (Ausubel et al., *supra*). This dominant selection can be accomplished in most cell types. Recombinant protein expression can be increased by DHFR-mediated amplification of the transfected gene. Methods for selecting cell lines bearing gene amplifications are described in Ausubel et al., *supra*. These methods generally involve extended culture in medium containing gradually increasing levels of methotrexate. The most commonly used DHFR-containing expression vectors are pCVSEII-DHFR and pAdD26SV(A) (described, for example, in Ausubel et al., *supra*). The host cells described above or, preferably, a DHFR-deficient CHO cell line (e.g., CHO DHFR- cells, ATCC Accession No. CRL 9096) are among those that are most preferred for DHFR selection of a stably transfected cell line or DHFR-mediated gene amplification.

Another preferred eukaryotic expression system is the baculovirus system using, for example, the vector pBacPAK9, which is available from Clontech (Palo Alto, CA). If desired, this system can be used in conjunction with other protein expression techniques, for example, the myc tag approach described by Evan et al. (*Molecular and Cellular Biology* 5:3610-3616, 1985). Additional examples of insect systems that can be used are the Bac-to-Bac Baculovirus expression system, employing, e.g., pFastBac1 vectors, as well as a *Drosophila* expression system employing S2 cells (see below). The latter

system can employ, for example, the pMT/Bip/V5-His vector for regulated, secreted expression.

Expression of foreign molecules in bacteria, such as *Escherichia coli*, requires the insertion of a foreign nucleic acid molecule, e.g., a spike nucleic acid molecule or a nucleocapsid nucleic acid molecule, into a bacterial expression vector. Such plasmid vectors include several elements required for the propagation of the plasmid in bacteria, and for expression of foreign DNA contained within the plasmid. Propagation of only plasmid-bearing bacteria is achieved by introducing, into the plasmid, a selectable marker-encoding gene that allows plasmid-bearing bacteria to grow in the presence of an otherwise toxic drug. The plasmid also contains a transcriptional promoter capable of directing synthesis of large amounts of mRNA from the foreign DNA. Such promoters can be, but are not necessarily, inducible promoters that initiate transcription upon induction by culture under appropriate conditions (e.g., in the presence of a drug that activates the promoter). The plasmid also, preferably, contains a polylinker to simplify insertion of the gene in the correct orientation within the vector. An example of a prokaryotic system that can be used is *E. coli*, using BL21 lambda DE3 and pET vectors, pET26 with a pelB leader for expression to the periplasm, or pET24 for expression of native protein or overlapping fragments thereof.

Proteins of the invention can also be obtained using *in vitro* methods. For example, *in vitro* expression of the proteins, fusions, polypeptide fragments, or mutants encoded by cloned DNA can also be carried out using the T7 late-promoter expression system. This system depends on the regulated expression of T7 RNA polymerase, an enzyme encoded in the DNA of bacteriophage T7. The T7 RNA polymerase initiates transcription at a specific 23 base pair promoter sequence called the T7 late promoter. Copies of the T7 late promoter are located at several sites on the T7 genome, but none are present in *E. coli* chromosomal DNA. As a result, in T7-infected *E. coli*, T7 RNA polymerase catalyzes transcription of viral genes, but not *E. coli* genes. In this expression system, recombinant *E. coli* cells are first engineered to carry the gene encoding T7 RNA polymerase next to the *lac* promoter. In the presence of IPTG, these cells transcribe the T7 polymerase gene at a high rate and synthesize abundant amounts

of T7 RNA polymerase. These cells are then transformed with plasmid vectors that carry a copy of the T7 late promoter protein. When IPTG is added to the culture medium containing these transformed *E. coli* cells, large amounts of T7 RNA polymerase are produced. The polymerase then binds to the T7 late promoter on the plasmid expression vectors, catalyzing transcription of the inserted cDNA at a high rate. Since each *E. coli* cell contains many copies of the expression vector, large amounts of mRNA corresponding to the cloned cDNA can be produced in this system and the resulting protein can be radioactively labeled.

Plasmid vectors containing late promoters and the corresponding RNA polymerases from related bacteriophages, such as T3, T5, and SP6, can also be used for *in vitro* production of proteins from cloned DNA. *E. coli* can also be used for expression using an M13 phage, such as mGPI-2. Furthermore, vectors that contain phage lambda regulatory sequences, or vectors that direct the expression of fusion proteins, for example, a maltose-binding protein fusion protein or a glutathione-S-transferase fusion protein, also can be used for expression in *E. coli*.

Polypeptides of the invention, particularly short fragments and longer fragments of the N-terminus and C-terminus of the proteins, can also be produced by chemical synthesis (e.g., by the methods described in Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, 2nd ed., 1984, The Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL). These general techniques of polypeptide expression and purification can also be used to produce and isolate useful fragments or analogs, as described herein.

Once an appropriate expression vector containing a gene, or a fragment, fusion, or mutant thereof, is constructed, it can be introduced into an appropriate host cell using a transformation technique, such as, for example, calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE-dextran transfection, electroporation, microinjection, protoplast fusion, or liposome-mediated transfection. Host cells that can be transfected with the vectors of the invention can include, but are not limited to, *E. coli* or other bacteria, yeast, fungi, insect cells (using, for example, baculoviral vectors for expression), or cells derived from mice, humans, or other animals (see, e.g., above). Mammalian cells can also be used to express the proteins of the invention using a virus expression system (e.g., a vaccinia virus

expression system) described, for example, in Ausubel et al., *supra*. As a specific example of a vaccinia virus system that can be used, see, e.g., Moore et al., *EMBO J.* 11:1973-1980, 1992, erratum at *EMBO J.* 11:3490, 1992; Skinner et al., *J. Gen. Virol.* 75:2495-2498, 1994; and Sroller et al., *Arch. Virol.* 143:1311-1320, 1998, which describe the use of a Modified Vaccinia Ankara (MVA) strain. Also see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 6,440,422.

Upon expression, a recombinant polypeptide of the invention (or a polypeptide derivative) is produced and remains in the intracellular compartment, is secreted/excreted in the extracellular medium or in the periplasmic space, or is embedded in the cellular membrane. Preferably, the polypeptide is secreted. The polypeptide can then be recovered in a substantially purified form from the cell extract or from the supernatant after centrifugation of the cell culture. Typically, the recombinant polypeptide can be purified by antibody-based affinity purification or by any other method known to a person skilled in the art, such as by genetic fusion to a small affinity-binding domain. Antibody-based affinity purification methods are also available for purifying a polypeptide of the invention. Antibodies useful for immunoaffinity purification of the polypeptides of the invention can be obtained using standard.

As is discussed further below, we have found that certain spike proteins produced using the methods described herein assemble into trimeric structures, which have been observed to form with certain spike proteins from animal coronaviruses. Thus, the invention includes human coronavirus spike proteins in this form, as well as monomeric and dimeric forms, and the use of the proteins in such forms in the methods described herein.

In addition to protein based antigens, the methods of the invention can employ nucleic acid (e.g., DNA or RNA)-based antigens, whether in the form of a vector delivering a gene to be expressed or administration of a nucleic acid molecule itself. Polynucleotides of the invention can also be used in DNA vaccination methods, using either a viral or bacterial host as gene delivery vehicle (live vaccine vector) or administering the gene in a free form, e.g., inserted into a plasmid. Typically, a DNA molecule is placed under the control of a promoter suitable for expression in a

mammalian cell. The promoter can function ubiquitously or tissue-specifically. Examples of non-tissue specific promoters include the early Cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter (U.S. Patent No. 4,168,062) and the Rous Sarcoma Virus promoter (Norton et al., Molec. Cell Biol. 5:281, 1985). The desmin promoter (Li et al., Gene 78:243, 1989; Li et al., J. Biol. Chem. 266:6562, 1991; Li et al., J. Biol. Chem. 268:10403, 1993) is tissue-specific and drives expression in muscle cells. More generally, useful promoters and vectors are described, e.g., in WO 94/21797 and by Hartikka et al. (Human Gene Therapy 7:1205, 1996).

Live vaccine vectors that can be used in the invention include viral vectors, such as adenoviruses and poxviruses (e.g., vaccinia virus vectors, such as MVA vectors), as well as bacterial vectors, e.g., *Shigella*, *Salmonella*, *Vibrio cholerae*, *Lactobacillus*, *Bacille bilié de Calmette-Guérin* (BCG), and *Streptococcus*. An example of an adenovirus vector, as well as a method for constructing an adenovirus vector capable of expressing a polynucleotide molecule of the invention, is described in U.S. Patent No. 4,920,209. Poxvirus vectors that can be used in the invention include, e.g., vaccinia and canary pox viruses, which are described in U.S. Patent No. 4,722,848 and U.S. Patent No. 5,364,773, respectively (also see, e.g., Tartaglia et al., Virology 188:217, 1992, for a description of a vaccinia virus vector, and Taylor et al, Vaccine 13:539, 1995, for a description of a canary poxvirus vector). Poxvirus vectors capable of expressing a polynucleotide of the invention can be obtained by homologous recombination, as described in Kieny et al. (Nature 312:163, 1984) so that the polynucleotide of the invention is inserted in the viral genome under appropriate conditions for expression in mammalian cells. Details of the use of a pox-based vector are provided in the Examples, below.

In addition to viral-based vectors, bacterial vectors can be used in the invention to administer SARS proteins. Attenuated *Salmonella typhimurium* strains, genetically engineered for recombinant expression of heterologous antigens, and their use as oral vaccines, are described by Nakayama et al. (Bio/Technology 6:693, 1988) and in WO 92/11361. Preferred routes of administration for these vectors include all mucosal routes (e.g., intranasal or oral routes). Others bacterial strains useful as vaccine vectors

are described by High et al. (EMBO 11:1991, 1992) and Sizemore et al. (Science 270:299, 1995; *Shigella flexneri*); Medaglini et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:6868, 1995; (*Streptococcus gordonii*); Flynn (Cell. Mol. Biol. 40 (suppl. I):31, 1194), and in WO 88/6626, WO 90/0594, WO 91/13157, WO 92/1796, and WO 92/21376 (Bacille Calmette Guerin). In bacterial vectors, a polynucleotide of the invention can be inserted into the bacterial genome or it can remain in a free state, for example, carried on a plasmid. An adjuvant can also be added to a composition containing a bacterial vector vaccine.

Methods for administering vaccine compositions including the proteins, fragment, nucleic acid molecules, or vectors of the invention are described as follows.

Administration

As is noted above, the vaccines of the invention can include SARS spike or nucleocapsid polypeptides or immunogenic fragments, or nucleic acid molecules encoding such polypeptides or immunogenic fragments. The vaccines can be administered using routes, regimens, and formulations determined to be appropriate by those of skill in this art. Examples of these and other parameters for consideration in administering the vaccines of the invention are discussed as follows.

The vaccines of the invention can be administered by any conventional route in use in the vaccine field, for example, by a parenteral (e.g., subcutaneous, intradermal, intraepidermal, intramuscular, intravenous, or intraperitoneal) or a mucosal (e.g., ocular, intranasal, oral, gastric, pulmonary, intestinal, rectal, vaginal, or urinary tract) route.

Appropriate amounts of vaccine to be administered can readily be determined by those of skill in the art, and can depend upon various parameters such as the nature of the vaccine vector itself, the route and frequency of administration, the presence/absence of adjuvant, the desired effect (e.g., protection and/or treatment), and the condition of the mammal to be vaccinated (e.g., the weight, age, and general health of the mammal). In general, 0.1 µg - 1 mg, e.g., 1-500 µg, e.g., or 10-100 µg (e.g., 20-80, 30-70, 40-60 or about 50 µg), can be administered. For example, a vaccine of the invention can be administered mucosally in an amount ranging from about 10 µg to about 500 mg, e.g.,

from about 1 mg to about 200 mg. For a parenteral route of administration, the dose usually should not exceed about 1 mg, and can be, preferably, about 50-500, e.g., 100-250 μ g.

The vaccines of the invention can be administered in regimens that can be determined to be appropriate by those of skill in this art. For example, the administration can be achieved in a single dose or repeated at intervals. As a specific example, the vaccines can be administered in three doses biweekly, 1 month apart, or on days 0, 28, and 56 of a multi-dose regimen. In another example, a priming dose is followed by 1-3 booster doses at weekly or monthly intervals (e.g., a boost within 1-6 months), with follow-up boosting every 1-5 (e.g., 3) years, if needed. As yet another example, a subject can initially be primed with a vaccine vector of the invention, such as a pox virus (e.g., MVA or adenovirus) by, e.g., a parenteral route, and then boosted (e.g., 2-4 times) with a polypeptide encoded by the vaccine vector by the parenteral or mucosal route. Alternatively, a polypeptide can be used in a priming step, and boosting can be carried out using a vaccine vector, such as a pox virus or an adenovirus. In another example, liposomes associated with a polypeptide or polypeptide of the invention can be used for priming, with boosting being carried out mucosally using a soluble polypeptide or polypeptide derivative of the invention, in combination with a mucosal adjuvant (e.g., LT). In a further example, the antigen is administered mucosally (e.g., intranasally) in a priming step, and boosting is by parenteral administration. Further, the vaccines described herein can be used in combination with each other or other vaccines against SARS, by co-administration or in prime/boost methods in which a vaccine as described herein is used in either the prime or a boosting step, and the other vaccine is used in a step in which a vaccine as described herein is not used.

The vaccines of the invention can be formulated using standard methods (see, e.g., in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences* (18th edition), ed. A. Gennaro, 1990, Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA). In addition to the antigenic agent(s), the vaccines can optionally also include an adjuvant. Examples of adjuvants that can be included in the vaccines of the invention include alum and other aluminum compounds (e.g., aluminum hydroxide, aluminum phosphate, and aluminum hydroxy phosphate), DC-Chol, QS-21,

MPL, Ribi, as well as other parenteral adjuvants that are known in the art. Additional formulations that can be used can include the use of liposomes, such as neutral or anionic liposomes, microspheres, or virus-like particles (VLPs), to facilitate delivery and/or enhance the immune response. Another example of an adjuvant that can be used is ISCOMs, which can be used, e.g., in mucosal (e.g., intranasal or oral) administration of, e.g., the polypeptide antigens described herein. These compounds are readily available to those skilled in the art; for example, see *Liposomes: A Practical Approach* (supra).

Additional adjuvants that can be used for mucosal administration include, for example, bacterial toxins, e.g., the cholera toxin (CT), the *E. coli* heat-labile toxin (LT), the *Clostridium difficile* toxin A, the pertussis toxin (PT), and combinations, subunits, toxoids, or mutants thereof. For example, a purified preparation of native cholera toxin subunit B (CTB) can be used. Fragments, homologs, derivatives, and fusions to any of these toxins can also be used, provided that they retain adjuvant activity. Preferably, a mutant having reduced toxicity is used. Suitable mutants are described, e.g., in WO 95/17211 (Arg-7-Lys CT mutant), WO 96/6627 (Arg-192-Gly LT mutant), and WO 95/34323 (Arg-9-Lys and Glu-129-Gly PT mutant). Additional LT mutants that can be used in the methods and compositions of the invention include, e.g., Ser-63-Lys, Ala-69-Gly, Glu-110-Asp, and Glu-112-Asp mutants. Other adjuvants, such as the bacterial monophosphoryl lipid A (MPLA) of, e.g., *E. coli*, *Salmonella minnesota*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, or *Shigella flexneri*; saponins, and polylactide glycolide (PLGA) microspheres, can also be used in mucosal administration. Adjuvants useful for both mucosal and parenteral administrations, such as polyphosphazene (WO 95/2415), can also be used.

As is noted above, the vaccination methods of the invention can also include the use of polynucleotide molecules, which can, optionally, be administered in a vector. A polynucleotide of the invention can be used in a naked form, free of any delivery vehicles, such as anionic liposomes, cationic lipids, microparticles, e.g., gold microparticles, precipitating agents, e.g., calcium phosphate, or any other transfection-facilitating agent. In this case, the polynucleotide can simply be diluted in a physiologically acceptable solution, such as sterile saline or sterile buffered saline, with

or without a carrier. When present, the carrier preferably is isotonic, hypotonic, or weakly hypertonic, and has a relatively low ionic strength, such as provided by a sucrose solution, e.g., a solution containing 20% sucrose.

Alternatively, a polynucleotide can be associated with agents that assist in cellular uptake. It can be, e.g., (i) complemented with a chemical agent that modifies cellular permeability, such as bupivacaine (see, e.g., WO 94/16737), (ii) encapsulated into liposomes, or (iii) associated with cationic lipids or silica, gold, or tungsten microparticles. Anionic and neutral liposomes are well-known in the art (see, e.g., *Liposomes: A Practical Approach*, RPC New Ed, IRL Press, 1990, for a detailed description of methods for making liposomes) and are useful for delivering a large range of products, including polynucleotides.

Cationic lipids can also be used for gene delivery. Such lipids include, for example, LipofectinTM, which is also known as DOTMA (N-[1-(2,3-dioleyloxy)propyl]-N,N,N-trimethylammonium chloride), DOTAP (1,2-bis(oleylloxy)-3-(trimethylammonio)propane), DDAB (dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide), DOGS (dioctadecylamidoglycyl spermine), and cholesterol derivatives. A description of these cationic lipids can be found in EP 187,702, WO 90/11092, U.S. Patent No. 5,283,185, WO 91/15501, WO 95/26356, and U.S. Patent No. 5,527,928. Cationic lipids for gene delivery are preferably used in association with a neutral lipid such as DOPE (dioleoyl phosphatidylethanolamine; WO 90/11092). Other transfection-facilitating compounds can be added to a formulation containing cationic liposomes. A number of them are described in, e.g., WO 93/18759, WO 93/19768, WO 94/25608, and WO 95/2397. They include, e.g., spermine derivatives useful for facilitating the transport of DNA through the nuclear membrane (see, for example, WO 93/18759) and membrane-permeabilizing compounds such as GALA, Gramicidine S, and cationic bile salts (see, for example, WO 93/19768).

Gold or tungsten microparticles can also be used for gene delivery, as described in WO 91/359, WO 93/17706, and by Tang et al. (*Nature* 356:152, 1992). In this case, the microparticle-coated polynucleotides can be injected via intradermal or

intraepidermal routes using a needleless injection device ("gene gun"), such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 4,945,050, U.S. Patent No. 5,015,580, and WO 94/24263.

The amount of DNA to be used in a vaccine recipient depends, e.g., on the strength of the promoter used in the DNA construct, the immunogenicity of the expressed gene product, the condition of the mammal intended for administration (e.g., the weight, age, and general health of the mammal), the mode of administration, and the type of formulation. In general, a therapeutically or prophylactically effective dose from about 1 μg to about 1 mg, preferably, from about 10 μg to about 800 μg , and, more preferably, from about 25 μg to about 250 μg , can be administered to human adults. The administration can be achieved in a single dose or repeated at intervals.

A preferred approach for vaccination according to the present invention involves the use of a live vector, such as a live viral vector. For example, nucleotide sequences encoding SARS spike proteins or immunogenic fragments thereof, as described elsewhere herein, can be inserted into a live vector, such as a pox vector, which is administered in vaccination methods. Additional viral and bacterial vectors that can be used in the invention are known in the art (also, see above). As a specific example, the attenuated vaccinia virus Modified Vaccinia Ankara (MVA) can be used as a viral delivery vehicle in the invention. Details of the use of such a viral vector are provided below in the Examples. In general, the dose of a viral vector vaccine, for therapeutic or prophylactic use, can be from about 1×10^4 to about 1×10^{11} , e.g., 1×10^7 to 1×10^{10} , or 1×10^7 to about 1×10^9 , plaque-forming units per kilogram. Such vectors can be administered, e.g., parenterally, for example, in 3 doses that are 4 weeks apart.

Also included in the invention are passive immunization methods for preventing or treating SARS infection. In these methods, antibodies against the SARS virus, or one or more components thereof, are administered to patients to prevent or treat infection. As a specific example, polyclonal hyperimmune globulin that is obtained from plasma donors that have been actively immunized with a SARS antigen (e.g., a spike protein antigen or a nucleocapsid protein antigen; see, e.g., above) can be used. Routes of administration include, for example, mucosal and parenteral routes. For example, in the case of mucosal administration, the antibody preparation can be administered in the

form of nose drops or by inhalation, using standard methods in the art. Other mucosal routes, such as those listed above, can also be used. In the case of parenteral administration, subcutaneous injection or any other parenteral route (see, e.g., those listed above) can be used. The passive immunization methods can be used as sole approaches to prevention or treatment, or can be used in combination with active vaccination approaches, such as those described herein (see, e.g., WO 99/20304 for additional details on passive immunization approaches).

Examples

Example 1 - Expression Constructs

Constructs for expressing the SARS coronavirus spike proteins in three different eukaryotic systems, the yeast *Pichia pastoris*, mammalian CHO cells, and drosophila S2 cells, were made and characterized. The details of these constructs are summarized in the following table, and are illustrated in Figures 1-38. The constructs each lack the native N-terminal spike signal sequence (amino acids 1-13), in favor of those provided by the vectors used in each of the systems. The vector-provided signal sequences ensure that the proteins are secreted in the relevant systems.

As is illustrated in Figure 39, the SARS spike protein can be divided up into an extracellular domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. We tested constructs that include different combinations of these regions. For example, the 14-719 (or 709) constructs include the extracellular domain (i.e., the putative S1 domain, which represents the receptor binding domain and the region including neutralization determinants); the 14-883 constructs include the extracellular domain and the S2 domain, but not the intracellular coiled coil domain, while the 14-1190 constructs include the extracellular domain, but not the transmembrane domain, and the cytoplasmic tail. The table set forth below provides information as to the vectors used, the construct names, and the spike protein amino acids included in the constructs, for each of the three systems. Constructs including amino acids 14-1190, 14-883, and 14-709 are alternatively referred to herein as clones A1, A2, and A3, respectively.

***Pichia pastoris* expression constructs**

Expression system	Vector	Construct name	Spike protein limits (aa)
Inducible	pPICZalpha	P1-2	14-709
	pPICZalpha	P1-2.2	14-719
	pPICZalpha	P3-10 mutant (H641R)	14-883
	pPICZalpha	P3-10.2	14-883
	pPICZalpha	P5-12*	14-1190

* contains 2 silent mutations within aa C133, C1108

Constitutive	pGAPZalpha	G1-8	14-709
	pGAPZalpha	G1-8.2	14-719
	pGAPZalpha	G3-7 mutant (Y484C)	14-883
	pPAGZalpha	G3-7.2	14-883
	pPAGZalpha	G5-14**	14-1190

** contains 2 silent mutations within aa Y723, G739

pSEC expression constructs (CHO cells)

Expression system	Vector	Construct name	Spike protein limits (aa)
Constitutive	pSEC	pSEC-719	14-719
	pSEC	pSEC-883	14-883
	pSEC	pSEC-1190	14-1190

DES constructs (*Drosophila* S2 cells)

Expression system	Vector	Construct name	Spike protein limits (aa)
Inducible	pMT	pMT-719	14-719
	pMT	pMT-883	14-883
	pMT	pMT-1190	14-1190

Additional details as to the construction of these constructs are as follows. Crude RNA was extracted from Vero E6 cells infected with SARS-CoV (provided by the CDC) and reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) was performed for cloning. cDNA clones representing all structural genes in their entirety were constructed and characterized by DNA sequencing. Clones A1-A3 were constructed by PCR in the pPICZalpha and pGAPZalpha expression vectors for inducible and constitutive expression in *Pichia pastoris*, respectively. Fragments were engineered in-frame at the N-terminus with the alpha factor signal sequence allowing for export from a growing culture and were prematurely terminated at the C-terminus with a stop codon. Clones A1-A3 were then electroporated into competent X-33 *Pichia pastoris* and transformants were evaluated for integration by PCR, copy number by enhanced resistance to the selectable marker carried on the integration vector, and expression by, e.g., immunoreactivity with SARS-specific antisera using a dot blot format (see below).

Example 2 - Expression Studies

The constructs described above were analyzed for expression in the relevant systems, with the goal being to analyze the systems for yield, purity, solubility, and glycosylation. After such initial characterization, virus neutralization studies in, e.g., mice, can be carried out to determine appropriate regimens, doses, scheduling, adjuvants, and formulations, and then efficacy can be confirmed, if desired, in an appropriate non-human primate model. In each system, clones were generated by introduction of the constructs noted above into cells by lipofection or electroporation (Figure 40).

A generalized strategy for constitutive (CHO) and inducible (S2) expression of recombinant spike proteins is illustrated in Figure 41. Briefly, the spike gene is cloned into an appropriate vector (e.g., pMT/BiP for S2 cells or pSec/FRT TOPO for Flp-In CHO cells), positive transformants are selected and sequenced, and then the constructs are integrated into the S2 or CHO cells by use of a co-transfected recombination plasmid and selection with hygromycin (CHO) or Blasticidine (S2). The integrants are then screened for high level expression, a candidate is selected, expression is optimized, and production is then scaled up, if desired. Figure 42 shows the results of PCR screening of genomic DNA purified from transiently transfected S2 cells 24 and 48 hours after transfection with pMT-719, pMT-883, and pMT-1190 constructs, as well as Western blot analysis of these cells. Figure 43 presents RT-PCR data showing that the spike 719, 883, and 1190 genes are expressed in CHO cells.

The generalized strategy for expression of recombinant spike proteins in the yeast *Pichia pastoris* is illustrated in Figure 44. Briefly, constructs are sequenced, midi-prepped, and subcloned, and then are integrated into *P. pastoris* by linearization, electroporation, and Zeocin selection. The integrants are then screened for high copy numbers, fermented, and a candidate is selected and optimized. Figure 45 shows spike gene-specific PCR of chromosomal DNA, confirming integration for constructs encoding 1190 and 883 amino acids of the SARS spike protein, as described above. In particular, Figure 45 shows a sample set of PCR positive (N-terminal fragment) integrants for A1 (1190) and A2 (883) constructs for both inducible and constitutive expression. Small-scale expression studies were then performed on integrants to identify clones for bench-

scale fermentation. Figure 45 further shows the immunoreactivity of a panel of A1 (1190) integrants engineered to produce full-length ectodomain following inducible expression, that are immunoreactive with a neutralizing, murine hyperimmune polyclonal antibody raised against gamma-irradiated SARS-CoV. Clone 64 (identified by the arrow) was observed to react strongly with the SARS polyclonal serum and was selected for further study. Similar studies identified a clone that expressed immunoreactive product following constitutive expression.

Figure 46 shows the results of analysis of clones constitutively expressing the 1190 (lanes 2 and 6) and 883 (lanes 3 and 7) amino acid versions of recombinant spike. Panel A is a glycostain; panel B is an immunoblot with an anti-SARS coronavirus murine polyclonal antibody; panel C is a dot blot using such an antibody; panel D is an immunoblot using human convalescent sera; and panel E is a dot blot using the latter sera. In lanes 2 and 3, the proteins are glycosylated, while in lanes 6 and 7, the proteins have been treated with Endonuclease H, resulting in deglycosylation. These data show that high molecular weight material is immunoreactive with anti-spike antibodies, and that this material breaks down upon Endonuclease H treatment, yielding the expected 139 kDa (full ectodomain, 1190) and 98 kDa (bulbar head, 883) products. The dot blot results show the maintenance of at least some conformational integrity of the recombinant proteins.

The spike protein was purified from fermentor bulk material by successive diafiltration steps (>300 kDa, 15x; 100-300 kDa, 15x; and <100 kDa), and the fractions were tested for immunoreactivity with an anti-SARS coronavirus antibody (Figure 47). Most of the immunoreactivity was found in the >300 kDa fraction. No reactivity was observed with lower molecular weight material that could represent monomer or similarly treated material expressed from the control strain X-33 lacking the S gene.

The partially purified retentate material (1190) was then purified further by lectin affinity chromatography in batch mode by binding to Concanavalin A-Sepharose 4B and eluting with sugar (methyl α -D-Mannopyranoside, 750 mM) (Figure 48). The eluted material (glycosylated and deglycosylated samples) was fractionated by SDS-PAGE, and detected by Western blot analysis as high molecular weight material at about 180-250

kDa (glycosylated), while Endo-H treated material (deglycosylated) was detected at about 138 kDa, as was expected. These studies show that the spike protein secreted from *P. pastoris* through the secretory pathway was glycosylated.

The results of additional studies showing the purification of pGAP-1190 from *P. pastoris* supernatants are shown in Figure 49. SDS-PAGE and removal of DTT from the sample buffer suggests the presence of monomeric, pichia glycosylated spike protein of >250 kDa. Figure 50 shows that mass spectrometry (MALDI-ESI) confirms expression of the S glycoprotein in pichia.

In other studies, fed-batch fermentation (2 L) of *Pichia pastoris* integrants expressing full-length rS ectodomain (cA1 and iA1) was performed in a controlled environment with basal salts medium (BSM) in the absence of selection. The following illustrates the methodology employed when performing constitutive expression of cA1 expressing full-length rS glycoprotein. Briefly a vial of cA1 research cell bank (RCB) was seeded into 100 ml of BSM plus PTM₁ trace salts and grown for 18 hours at 28°C. On day 2, a 5% inoculum was added to the fermentor containing BSM (pH5) containing 4% glycerol and grown at 30°C, with dissolved O₂ (DO) active control maintained at 35%, agitation set 100-1000 rpm, with airflow at 3.0 L/minute. Fermentation was monitored using BioCommand software (New Brunswick). At carbon exhaustion, the feed program was initiated where 50% glycerol solution was added with PTM₁ trace salts at a rate of 0.5%/liter/hour. After 2 additional days of fermentation, the culture supernate was harvested and EDTA added to 5 mM. Using fed-batch fermentation, we observed dramatic increases in production of target protein (Figure 51) with yields of monomer calculated at 100 mg/L by densitometry. Fermentation at low pH is known to be optimal for yeast growth and likely limited proteolytic breakdown of expressed product. We have achieved cell densities (OD₆₀₀) of > 400 using both our inducible and constitutive expression systems. Gel extraction of the 180 kDa monomer was confirmed as Spike protein following Mass Spectroscopy and in gel digestion and sequencing of generated fragments. Over 90% of the harvested sequence spanned the entire length of the protein confirming high-level expression of monomeric S glycoprotein.

Size exclusion. high-pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC) of diafiltered (> 300 kDa) material supported expression of several HMW species ranging in size from 100 to >1000 kDa (Figure 52A). Isolated fractions representing peaks i & ii and that ran near the void volume were demonstrated to be immunoreactive with the polyclonal anti-SARS hyperimmune raised against SARS-CoV (Figure 52A). Fractions 13-18 were subsequently treated with endo-deglycosidase H and in every case immunoreactivity with the mouse polyclonal was observed with a circa 130 kDa deglycosylated protein, as expected. Denaturation of the diafiltered material with Guanidine Hydrochloride (GuHCl) plus DTT resolved much of the void volume peaks to the lower molecular weight species, peak iii (Figure 52B). When the denatured sample was dialyzed against citrate buffer (pH 4), the lower molecular weight component appeared to re-associate preferentially to the higher molecular weight peak ii (Figure 52B). This material was soluble and stable at +4°C. Dot blots of isolated fractions with both the mouse polyclonal and conformational dependent monoclonal antibodies, previously demonstrated to neutralize SARS-CoV, confirmed the immunoreactivity and structure of re-associated peak ii.

Different fractions representing peaks i, ii, and iii were then re-injected and further analyzed by light scattering with accurate molecular weight determinations of 160, 322, and 623 kDa, supporting monomeric, dimeric, and trimeric forms (Figure 53). Importantly, the trimeric structure was quite stable. The ability to correctly re-fold trimer as determined by immunoreactivity provides us with a method enabling enrichment of a preferred S glycoprotein structure.

Additional data supporting fermentation and expression of full-length rS ectodomain using continuous culture are described as follows. Constitutive expression of rS glycoprotein has been achieved for 40 days and the effect of temperature and pH on production of target protein monitored. The data supports expression of a soluble, rS glycoprotein at pH 7.0. To mitigate effects of enhanced proteolysis at the elevated pH due to intrinsic proteases produced by *Pichia pastoris*, fermentation is carried out at 15°C. Figure 54 shows expression of a circa 180 kDa monomer in neat culture supernatants and its immunoreactivity

profile with the murine polyclonal antibody raised against γ -irradiated SARS-CoV under denaturing/reducing conditions (Figures 54A and 54B). Two time-points are represented. Yields of rS glycoprotein using a constitutive expression system seem to favor increased production levels and is therefore the method of choice for production purposes. Performing continuous culture with this construct will ensure production of very respectable levels of rS glycoprotein for manufacturing purposes.

Previous data supported the expression of a high molecular weight (HMW) complex (> 300 kDa) that was preferentially immunoreactive with both anti-SARS-CoV polyclonal and monoclonal neutralizing antibodies. Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) under native conditions supports the existence of a HMW complex and at least two isoforms of the rS glycoprotein. To better observe this phenomenon, culture supernatant was diafiltered through a 100 kDa membrane and concentrated 10-fold prior to running native PAGE (Figure 55, lanes 2). In the presence of reducing agents (DTT, lane 4; β -mercaptoethanol, lane 5) the higher of the two protein complexes is reduced to a single species, and presumably represents the monomeric form of the rS glycoprotein ectodomain. Both isomers are immunoreactive with the anti-SARS polyclonal antibody. The existence of the higher molecular weight isomer was also confirmed following re-folding of a gel-extracted 180 kDa monomer.

Following the concentration step over a 100 kDa membrane, recent studies have focused on separation of the HMW immunoreactive protein complexes by gel filtration to better define the immunoreactive products. Concentrated culture supernatant (Figure 55, lane 2) was first separated over Sephacryl S-500 (Pharmacia; Figure 55, lane 3) and both the void volume and one isolated peak further characterized by size exclusion high pressure liquid chromatography (SE-HPLC; Figure 56) over TSKSW 4000. Both samples were fractionated to discrete peaks, and harvested samples prepared for native PAGE, immunoreactivity profiling, and size determination by light scattering.

The initial S-500 gel filtration step successfully separated HMW protein complex from the lower molecular weight products (double headed arrow). Further separation of the low molecular weight proteins (B) using TSK SW4000 confirmed our ability to successfully fractionate the majority of the lower molecular weight products (fractions 12-19; Figure 57A) and enabled us to identify those protein complexes that were more immunoreactive (Figures 57B and 57C). A circa 300 kDa protein was isolated from fractions 12 and 13 that appeared to be preferentially recognized by both the polyclonal antibody raised against SARS-CoV and a monospecific polyclone (directed to a linear determinant on the C-terminus of the protein). Results are presented in a dot blot format and a Western blot of native PAGE.

Fractions 14 through 19 also appeared to be recognized with Spike protein-specific antibodies but to a lesser degree, possibly suggesting proteolytic cleavage to lower molecular weight products. Recent data supports this hypothesis through mass spectrometry and peptide sequencing of gel extracted fragments representing these lower molecular weight peaks. Samples representing fractions 12 and 13 were then re-injected, SE-HPLC performed over TSK SW4000, and molecular weight determinations made by light scattering. A molecular weight of circa 300 kDa was assigned to the protein present in fraction 12 and probably represents a dimer. Fraction 13 was determined to have 2 proteins sizing at 300 and 177 kDa, likely representing the dimeric and monomeric forms, respectively.

Similar studies were performed on concentrated culture medium fractionated using Sephacryl S-300 to characterize the HMW complex. The first of two peaks harvested was further fractionated under pressure using TSK SW4000 (Figure 58). Samples were analyzed for their immunoreactivity against SARS-CoV and Spike protein specific antibodies and molecular weight determinations were made by light scattering. Immunoblot data confirmed the immunoreactivity of the dimer as determined in the LMW fractionation study, but also confirmed the existence of a third protein complex (peak 2) that was even

more immunoreactive with the anti-SARS-CoV antibody. Molecular weight determinations by light scattering supports peak 2 ranging in size from 450 – 750 kDa. Our previous studies support the existence of a trimer. Currently we believe the majority of protein in the medium to be Spike protein with total protein concentrations of approximately 400 mg/L culture. Based on the areas under the curve and the protein concentration of the fractionated material we are currently estimating yields of 50 mg protein for each isoform per liter of culture medium.

Example 3 - Delivery of Spike Proteins using Live Virus Vectors

A live virus approach using Modified Vaccinia virus Ankara (MVA) as a vector is now described. MVA has been proven to be extremely attenuated when compared to wild-type Vaccinia virus strain (Mayr et al., *Infection* 3:6-14, 1975; Werner et al., *Arch.Virol.* 64:247-256, 1980) and was established as exceptionally safe viral vector (Moss et al., *In* S. Cohen and A. Shafferman (eds.), *Novel Strategies in the Design and Production of Vaccines*, Plenum Press, New York, 1996, p. 7-13; Stittelaar et al., *Vaccine* 19:3700-3709, 2001; Sutter et al., *Dev. Biol. Stand.* 84:195-200, 1995). The following is a description of the construction of rMVAs expressing full-length recombinant SARS spike proteins, which can be used in vaccination methods against SARS, as described above.

For generating recombinant MVA a strategy called “transient dominant selection” (TDS) (Falkner et al., *J. Virol.* 64:3108-3111, 1990) can be used. The spike gene is amplified by PCR from a source clone (ACAM 250-0013; also see SEQ ID NO:38, Figure 65) and cloned into the BamHI-EcoRI sites of the insertion vector pTK53-gpt (Falkner et al., *J. Virol.* 64:3108-3111, 1990). The resulting plasmid, pTK-53-gpt-Spike (Figure 59), contains the Spike protein gene flanked by left (TK_L) and right (TK_R) shoulders of the vaccinia thymidine kinase (TK) gene, and is controlled by a powerful late Vaccinia P11 promoter. A schematic outline of the TDS approach is shown in Figure 60. When the resulting plasmid is transfected to the cells that have been infected with MVA virus, homologous recombination occurs due to homology between virus and plasmid TK gene sequences. As a result of a single crossover event, an unstable

intermediate virus containing the whole plasmid will be generated. Because of the presence of direct repeats, a second crossover event occurs and results in the formation of either wild type or recombinant virus containing the spike gene. All three types of genomes can be packaged separately into particles and are infectious, but only virus containing the *gpt* gene can form plaques under selective conditions.

Thus, the first two rounds of plaque isolation are done in presence of mycophenolic acid, xanthine, and hypoxanthine, which only allow the growth of viruses that express *E. coli gpt* (RM 2026 #7). The next two rounds are carried out without selection, and in the final plaque assay, the isolated virus can be checked for the expression of *gpt* and *tk* by the use selective media (RM 2026 #10). All *gpt*+*tk*- viruses should contain the spike gene, and this can be confirmed by PCR.

The viruses can be grown in chick embryo fibroblast (CEF) cells (Sutter et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A 89:10847-10851, 1992) and/or baby hamster kidney (BHK) cells (Drexler et al., J. Gen. Virol. 79 (Pt 2):347-352, 1998). As an additional cell substrate for propagating MVA, a spontaneously immortalized chicken cell line, DF1, derived from 10 day old East Lansing Line (ELL-0) eggs (19) (ATCC # CRL-12203) can be used.

CEF, BHK, or DF-1 cells are infected with MVA as described in Gomez et al., Arch. Virol. 146:875-892, 2001. Briefly, 0.1 PFU/cell MVA or MVA recombinant in serum free medium can be used as infective dose. After 1 hour of virus adsorption, the inocula are removed and cells are supplemented with medium containing 2% serum and antibiotics. After 3-4 days of culture (depending on the type of cells), the cells are collected by centrifugation, washed and resuspended in medium, and sonicated; cell extracts are centrifuged at 2K/10 minutes, the supernatant collected, and the pellet resuspended in 1 mM of Na₂HPO₄, then re-extracted as described previously. Pooled supernatants are centrifuged 15K/30 minutes, the pellet resuspended by sonication in 1 mM of Na₂HPO₄, applied over 20-45 % (w/v) sucrose gradient in the same solution, and centrifuged at 15K/20 minutes. The virus band is collected, diluted in 1 mM Na₂HPO₄, and sedimented at 15K/30 minutes; the virus pellet is then resuspended in a small volume of 1 mM Na₂HPO₄ and stored in aliquots at -70°C. To titrate or plaque purify the viruses

(Falkner et al., J. Virol. 62:1849-1854, 1988). a layer of semisolid medium (incubation medium + 1 % agarose) can be added to the infected cells. After incubation for one day at 37°C. a second layer of semisolid medium with 0.2 % of neutral red can be added, and after another 8-12 hours of incubation plaques are counted or collected by aspiration into glass pasteur pipettes. Virus can be released from agar by sonication or repetitive freezing-melting rounds.

An exemplary recombination protocol is described below. Note that although the term "cotransfection" is used in Figure 61, for the sake of simplicity, virus infection actually precedes plasmid transfection by 2-3 hours (Falkner et al., J. Virol. 64:3108-3111, 1990). After 2 hours of infection with MVA, CEF or DF-1 cells can be transfected with plasmid pTK53-gpt-spike and placed in gpt⁺ selective medium MXHAT (Boyle et al., Gene 65:123-128, 1988) (Dullbeco's modified Eagle Medium, 2.5 % fetal bovine serum, 25 µg of MPA per ml, 250 µg of xanthine per ml, 15 µg of hypoxanthine per ml). After 14 to 24 hours of incubation, plaques can be detected by staining with neutral red. Ten-twenty plaques of normal size and shape can be picked and then reassayed a second time under the same selective conditions. Three more plaque purification rounds are carried out under nonselective conditions. The *gpt⁻tk⁻* phenotypes are then determined by plaque assay in the presence of MXHAT and 5-bromodeoxyuridine overlay as described by others (Chakrabarti et al., Mol. Cell Biol. 5:3403-3409, 1985; Mackett et al., J. Virol. 49:857-864, 1984). TK⁻ selection is then carried out as described previously.

As widespread smallpox vaccination is again considered (Abramson et al., Pediatrics 111:1431-1432, 2003), the prevalence of immunity to vaccinia virus could increase substantially. A possible preceding immunity to vaccinia virus could reduce its ability to serve as a vector for the delivery of recombinant genes used for other infectious diseases (Cooney et al., Lancet 337:567-572, 1991). An approach to alleviating this is by using either mucosal route (Belyakov et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A 96:4512-4517, 1999) or DNA priming before vector boosting (Yang et al., J. Virol. 77:799-803, 2003).

The mucosal administration approach is based on the fact that migration of immune T cells between the mucosal and systemic immune systems is asymmetrically

restricted in the sense that cells traffic from mucosal system to the systemic system but not *vice versa*. Thus, systemic infection with vaccinia virus does not induce CTL that migrate to mucosal immune system, and apparently the virus does not infect mucosal tissues sufficiently under these circumstances to induce immunity (Belyakov et al., J. Clin. Invest 102:2072-2081, 1998; Belyakov et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A 95:1709-1714, 1998; Belyakov et al., J. Virol. 72:8264-8272, 1998). On this basis, the mucosal system remains naïve to vaccinia virus. In contrast, mucosal infection with recombinant vaccinia virus induces not only CTL in the mucosa, but CTL that traffic out to the systemic immune system.

DNA priming has been shown to be highly effective in stimulating a primary immune response based on T-cell recognition of diverse subdominant epitopes (Barouch et al., J. Virol. 75:2462-2467, 2001). The response is presumably based on the ability of antigen-presenting cells to take up and present endogenously synthesized antigens. In the absence of proteins from viral vector, the primary immune response presumably can focus on the antigen of interest and facilitate the generation of memory T cells specific for the relevant antigen. Once these memory cells are present, viral vector proteins do not interfere with recall response, allowing a robust immune response to develop (Yang et al., J. Virol. 77:799-803, 2003).

Two rMVA constructs have been generated. rMVA-S and rMVA-N contain SARS spike (S) and nucleocapsid (N) genes, respectively. Expression cassettes carrying these target genes under the control of a late vaccinia virus promoter have been cloned into the thymidine kinase gene. Stable rMVA strains expressing both structural genes separately have been identified and the immunoreactivity of the expressed product determined by immunoblot with the polyclonal anti-SARS-CoV hyperimmune antibody (Figure 62). Both viruses have been plaque purified and amplified to a high titer. These viruses can be used, e.g., in the methods described above. As a specific example, they can be used in a prime boost strategy, in which they are administered mucosally in a priming step, which is followed by a parenteral boost with the recombinant protein. Other examples of regimens and routes that can be used are known in the art and discussed above.

All of the references cited herein are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. Other embodiments are present in the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A vaccine for inducing an immune response to a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in a patient, said vaccine comprising a spike protein or a nucleocapsid protein of said virus, or an immunogenic fragment of either of these proteins, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
2. The vaccine of claim 1, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein comprises the S1 domain of said spike protein.
3. The vaccine of claim 2, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the S2 domain of said spike protein, but not the coiled coil region of said spike protein.
4. The vaccine of claim 3, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the coiled coil region of said spike protein.
5. The vaccine of claim 4, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein is in the form of a trimer.
6. The vaccine of claim 1, further comprising an adjuvant.
7. The vaccine of claim 6, wherein said adjuvant preferentially stimulates a Th1-type immune response.
8. The vaccine of claim 7, wherein said adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of an ISCOM, Ribi, DC-Chol, QS21, and MPL.
9. The vaccine of claim 6, wherein said adjuvant is alum.

10. The vaccine of claim 1, wherein said spike protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is substantially identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

11. The vaccine of claim 1, wherein said nucleocapsid protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is substantially identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:35, or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

12. A vaccine for inducing an immune response to a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in a patient, said vaccine comprising a vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a spike protein or a nucleocapsid protein of said virus, or an immunogenic fragment of either of these proteins, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

13. The vaccine of claim 12, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein comprises the S1 domain of said spike protein.

14. The vaccine of claim 13, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the S2 domain of said spike protein, but not the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

15. The vaccine of claim 14, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

16. The vaccine of claim 12, wherein said vector is a viral vector.

17. The vaccine of claim 16, wherein said vector comprises a poxvirus or an adenovirus.

18. The vaccine of claim 17, wherein said poxvirus is a modified vaccinia akara virus.

19. A method for producing a spike protein or a nucleocapsid protein of a human coronavirus, or an immunogenic fragment thereof, said method comprising introducing into cells a vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding said protein or said fragment, under conditions in which said protein or fragment is expressed in said cells.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein comprises the S1 domain of said spike protein.

21. The method of claim 20, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the S2 domain of said spike protein, but not the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

22. The method of claim 21, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

23. The method of claim 19, wherein said cells are yeast cells, mammalian cells, insect cells, or bacterial cells.

24. The method of claim 23, wherein said yeast cells are *Pichia pastoris* cells.

25. A method of inducing an immune response to a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in a patient, said method comprising administering the vaccine of claim 1 or claim 12 to said patient.

26. A substantially pure spike protein of a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

27. The protein of claim 26, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein comprises S1 domain of said spike protein.

28. The protein of claim 27, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the S2 domain of said spike protein, but not the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

29. The protein of claim 28, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

30. The protein of claim 26, wherein said spike protein or fragment comprises a sequence that is substantially identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or a fragment thereof.

31. The protein of claim 26, wherein said spike protein or fragment comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or a fragment thereof.

32. The protein of claim 26, wherein said spike protein or fragment is in the form of a trimer.

33. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a spike protein of a human coronavirus or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

34. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 33, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein comprises the S1 domain of said spike protein.

35. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 34, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the S2 domain of said spike protein, but not the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

36. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 35, wherein said immunogenic fragment of said spike protein further comprises the coiled coil region of said spike protein.

37. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 33, wherein said nucleic acid molecule comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36.

38. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 33, wherein said nucleic acid molecule hybridizes to the complement of the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36 under highly stringent conditions.

39. A nucleic acid molecule probe comprising a sequence that hybridizes to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:36 or the complement thereof under highly stringent conditions.

40. An antibody that specifically binds to the protein or immunogenic fragment of claim 26.

41. A substantially pure nucleocapsid protein of a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS), or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

42. The protein of claim 41, wherein said spike protein or fragment comprises a sequence that is substantially identical to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or a fragment thereof.

43. The protein of claim 41, wherein said spike protein or fragment comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO:37, or a fragment thereof.

44. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a nucleocapsid protein of a human coronavirus or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

45. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 44, wherein said nucleic acid molecule comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34.

46. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 44, wherein said nucleic acid molecule hybridizes to the complement of the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34 under highly stringent conditions.

47. A nucleic acid molecule probe comprising a sequence that hybridizes to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:34 or the complement thereof under highly stringent conditions.

48. An antibody that specifically binds to the protein or immunogenic fragment of claim 41.

49. A method of preventing or treating infection by a human coronavirus that is the causative agent of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) in a patient, comprising administering to the patient the antibody of claim 40 or claim 48.

50. The method of claim 49, wherein said antibody is a polyclonal hyperimmune globulin preparation.

Figure 1**pPICZ alpha 1190 clone P5-12****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:1)****Alpha Signal Amino Acids -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike Amino Acids (14 thru 1190, does not contain first 13 amino acid leader).

sldrcctfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnvpvipfkdgivyfaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstmnnskqsuiinnstnvviracnfelednpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafctfeyisdafsladvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpidvvrldpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaqliwgtasaaayfvgy
lkpttfimlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvpsgdvvrpfnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklndlcfsnyadsfvvkgddvrqiapggtgviadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
rvvvlsfellnapatvcgpkldldiknqcvnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpfpqfgrdvsdfdsvrpktseildispcsf
ggsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvndvdstaihadqltpawriystgmnvftqtagcligaehvdtseyecdipigagica
syhtvslrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgdstecanllqygs
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qkqianqfnkaisiqesltttstalgklqdvvnqnaqalntlvkqlssnfgaissvlnidilsrldkveaevqidrlitgrlqsl
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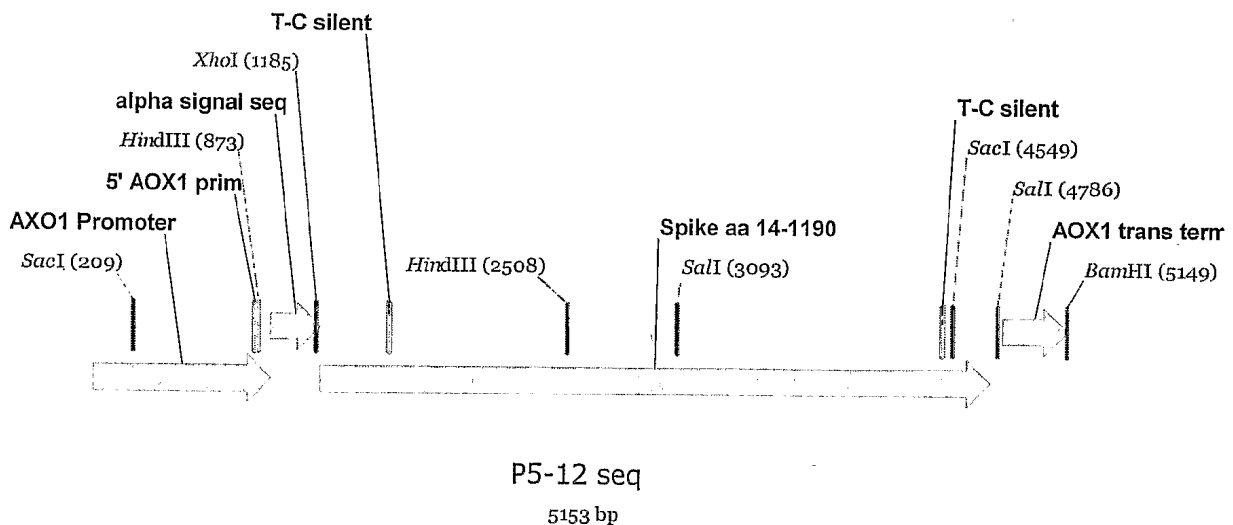
Figure 2**pPICZ alpha 1190 clone P5-12****Map of AXO1 Promoter - alpha - Spike - Term.**

Figure 3

pPICZ alpha 1190 clone P5-12 map

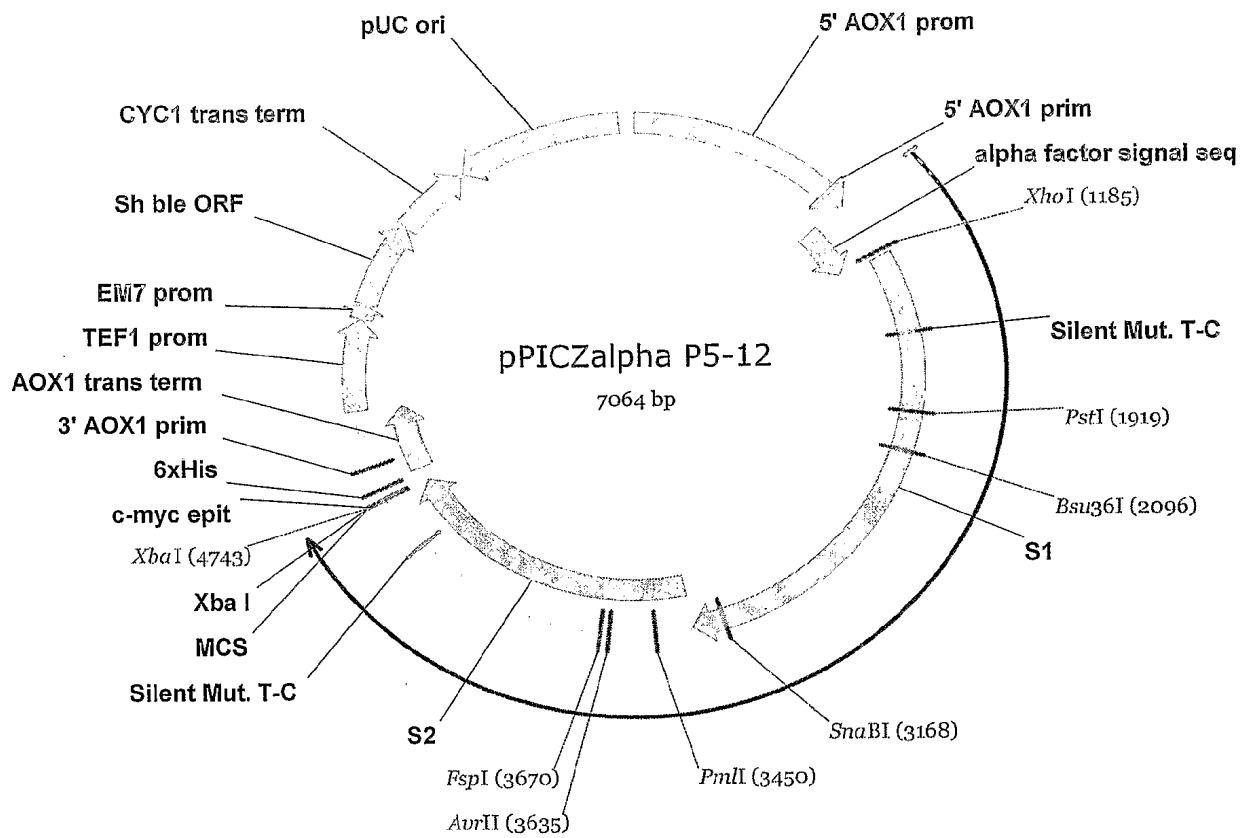


Figure 4**pPICZ alpha 1190 clone P5-12 sequence, from linear map (SEQ ID NO:2)****- AXO1 Promoter – base 1 to 940**

agatctaacaatccaaagacgaaagggtgaatgaaaccttttggcatccgacatccacaggtccattctcacacataagtgcc
 aaacgcaacaggaggggatacactagcagcagaccgttgcaaacgcaggacctccactcctctctcctcaacacccact
 ttggcatcgaaaaaccagcccagttattgggcttgattggagctcgtcattccaattccttctattaggctactaacaccatg
 actttattagcctgtctatcctggccccctggcgagggttcattgtttgtttattccgaatgcaacaagctccgcattacacccga
 acatcactccagatgagggctttctgagtgtgggtcaaatagttcatgttccccaaatggcccaaaactgacagtttaaac
 gctgtcttggaacctaatatgacaaaagcgtgatctcatcaagatgaactaagtttggttcgttgaaatgctaaccggccagtt
 ggtcaaaaagaacatccaaaagtcggcataccgtttgtctgtttggtattgattgacgaatgctcaaaaataatctcattaatg
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 cataattgcgactgggtccaattgacaagcttttgatttaacgactttaacgacaacttgagaagatcaaaaaacaactaatta
 tcgaaacg

- alpha Signal Sequence – base 941 to 1207

atgagatttcctcaatttttactgctgttttattcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcaaacactacaacagaagatga
 aacggcacaaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggttactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgcattttccaac
 agcacaataacgggttattgtttataaatactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaagggtatctctcgagaaaag
 agaggctgaagct

- Spike 1190 – base 1208 to 4741

agtgaccttgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggtttact
 atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatttaactcaggatttttcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggtttcatactatt
 aatcatacgttttgcaacccctgtcataccttttaaggatgggtattttgttgcacagagaaatcaaatgttgctccgtggttg
 gggttttggttctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtgattattattaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagacatgtaacttt
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 tatttttaagttgcctcttggtatttaacattacaatttttagagccattcttacagcctttcacctgctcaagacatttggggcacg
 tcagctgcagcctattttgttggtatttaagccaactacatttatgtcgaagtatgatgaaaatggtacaatcacagatgctgt
 tgattgttctcaaaatccacttgcgaactcaaatgctctgttaagagctttgagattgacaaaggaatttaccagacctctaattt
 cagggttggtccctcaggagatgttgtagattccctaataattacaacactgtgtccttttggagagggttttaattgctactaaatt
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 ttaagtgtctatggcggtttctgccactaagttgaatgatctttgcttctcaatgtctatgcagattctttttagtcaaggagatg
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 gcttggaaactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
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 aatgattatggttttacaccactactggcattggtaccaacottacagagttgtagtactttctttgaaacttttaaatgcaccgg
 ccacgggttgggacaaaattatccactgaccttattaagaaccagtgtgtcaattttaatttaaggactcactgggtactggt
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 taggtgctgatagttcaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaacttttcaattagcattactacagaagtaatgc
 ctgtttctatggctaaaacctccgtagattgtaatatgtatatctgcggagattctactgaatgtgctaatttgccttccaatatgg
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tcaacaaatgtacaaaacccaactttgaaatattttggtggttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaacta
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gctgcctacactgctgctctagtttagtggtactgccactgctggatggacatttggctggcgtgctcttcaaatacctttg
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aaaaagaaattgaccgcctcaatgaggtcgctaaaaatttaaatgaatcactcattgaccttcaagaattgggaaaatatgag
caataa

- MCS/Xba I/c-myc epit/6xHis/3'AOX1 prim – base 4742 to 4811

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgctcgacctcatcatcatcattga

- AOX1 Transcription Terminator - base 4812 to 5153

gtttgtagccttagacatgactgttcctcagtcaagtgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagagg
atgtcagaatgccatttgctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgtaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcat
ttgtttcttctgtacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgagctgatgaatatcttggttaggggttgggaaaatcattc
gagtttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtcggtatcc

Figure 5**pPICZ alpha 709 clone P1-2****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:3)****Alpha Signal Amino Acids -**

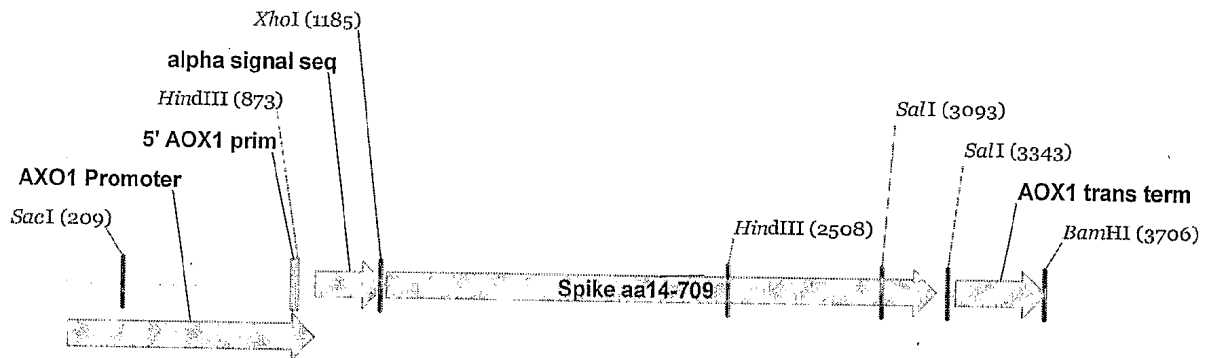
mrfpsiftavlf aassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfintti asiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike Amino Acids (14 thru 709, does not contain first 13 amino acid leader).

sdldrc ttfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnpvipfk dgiyfaateks
nvvr gvwvfgstmmnksqsviinnstnvviracnfelednpffavskp mgtqthtmifdnafctfeyisdafsl dvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqp idvvrldpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspa qdiwgt saaayfvgy
lkpttfm lkydengt itdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvp sgdvvr fpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfp sv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatk lndlcfsnv yadsfvvkgddvrqi apgqtgvi adynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpferdisnvpfspd gkpctppaln cywplndygyf tttgigyqpy
rvvvl sfellnapatvcgpk lstdliknqcvnfnfn gltgtgvltpsskrfqp fqfgrdv sdftdsvr dpktseil disp csf
ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdv nctdvstai hadqltpawriystgnnv fqtqagcligaehv dtsyecdipigagica
syhtvslrstsqksivaytmslgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevm*

pPICZ alpha 709 clone P1-2

Linear Map

Figure 6

P1-2 709

3710 bp

Figure 7**pPICZ alpha 709 clone P1-2****Sequence, from linear map (SEQ ID NO:4)****- AXO1 Promoter – base 1 to 940**

agatctaacaatccaaagacgaaagggtgaatgaaaccttttggccatccgacatccacagggtccattctcacacataagtgcc
aaacgcaacaggagggggatacactagcagcagaccgttgcaaacgcaggacctccactcctctctcctcaacaccact
tttgccatcgaaaaaccagcccagttattgggcttgattggagctcgctcattccaattcctctattaggctactaacaccatg
actttattagcctgtctatcctggccccctggcgagggtcatgtttgtttattccgaatgcaacaagctccgcattacaccga
acatcactccagatgagggtcttctgagtggtgggtcaaatagttcatgttccccaaatggcccaaaactgacagttaaac
gctgtcttggaacctaatatgacaaaagcgtgatctcatcaagatgaactaagtttggttcgttgaaatgtaacggccagtt
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cataattgcgactgggtccaattgacaagctttgatttaacgactttaacgacaactgagaagatcaaaaaacaactaatta
ttcgaaacg

- alpha Signal Sequence – base 941 to 1207

atgagatttccttcaatttttactgctgttttattcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccgggtgaagctgtcatcggttactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataaacgggttattgtttataataactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike – base 1208 to 3298

agtgaccttgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatttaactcaggatttatttctccattttatttctaattgttacagggttctatactatt
aatcatacgttttgcaacccctgtcataccttttaaggatggtattttttgtgcccacagagaaatcaaatgttgccgtggttg
ggttttggttctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcggtgattattattaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagagcatgtaacttt
gaattgtgcgacaacccctttcttctgtgttttaaacccatgggtacacagacacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
actttcgagtacatatctgatgccttttcgcttgatgtttcagaaaagtcaggtaattttaaacacttacgagagtttgggtttaaaa
ataaagatgggtttctctatgtttataagggtatcaacctatagatgtagttcgtgatctaccttctggttttaaacactttgaaacc
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gcttggaatactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
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aatgattatggtttttacaccactactggcattggctaccaaccttacagagttgtagtactttctttgaacttttaaatgcaccgg
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taggtgctgatagttcaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaacttttaattagcattactataa

- MCS/Xba I/c-myc epit/6xHis/3'AOX1 prim – base 3299 to 3368
tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgtcgaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

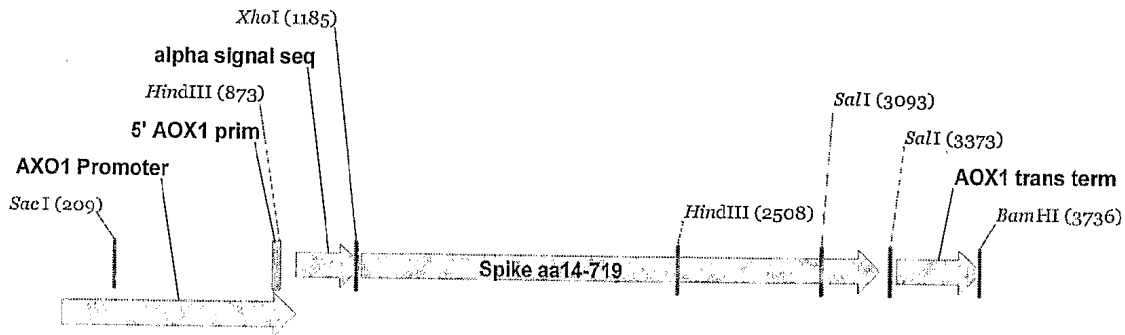
- AOX1 Transcription Terminator – base 3369 to 3710
gtttgtagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagagg
atgtcagaatgccattgcctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgtaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcat
ttgtttctctcgtacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttggtagggggttgggaaaatcattc
gagtttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtcggtatcc

Figure 8**pPICZ alpha 719 clone P1-2****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:5)****Alpha Signal Amino Acids -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaca

- Spike Amino Acids (14 thru 719, does not contain first 13 amino acid leader).

sdldrcrtfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnpvipfkdgidyfaateks
uvvrgwvfgstmnnskqsviinnstnvviracnfelcdnpffavskpmgtqthtmifdnafctfeyisdafslvdse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaqliwgtstaaayfvgy
lkpttfmkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpdgdvvrpntnlcpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnlcfnsnyadsfvvkgddvrqiapgggtgviadynyklpdddf
mgecvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
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syhtvslrrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvd*

Figure 9**pPICZ alpha 719 clone P1-2****Linear Map****P1-2 719 linear map**

3740 bp

Figure 10**pPICZ alpha 719 clone P1-2****Sequence, from linear map (SEQ ID NO:6)****- AXO1 Promoter – base 1 to 940**

agatctaacaatccaaagacgaaagggttgaaacaccttttggccatccgacatccacaggtccattctcacacataagtgc
aaacgcaacaggagggggatacactagcagcagaccgttgcaaacgcaggacctccactcctctctcctcaacacccact
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ttctaaccctacttgacagcaatatataaacagaaggaagctgccctgtcttaaacctttttttatcatcattattagcttactt
cataattgcgactggttccaattgacaagcttttgatttaacgacttttaacgacaacttgagaagatcaaaaaacaactaatta
tcgaaacg

- alpha Signal Sequence – base 941 to 1207

atgagatttcctcaatttttactgctgttttattcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggtactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgcattttccaac
agcacaataacgggttattgtttataaatactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgaaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike – base 1208 to 3328

agtgcacttgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatctaactcaggatttattcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatatcgtttggcaaccctgtcatatccttttaaggatgggtatttttctgctccacagagaaatcaaatgttgccgtgggtg
gggttttgggttaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtgattattttaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagagcatgtaacttt
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taggtgctgatagttcaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaacttttaattagcattactacagaagtaatgc
ctgttctatggctaaaacctccgtagattaa

- MCS/Xba I/c-myc epit/6xHis/3'AOX1 prim – base 3329 to 3398

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgtcgaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

- AOX1 Transcription Terminator – base 3399 to 3740

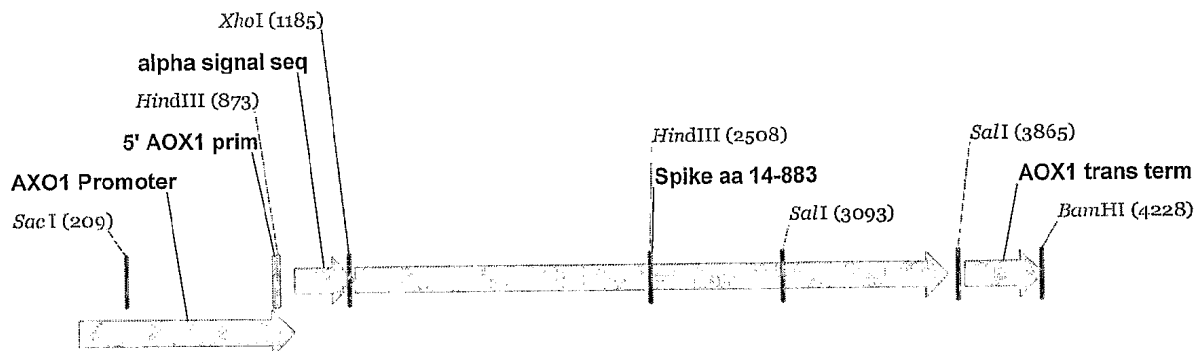
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gagtttgatgttttcttggtatttcccactcctctcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgttgtgcggatcc

Figure 11**pPICZ alpha 883 clone P3-10****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:7)****Alpha Signal Amino Acids -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike Amino Acids (14 thru 883, does not contain first 13 amino acid leader).

sdldrccttfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnvpvipfkdgifaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstmnnskqsqviiinnstnvviracnfelcdnpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfhkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaadiwgtsaaayfvgy
lkpttfmkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatkndlcfsnvyadsfvvkgddvrqiapgqgtgyiadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygfyttgigyqpy
rvvlsfellnapatvcgpkltldliknqcnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpqqfgrdvsdfdsvrpdktseildispcsf
ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvtstaihadqltpawriystgnnvftqagcligaehvdtseyecdipigagica
syhtvslrstsqksivaytnslgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgdstecanllqygs
fctqlnralsgiaaeqdnrtrevfaqvkqmyktpitkyfggfnsqilpdplkptkrsfiedllfnkvtladagfinkqyge
clgdinardlicaqkfngltvlpplltddmiaaytaalvsgtatagwtfgagaalqipfamq*

Figure 12**pPICZ alpha 883 clone P3-10****Linear Map****P3-10 883**

4232 bp

Figure 13**pPICZ alpha 883 clone P3-10****Sequence, from linear map (SEQ ID NO:8)****- AXO1 Promoter – base 1 to 940**

agatctaacaatccaaagacgaaagggtgaatgaaaccttttggccatccgacatccacagggtccattctcacacataagtgcc
aaacggcaacaggagggggatacactagcagcagaccgttgcaaacgcaggacctccactcctctctcctaacacccact
tttgccatcgaaaaaccagcccagttattgggcttgattggagctcgtcattccaattcctctattaggctactaacaccatg
actttattagcctgtctatctctggccccctggcgagggtcatgtttgtttattccgaatgcaacaagctccgcattacacccga
acatcactccagatgagggtcttctgagtggtgggtcaaatagttcatgttcccaaatggcccaaaactgacagtttaaac
gctgtcttggaacctaatatgacaaaagcgtgatctcatccaagatgaactaagtttggttcgttgaaatgctaacggccagtt
gggtcaaaaagaaacttccaaaagtcggcataccgtttgtctgtttgttattgattgacgaatgctcaaaaataatctcattaatg
cttagcgcagctctctatctgcttgaaccccgggtgcacctgtgcccgaacgcaaatggggaaacacccgcttttggatg
attatgcattgtctccacattgtatgcttccaagattctgggtgggaatactgctgatagcctaacgttcattgatcaaaatttaactg
ttctaaccctacttgacagcaatatataaacagaagggaagctgccctgtcttaaacctttttttatcatcattattagcttacttt
cataattgcgactgggtccaattgacaagcttttgatttaacgactttaacgacaacttgagaagatcaaaaaacaactaatta
ttcgaaacg

- alpha Signal Sequence – base 941 to 1207

atgagatttcctcaatttttactgctgtttatttcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcaaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcggttactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataacgggttattgtttataataactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike – base 1208 to 3820

agtgcacctgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatttaactcaggatttatttctccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatatggttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatggtattttttgtgccacagagaaatcaaatgttgccgtggtg
ggtttttggtctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtattattttaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagcatgtaacttt
gaattgtgcgacaaccccttttctgtgtttctaaacccatgggtacacagacacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
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ataaagatgggtttctctatgtttataagggtatcaacctatagatgtagttcgtgatctaccttctggttttaacactttgaacc
tatttttaagttgcctcttggtatttaacattacaaatttttagagccattcttacagccttttcacctgtcaagacatttggggcacg
tcagctgcagcctattttgttggtatttaagccaactacatttatgctcaagatgatgaaatgggtacaatcacagatgctgt
tgattgttctcaaaatccacttgcgaactcaaatgctctgttaagagctttgagattgacaaaggaatttaccagacctctaattt
cagggtgttccctcaggagatgttggtgagattccctaattataaaactgtgtccttttgagaggttttaattgctactaaatt
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gcttggaaatactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataaggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
cctttgagagagacatatctaattgtgccttttccccctgatggcaaccttgcaccccacctgctcttaattgttattggccatta
aatgattatggtttttacaccactactggcattggctaccaaccttacagagttgtagtactttcttttgaacttttaaatgcaccgg
ccacgggtttgtggacaaaattatccactgaccttattaagaaccagtggtgtcaattttaatttaattgactcactgggtactggt
gtgttaactccttctcaagagatttcaaccatttcaacaatttggccgtgatgtttctgatttcaactgattccgttcgagatccta
aaacatctgaaatattagacatttcaacttgccttttgggggtgtaagtgttaattacacctggaacaaatgcttcatctgaagtt
gctgttctatatcaagatgttaactgcactgatgtttctacagcaattcatgcagatcaactcacaccagcttggcgcataattc
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gtagcttttgcacacaactaaatcgtgcactctcaggtattgctgctgaacaggatcgcaacacacgtgaagtgttcgctcaa
gtcaaacaaatgtacaaaaccccaactttgaaatattttgggtggttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaact
aagaggtcttttattgaggacttgctctttaataaggtgacactcgtgatgctggcttcatgaagcaatatggcgaatgccta
ggtgatattaatgctagagatctcatttgtgcgcagaagttcaatggacttacagtgttgccacctctgctcactgatgatatga
ttgctgcctacactgctgctctagttagtggtactgccactgctggatggacatttgggtgctggcgctgctcttcaaataccttt
gctatgaataa

- MCS/Xba I/c-myc epit/6xHis/3'AOX1 prim – base 3821 to 3890

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgtcgacctcatcatcatcatcattga

- AOX1 Transcription Terminator – base 3891 to 4232

gtttgtagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagagg
atgtcagaatgccatttgcctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgtaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcat
ttgtttctctcgtacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttggtagggggttgggaaaatcattc
gagttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtgcggatcc

Figure 14**pPICZ alpha 883m clone P3-10****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:9)****Alpha Signal Amino Acids -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike Amino Acids (14 thru 883, does not contain first 13 amino acid leader).

sdldrtctfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhnthtfgnpvipfkldgiyfaateks
nvvrwvfgstmnksqsviinnstnviracnfcldnpffavskpmgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpdivrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafsaadiwgtsaaayfvgy
lkpttfmlkydengtitdavdcsqnpaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklndlcfsnvysdfvvgddvrqiapgqgtviadynyklpddf
mgevlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygyfytgtgigyqpy
rvvvlsfellnapatvcgpklstldiknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpqqfgrdvdsdftsvrdpktseildispcsf
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yhtvslrrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysnttiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgdstecanlllyqgsf
ctqlnralsgiaaeqdmrtrevfaqvkmykptlkyfggfnsqilpdplkptkrsfiedllfnkvtladagfinkqygec
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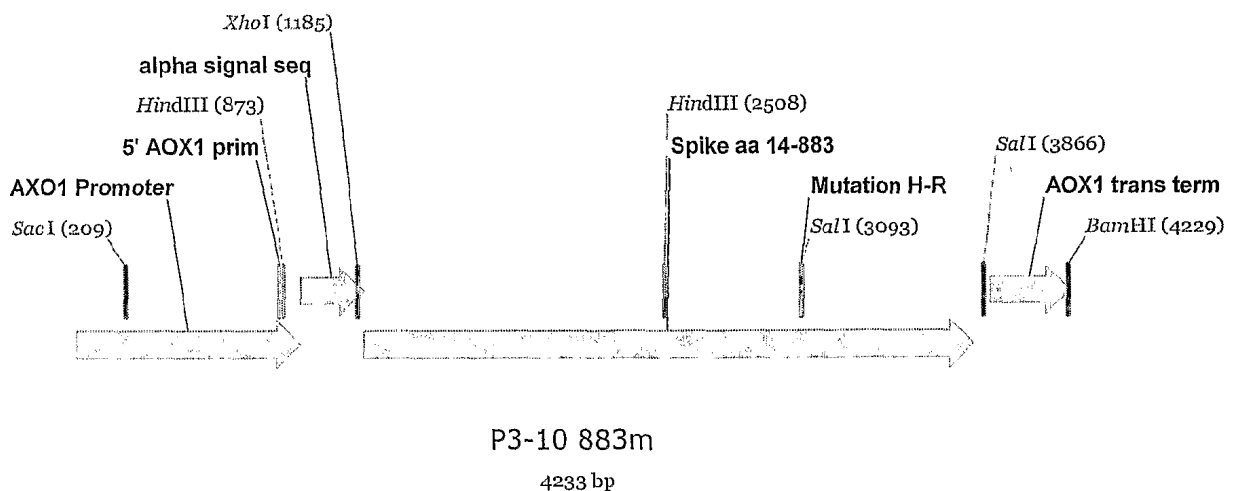
Figure 15**pPICZ alpha 883m clone P3-10****Linear Map**

Figure 16**pPICZ alpha 883m clone P3-10****Sequence, from linear map (SEQ ID NO:10)****- AXO1 Promoter – base 1 to 940**

agatctaacaatccaaagacgaaagggtgaatgaaaccttttgccatccgacatccacaggtccattctcacacataagtgc
aaacgcaacaggagggggatacactagcagcagaccgttgcaaacgcaggacctccactcctctctcacaacacccact
tttgccatcgaaaaaccagcccagttattgggcttgattggagctcgctcattccaattcctctattaggctactaacaccatg
actttattagcctgtctatcctggccccctggcgagggttcattgtttgttttccgaatgcaacaagctccgcattacaccga
acatcactccagatgagggtttctgagtggtgggtcaaatagtttcattgtccccaatggcccaaaactgacagtttaaac
gctgtcttggaacctaatatgacaaaagcgtgatctcatccaagatgaactaagtttggttcgttgaaatgtaacggccagtt
ggtcaaaaagaaacttccaaaagtcggcataccgtttgtctgtttgttattgattgacgaatgctcaaaaataatctcattaatg
cttagcgcagctctctatcgtttgaacccgggtgcacctgtgccgaaacgcaaatggggaaacaccgcttttggtatg
attatgcattgtctccacattgtatgcttccaagattctggtgggaatactgctgatagcctaacgttcattgatcaaaatttaactg
tttaacccctacttgacagcaatataaaacagaaggaagctgccctgtcttaaaccttttttatcatcattattagcttacttt
cataattgcgactggttccaattgacaagcttttgatttaacgactttaacgacaacttgagaagatcaaaaaacaactaatta
ttcgaaacg

- alpha Signal Sequence – base 941 to 1207

atgagatttccctcaatttttactgctgtttattcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggttactcagatttagaagggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataaacgggttattgtttataaataactactattgccagcattgctgctaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike – base 1208 to 3820

agtgcacttgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacacitctttttaactcaggatttatttcttccattttattctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatggtatttttctgctccacagagaaatcaaatgttgctccgtggttg
ggtttttggttctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcggtgattattttaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagcatgtaacttt
gaattgtgcgacaaccctttcttctgtgttctaaacccatgggtacacagacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
actttcgagtacatatctgatgccttttcgttgatgtttcagaaaagtcaggtaattttaaacacttacgagagtttgtgttataaa
ataaagatgggtttctctatgtttataagggtatcaacctatagatgtagttcgtgatctacctctggttttaaacactttgaacc
tattttaagttgcctcttggtattaacattacaatttttagagccattcttacagcctttcacctgctcaagacatttggggcacg
tcagctgcagcctattttgttggtatttaagccaactacatttatgtcgaagtatgatgaaatggtacaatcacagatgctgt
tgattgttctcaaaatccactgtgtaactcaaatgctctgttaagagccttgagattgacaaggaatttaccagaccttaatt
cagggttggtccctcaggagatgtgtgagattccctaattatacaaaactgtgtccttttgagaggttttaattgctactaaatt
cccttctgtctatgcatgggagagaaaaaaatttctaattgtgtgtgattactctgtgctctacaactcaacattttttcaacc
tttaagtgtatggcgcttctgccactaagtgaatgatctttgcttctccaatgtctatgcagattctttgtagtcaaggagatg
atgtaagacaaatagcgccaggacaaactggtgttattgctgattataattataaattgccagatatttcattggttggtgtcctt
gcttggataactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaattataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
cctttgagagagacatatctaattgtgcctttctccctgatggcaaaccttgcccccactgctcctaattgttatttgccatta
aatgattatggttttacaccactactggcattggtaccacacttacagagttgtagtactttctttgaacttttaattgcaccgg
ccacgggttggtggacaaaattatccactgaccttattaagaaccagtggtcaattttaatttaattgactcactggtactggt
gtgttaactccttctcaaaagagattcaaccatttcaacaatttgccgtgatgtttctgatttactgattccgttcgagatccta
aaacatctgaaatatttagacatttcacttgccttttgggggtgtaagtgttaattacacctggaacaaatgcttcatctgaagtt
gctgttctatatcaagatgttaactgcactgatgtttctacagcaattcatgcagatcaactcacaccagcttgccgcatatattc
tactggaaacaatgtattccagactcaagcaggctgtcttataggagctgagcgtgtcgacacttcttatgagtgcgacattcc
tattggagctggcatttgctgattaccatacagtttcttattacgtagtactagccaaaaatctattgtggcttatactatgtctt
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gtagctttgacacaaactaaatcgtgcactctcaggattgctgctgaacaggatcgcaacacacgtgaagtgttcgctcaa
gtcaaacaatgtacaaaacccaactttgaaatattttggtggttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaact
aagaggcttttattgaggactgctctttaataagggtgacactcgtgatgctggcttcataagcaatatggcgaatgccta
ggatgataatgctagagatctcattgtgcgcagaagtcaatggacttacagtgttgccacctctgctcactgatgatatga
ttgctgcctacactgctgctctagttagtgtactgccactgctggatggacatttggtgctggcgctgctctcaataaccttt
gctatgcaataa

- MCS/Xba I/c-myc epit/6xHis/3'AOX1 prim – base 3821 to 3890
tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaaggatctgaatagcgccgctcgacctcatcatcatcatcattga

- AOX1 Transcription Terminator – base 3891 to 4232
gtttgtagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagagg
atgtcagaatgccatttgctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgtaacctatagtaggattttttgtcat
tttgtttctctctacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgagctgatgaatatcttgtaggggttgggaaaatcattc
gagtttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtcgcatcc

Figure 17

pGAPZ alpha 1190 clone G5-14 map

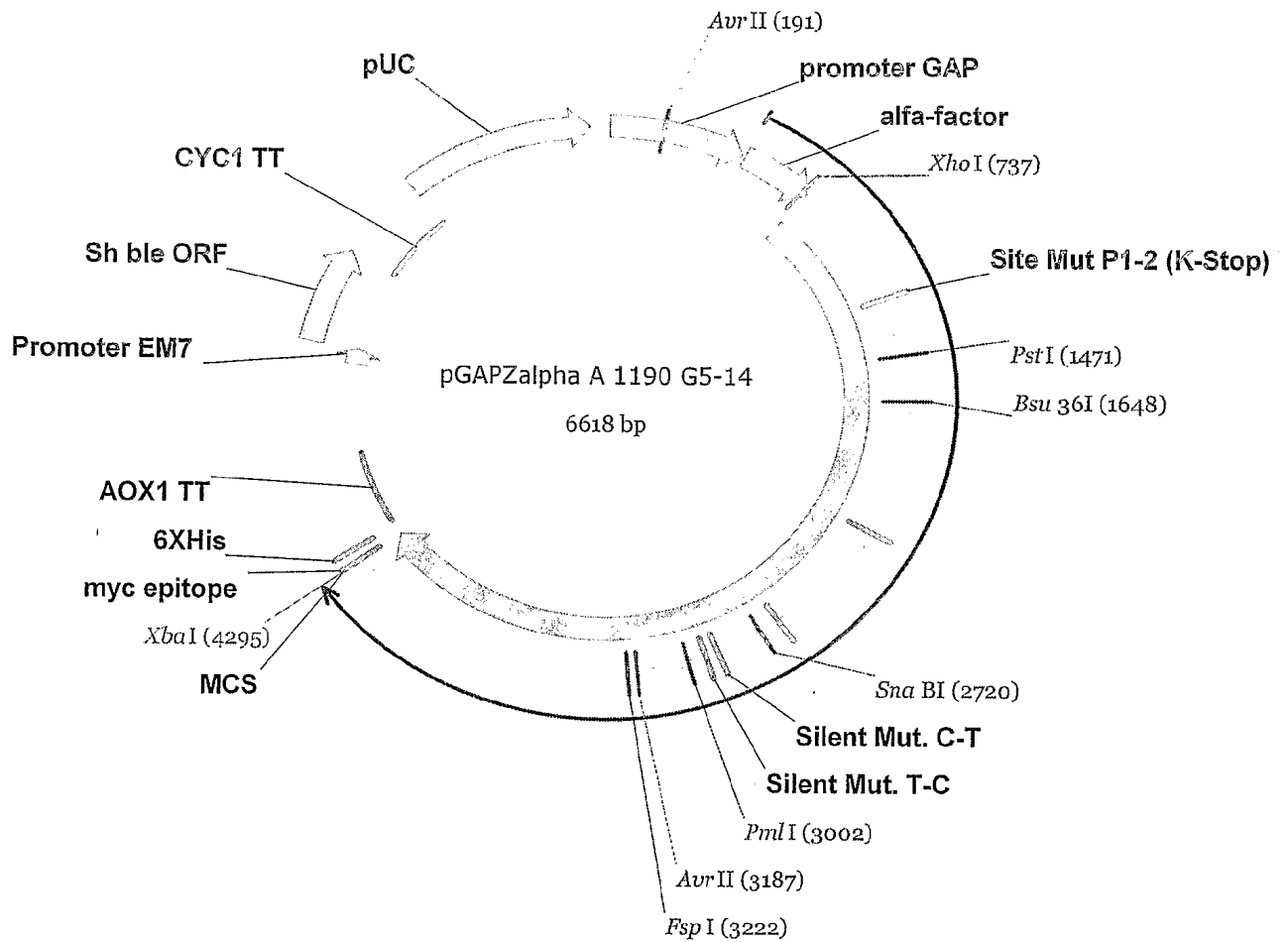


Figure 18**PGAPZ alpha 1190 clone G5-14****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:11)****Alpha Signal Sequence -**

mrfpsiftavlfaassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike amino acids 14 to 1190, does not include the first 13 amino acid leader

sdldrccttfddvqapnyqtqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhntfngnpvipfkdgidyfaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstmnnksqsviinnstnvviracnfelcdnpffavskpmtgtqthtnifdnafnctfeyisdafsladvse
ksgnflkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaquiwtgsaaayfvgy
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yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklndlcfsnvysdfvkgddvrqiapqgtgviadynyklpdddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygfytttgi gyqpy
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gkayfpregvfvfngtswfitqrnffspqiittdntfvsgncdvvgiinntvydplqpeldsfkeeldkyfknhtspdv
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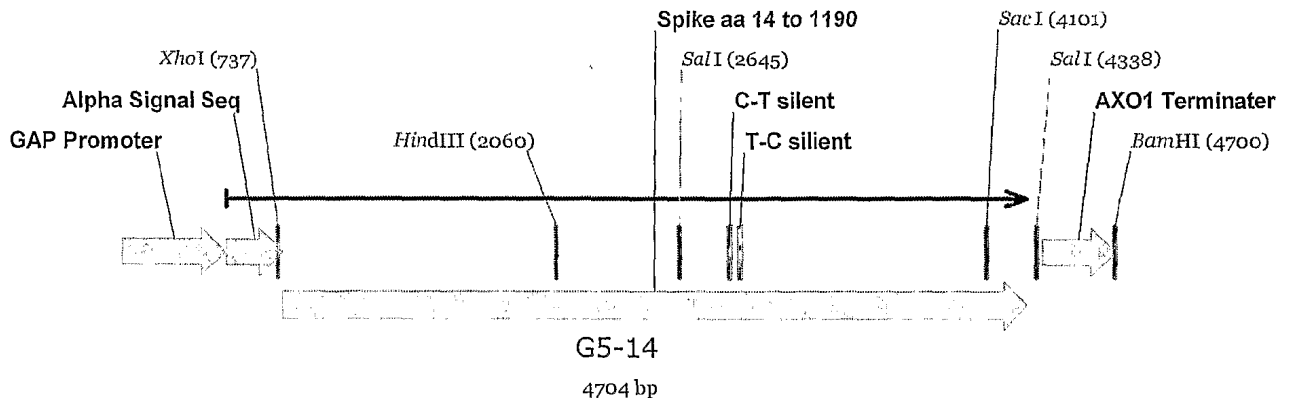
Figure 19**PGAPZ alpha 1190 clone G5-14****Linear Map**

Figure 20

PGAPZ alpha 1190 Clone G5-14
Sequence (SEQ ID NO:12)

GAP Pomoter – base 1 to 483

agatctttttgtagaaatgtcttggtgtcctcgtccaatcaggtagccatctctgaaatatctggctccgttgcaactccgaacg
acctgctggcaacgtaaaattctccgggtaaaactfaaatgtggagtaatggaaccagaaacgtctcttccctctctctct
tccaccgcccgttaccgtccctaggaattttactctgctggagagcttctctacggccccccttcagcaatgcttctccag
cattacgttgccgggtaaaacggaggtcgtgtacccgacctagcagcccagggtatggaaaagccccggccgtcgtggca
ataatagcggggcgacgcatgtcatgagattattggaaccaccagaatcgaatataaaaggcgaacaccttcccaattt
gtttctctgacccaaagactttaatttaatttattgtcctatttcaatcaattgaacaactat

-Spacer - base 484 to 492

ttcgaaacg

- Alpha Signal Sequence – base 493 to 759

atgagatttccctcaattttactgctgtttattcgcagcatcctccgcattagctgctccagtcaactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggtactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgcattttccaac
agcacaataacgggtattgtttataaatactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggtgaagct

- Spike aa 14 to 1190 – base 760 to 4293

agtaccttgaccggtgcaccactttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttttaactcaggatttatttctccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatgggtatttatttctgctccacagagaaatcaaatgtgtccgtgggtg
ggtttttgggtctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtgattattttaacaattctactaatgtgtgtatcacgagcatgtaacttt
gaattgtgtgacaaccctttcttctgtgtttctaaacctatgggtacacagacacatactatgataatgcataatgcaatttgc
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atgtaagacaaatagcgcaggacaaaciggtgttattgctgattataattataaattgccagatgatttcattgggtgtgtcctt
gcttggaaactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaatataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
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gtgatattaatgctagagatctcatttgtgcgcagaagtcaatggacttacagtgttggcacctctgctcactgatgatatgatt
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ctatgcaaatggcatataggttcaatggcattggagttacccaaaatgttctctatgagaacaaaaacaaatgccaaacaa
ttaacaaggcgattagtcaaattcaagaatcacttacaacaacatcaactgcatgggcaagctgcaagacgttgtaacca
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caataa

- MCS... base 4294 to 4363

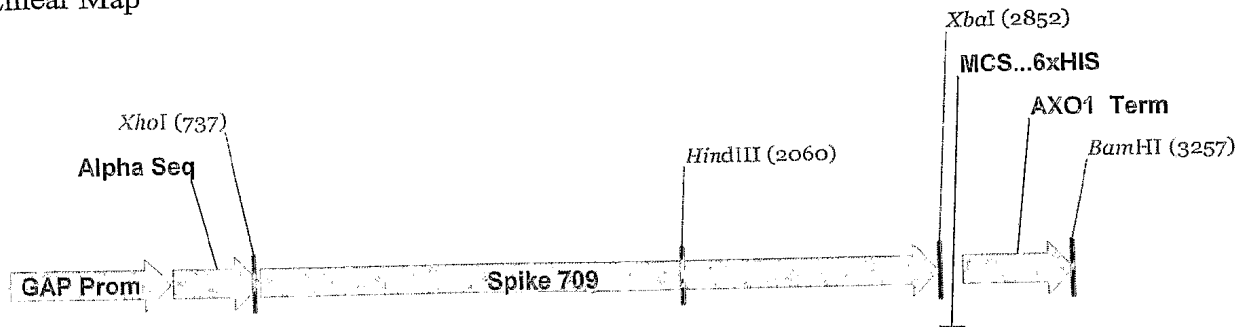
tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgtcgaccatcatcatcatcattga

- AXO1 Terminator base 4364 to 4704

gttttagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccgggtctttagtagattctaataagaggat
gtcagaatgccatttgcctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcatttt
gttcttctcgtacgagcttgcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttggtaggggttgggaaaatcattcga
gtttgatgttttcttggatttcccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagttagaccttcgttgtgcggatcc

Figure 21

pGAPZ alpha 709 clone G1-8
Linear Map



709 G1-8 linear map

3261 bp

Figure 22

PGAPZ alpha 709 Clone G1-8
Sequence (SEQ ID NO:13)

GAP Pomoter – base 1 to 483

agatcttttttagaaatgtcttggtgtcctcgtccaatcaggtagccatctctgaaatatctggctccgttgcaactccgaacg
acctgctggcaacgtaaaattctccgggtaaaacttaaatgtggagtaatggaaccagaaacgtctcttcccttctctctct
tccaccgcccgttaccgtccctaggaattttactctgtctggagagcttcttctacggcccccttgacgaatgctcttcccag
cattacgttgcgggtaaaacggaggtcgtgtaccgacctagcagcccaggatggaaaagtcggcgctcgtgcca
ataatagcgggcggacgcatgtcatgagattattgaaaccaccagaatcgaatataaaaggcgaacaccttcccaattt
ggtttctcctgacccaaagactttaatttaatttattgtccctatttcaatcaattgaacaactat

-Spacer - base 484 to 492

ttcgaaacg

- Alpha Signal Sequence – base 493 to 759

atgagatttccttcaattttactgtgtttatcgcagcatctccgcattagctgctccagtcaaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggtactcagattagaagggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataacgggttattgtttataaatactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaagggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike – base 760 to 2847

agtgccttgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatttaactcaggatttatttcttccattttattctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatactgttggcaaccctgtcataaccttttaaggatggtattattttgtgccacagagaaatcaaatgttgctccgtggttg
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gaattgtgtgacaacctttcttctgtgtttctaaacctatgggtacacagacacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
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cccttctgtctatgcatgggagagaaaaaaatttctaattgtgttgctgattactctgtgctctacaactcaacattttttcaacc
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 tattggagctggcatttgtgctagtaccatacagtttcttattacgtagtactagccaaaaatctattgtggcttatactatgtctt
 taggtgctgatagttaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaactttcaattagcattactacagaagtaatgta
 a

- MCS...6xHIS base 2848 to 2920

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcggctcgaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

- AXO1 Terminator base 2921 to 3261

gttttagccttagacatgactgttctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggcttctgctagattctaataagaggat
 gtcagaatgccatttgcctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttattgtaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcatttt
 gtttctctctgacgagcttgcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttggtaggggttgggaaaatcattcga
 gtttgatgttttcttggatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtgcggatcc

Figure 23

PGAPZ alpha 709 clone G1-8

Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:14)

Alpha Signal Sequence -

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigydslegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfnttiasiaakeegvslek
 reaea

- Spike amino acids 14 to 709, does not include the first 13 amino acid leader

sdldrcctfddvqapnyqtstssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhntinhtfgnvpvipfkdgifyfaateks
 nvvrgwvfgstmnknksqsviinnstnvviracnfelcdnpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
 ksgnfhkhlrefvfkknkgflyvykyqpidvvrldpsgftlkipfklplginitnfrailtafspaqdiwgtsaaayfvgy
 lkpttfnlkydengtitdavdcsqnpaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpv
 yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnldcfsnvysdfvvgddvrqiapqgtgviadynyklpddf
 mgcvlawntnidatstgnynykyrylrhglrpfedisnvpfpdglpctppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
 rvvvisfellnapatvcgpkldliknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfpqpfqfgrdvsdftdsvrpdktseldispcsf
 ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstailhadqltpawriystgnnvfqtagcligaehvdtstyecdipigagica
 syhtvsllrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysntiaipntfsisittevm*

Figure 24**PGAPZ alpha 719 clone G1-8****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:15)****Alpha Signal Sequence -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- **Spike amino acids 14 to 719, does not include the first 13 amino acid leader**

sdldrecttddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnpvipfkdgifyaateks
nvvrwgwvfgstmnnsqsviinnstnviracnfelcdnpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkknkgflyvykyqpidvvrldpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaqliwgtasaaayfvgy
lkpttfmkydengtitdavdcsqnpaelkcsvksfeidkgyiqtsnfrvvpvgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklndlcfsnvadsfvvkgddvrqiapgqgtgviadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnidatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpcppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
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ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstaihadtqtpawriystgnnvftqagcligaehvdtseyecdipigagica
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Figure 25

pGAPZ alpha 719 clone G1-8

Linear Map

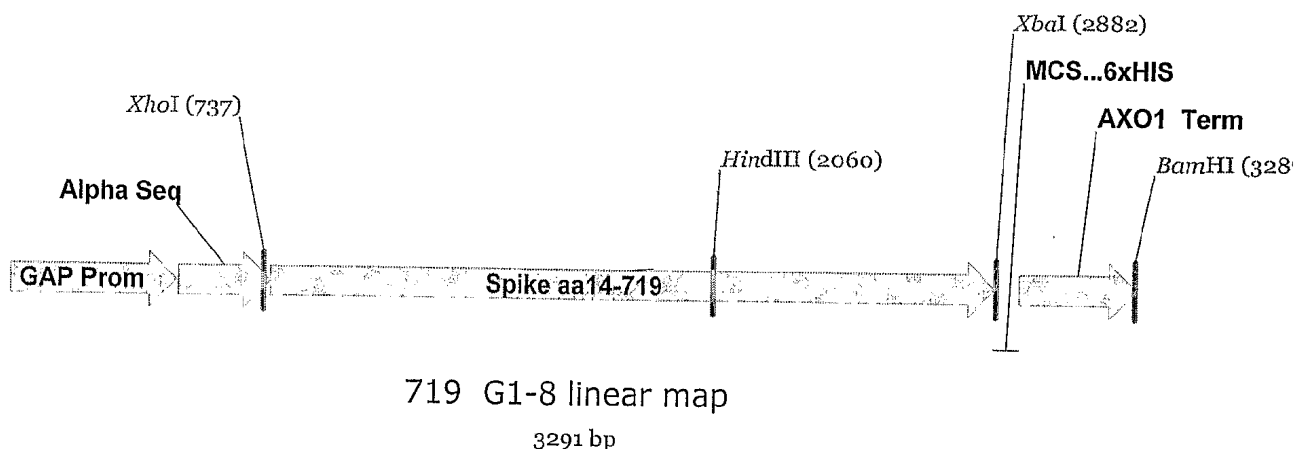


Figure 26

**PGAPZ alpha 719 Clone G1-8
Sequence (SEQ ID NO:16)**

GAP Pomoter – base 1 to 483

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ataatagcggggggacgcgtcatgagattattggaaccaccagaatcgaatataaaaggcgaacaccttcccaatttt
gtttctctgacccaaagactttaatttaattttttgtccctatttcaatcaatgaacaactat

-Spacer - base 484 to 492

ttcgaaacg

- Alpha Signal Sequence – base 493 to 759

atgagatttccttcaatttttactgctgtttattcgcagcatcctccgcattagctgctccagtcaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcgggtactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataacgggtattgtttataaataactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggtgaagct

- Spike – base 760 to 2877

agtgccttgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttttaactcaggatttatttcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaacctgtcataccttttaaggatggtatttttctgctccacagagaaatcaaatgttgctccgtggttg
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ctgtttctatggctaaaacctccgtagattaa

- MCS...6xHIS base 2878 to 2950

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgcctogaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

- AXO1 Terminator base 2951 to 3291

gttttagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagaggat
gtcagaatgccattgcctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgtaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcatttt
gtttcttcctgtacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttgtaggggttgggaaaatcattcga
gttgatgttttcttggtattcccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagacctcgtttgtcgcgatcc

Figure 27**PGAPZ alpha 883 clone G3-7****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:17)****Alpha Signal Sequence -**

mrfpsiftavlfaassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike amino acids 14 to 883, does not include the first 13 amino acid leader

sdldrectfddvqapnyqtstssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnvpvfkdgifyfaateks
nvvrgwvfgstmmnksqsviinnstnvviracnfelcdnpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafsladvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaqliwgtstaaayfvgy
lkpttfmlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyiqtsnfrvvpdsvrpfnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisnevadysvlynstffstfkygvsatklndlcfsnvadsvfvkgddvrqiapgqgtgviadynyklpdddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpctppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
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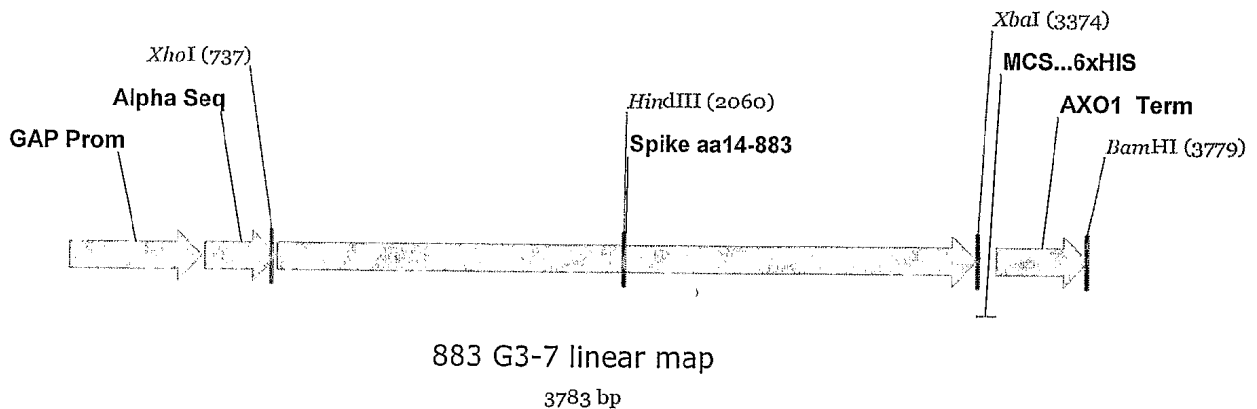
Figure 28**pGAPZ alpha 883 clone G3-7****Linear Map**

Figure 29

PGAPZ alpha 883 Clone G3-7
Sequence (SEQ ID NO:18)

GAP Pomoter – base 1 to 483

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acctgctggcaacgtaaaattctccggggtaaaacttaaatgtggagtaatggaaccagaaacgtctcttcccttctctctcct
tccaccgcccgttaccgtccctaggaaattttactctgctggagagcttcttctacggcccccttgagcaatgctcttccag
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ggtttctcctgacccaaagactttaaatattttgtccctatttcaatcaattgaacaactat

-Spacer - base 484 to 492

ttcgaaacg

- Alpha Signal Sequence – base 493 to 759

atgagatttcttcaatttttactgctgtttattcgcagcatcctccgattagctgctccagtcaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcggttactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgtgtgttttgcattttccaac
agcacaataacgggttattgtttataataactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggctgaagct

- Spike aa 14 to 883 – base 760 to 3369

agtgacctgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatctaactcaggatttttcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
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tactggaacaatgtattccagactcaagcaggtgtcttataggagctgagcatgtcgacacttcttatgagtgcgacattcc
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taggtgctgatagttaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctafacctactaacttttcaattagcattactacagaagtaagtc
ctgtttctatggctaaaacctccgtagattgtaatatgtatactcgggagattctactgaatgtgctaatttgccttccaatattgg
cagcttttgcacacaactaaatcgtgcactctcaggtattgctgctgaacaggatcgcaacacacgtgaagtgttcgctcaag
tcaacaaatgtacaaaacccaactttgaaatattttggcggttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaacta
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gctgcctacactgctgctctagttagtgggtactgccactgctggatggacatttgggtgctggcgctgctcttcaaataccttttg
ctatgcaataa

- MCS...6xHIS base 3370 to 3442

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgctgaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

- AXO1 Terminator base 3443-3783

gttttagcccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtcttgctagattctaataagaggat
gtcagaatgccatttgctgagagatgcaggcttcattttgatactttttatttgaacctatatagtataggatTTTTTgtcatttt
gtttcttctcgtacgagcttgctcctgatcagcctatctcgcagctgatgaatatcttggtaggggttgggaaaatcattcga
gtttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagacctcgtttgtcgggatcc

Figure 30**PGAPZ alpha 883m clone G3-7****Deduced Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO:19)****Alpha Signal Sequence -**

mrfpsiftavlfassalaapvntttedetaqipaeavigysdlegdfdvavlpfsnstnngllfinttiasiaakeegvslek
reaea

- Spike amino acids 14 to 883, does not include the first 13 amino acid leader

sdldrettfddvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhntfngnpvipfkldgiyfaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstmnksqsuiinnstnvviracnfeldnpffavskpmgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafsaqdiwgtsaaayfvgy
lkpttfnlkydengtitdavdcsqnpaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnldcfsnvyadsfvvkgddvrqiapggtgviadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpctppalncywplndygcfttgigyqpyr
vvvlsfellnapatvcgpklstldliknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpfqfgrdvdsfdsvrdpktseildispcsf
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yhtvslrstsqksivaytmslgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgdstecanlllqygsf
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lgdinardlicaqkfngltvlppltddmiaaytaalvsgtatagwtfgagaalqipfamq*

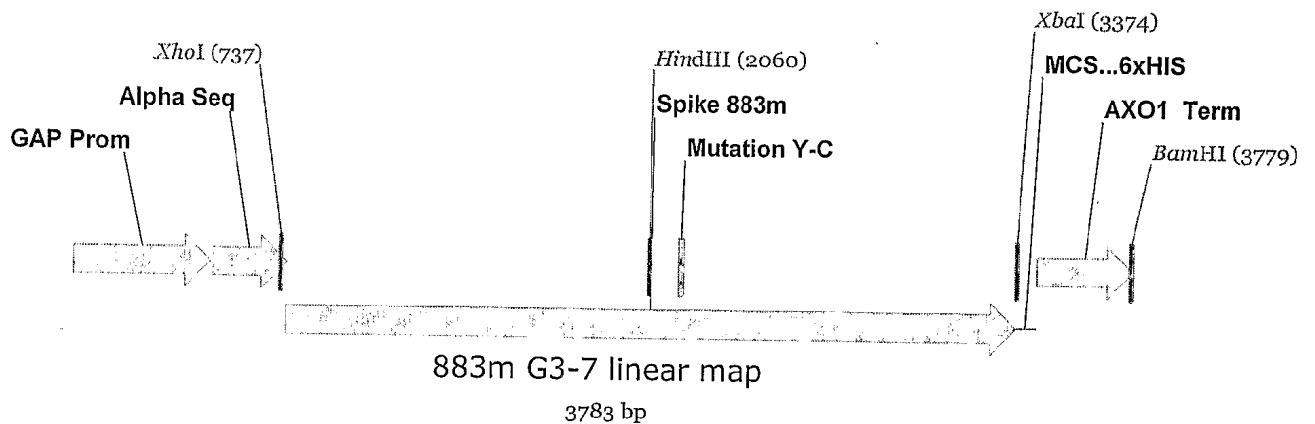
Figure 31**pGAPZ alpha 883m clone G3-7****Linear Map**

Figure 32

PGAPZ alpha 883 clone G3-7
Sequence (SEQ ID NO:20)

GAP Pomoter – base 1 to 483

agatcttttttagataatgtcttgggtgctcctcgtccaatcaggtagccatctctgaaatatctggctccgttgcaactccgaacg
acctgctggcaacgtaaaatttcctgggggtaaaacttaaatgtggagtaatggaaccagaaacgtctcttcccttctctctcct
tccaccgcccgttaccgtccctaggaatcttactctgctggagagcttctctacggcccccttgcaagcaatgctcttccag
cattacgttgcgggtaaaacggaggtcgtgtaccgcagctagcagccagggatggaaaagtcctggccgtcgtctggca
ataatagcgggcgagcgcagatgcatgagattattgaaaccaccagaatcgaatataaaaggcgaacacctttccaatttt
ggtttctctgacccaaagactttaatttaattttatgtccctatttcaatcaattgaacaactat

-Spacer - base 484 to 492

ttcgaaacg

- Alpha Signal Sequence – base 493 to 759

atgagatttccttcaattttactgctgtttattcgcagcatcctccgcattagctgctccagtcaacactacaacagaagatga
aacggcacaaattccggctgaagctgtcatcggttactcagatttagaaggggatttcgatgttgctgttttgccattttccaac
agcacaataaacgggttattgtttataaataactactattgccagcattgctgctaaagaagaaggggtatctctcgagaaaag
agaggtgaagct

- Spike – base 760 to 3369

agtgccttgaccggtgcaccactttgatgatgttcaagctcetaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacacitctttttaactcaggatttatttctccattttatttctaatgttacagggttcatactatt
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gaattgtgtgacaaccctttcttctgtgtttctaaacctagggtacacagacacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
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aatgattatggttttgcaccactactggcattggctaccaaccttacagagttgtagtactttctttgaacttttaattgcaccg
gccacgggttgggacaaaattatccactgaccttattaagaaccagtggtcaattttaattttaatggactcactgggtactgg
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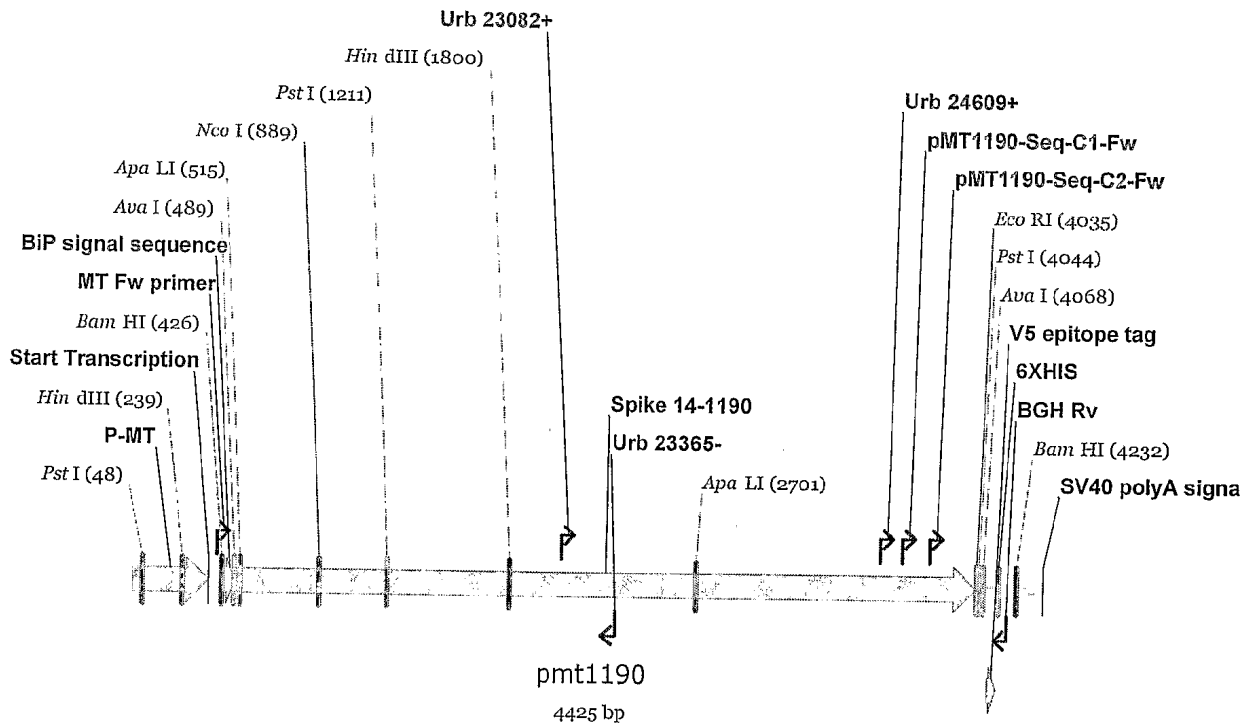
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gctgcctacactgctgctctagttagtggtagtgcctgctggatggacatttgggtgctggcgctgctcttcaaatacctttg
ctatgcaataa

- MCS...6xHIS base 3370 to 3442

tctagaacaaaaactcatctcagaagaggatctgaatagcgccgctgaccatcatcatcatcatcattga

- AXO1 Terminater base 3443-3783

gttttagccttagacatgactgttcctcagttcaagttgggcacttacgagaagaccggtctttagtagattctaataagaggat
gtcagaatgccatttgctgagagatgcaggttcattttgatactttttatttgaacctatatagtataggattttttgtcatttt
gtttctctgtacgagcctgctcctgatcagcctatctcgagctgatgaatatcttgtgtaggggttgggaaaatcattcga
gtttgatgttttcttggtatttccactcctcttcagagtacagaagattaagtgagaccttcgtttgtgcggatcc

Figure 33**pMT-Spike 1190**

(SEQ ID NO:21)

P-MT Promoter**Start: 1 End: 367**

gttgacaggacaggtgtggtgcccgatgtgactagctctttgctgcaggccgtcctatcctctggtccgataagagaccca
 gaactccggccccccaccgcccaccgcccaccatacatatgtggtacgcaagtaagagtgcctgcgcgtgccccatgt
 gcccaccaagagttttgcatcccatacaagtcccaaaaggaggagaaccgaaccaattcttcggggcagaaaaagctt
 ctgcacacgtctccactcgaatttgagccggccggcgtgtgcaaaagaggtgaatcgaacgaaagacccgtgtgtaaag
 ccgcgtttccaaaatgtataaaaccgagagcatctggccaatgt

BiP signal sequence**Start: 440 End: 493**

atgaagttatgcatattactggccgtcgtggcctttgttggcctctcgctcggg

Spike 14-1190**Start: 500 End: 4033**

agtgaccttgaccgggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcattctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaattttagatcagacactcttatttaactcaggattatttcttccattttatttctaattgttacaggggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatgggtattttttgctgccacagagaaatcaaatgttgccgtggttg
ggttttggttctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtgattattattaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagcatgtaacttt
gaattgtgtgacaaccctttcttctgctgtttctaaacctatgggtacacagacacatactatgataatcgataatgcatttaattgc
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gcttggaaactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
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gtcaaacaaatgtacaaaaccccaacttgaatattttgggtgttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaact
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gctggacaagtacttcaaaaatcatacatcaccagatgttgatcttggcgacatttcaggcattaacgcttctgtcgtcaacatt
caaaaagaaattgaccgctcaatgaggtcgttaaaaatttaaatgaatcactcattgaccttcaagaattgggaaaaatga
gcaataa

SV40 polyA signal

Start: 4355 End: 4360

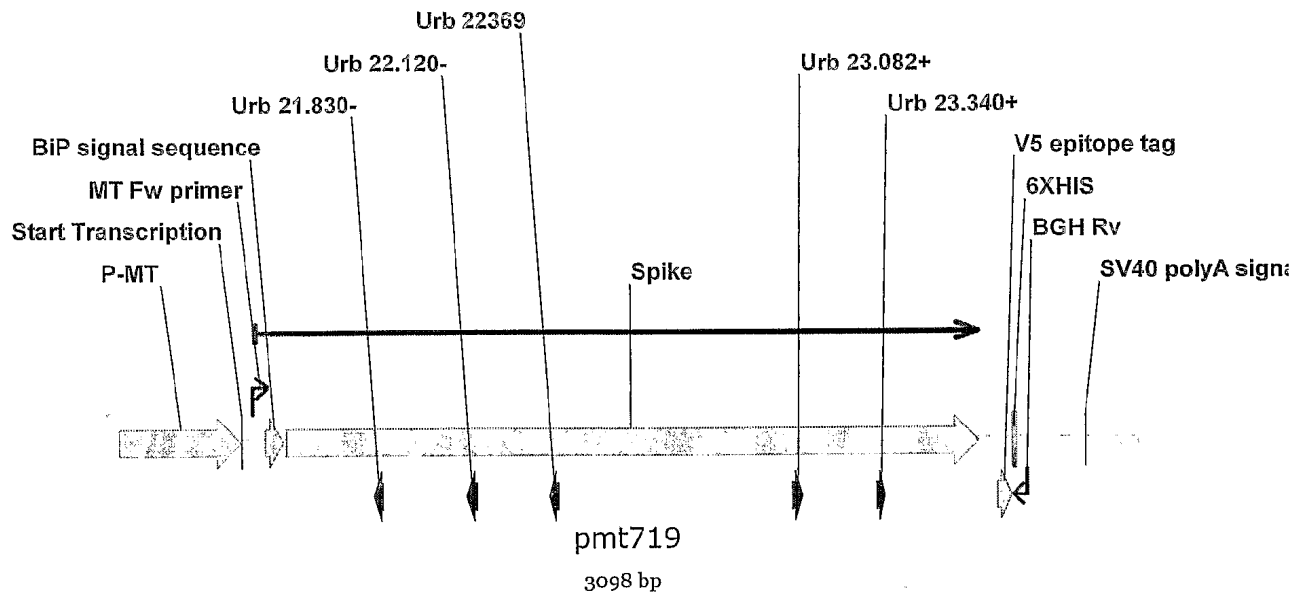
aataaa

pMT 1190 deduced Amino Acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:22)**- BiP Signal Amino Acids**

mklcillavvafvglslg

- Spike Amino Acids (14 to 1190)

sdldrecttfdvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhntfngnpvipfkdgidyfaateks
nvvrwvfgstmnksqsviinnstnvviracnfeldnpffavskpmtgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfklhlfvfkknkgflyvykgyqpdivvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaadiwgtsaaayfvgy
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yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnldcfsnvyadsfvvkgddvrqiapggqgviadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpctppalnncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
rvvlsfellnapatvcgpkldliqnqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpqqqgrdvsdfidsvrdpktseildispcsf
ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstaihadqltpawriystgnnvftqagcligaehvdtsyecdipigagica
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lgdisginasvvniqkeidrlnevaknlneslidlqelgkyeq*

Figure 34**PMT-719****pMT-719 – Map**

(SEQ ID NO:23)

pMT 719 sequence, from linear map**- P-MT promoter – base 1 to 367**

gttgcaggacaggatgtggtgcccgatgtgactagctctttgctgcaggccgtcctatcctctggttccgataagagaccca
 gaactccggccccccaccgcccaccgcccaccatacatatgtgtgacgcaagtaagagtgcctgcgcattgccccatgt
 gccccaccaagagttttgcatccatacaagtcccaaaagtggagaaccgaaccaattcttcgcgggcagaacaaaagctt
 ctgcacacgtctccactcgaatttgagccggcggtgtgcaaaagaggatgaatcgaacgaaagaccggtgtgtaaag
 ccgctgtttccaaaatgtataaaaccgagagcatctggccaatgt

- BiP Signal sequence – base 440 to 493

atgaagttatgcatattactggccgtcgtggcctttgttggcctctcgtcggg

- Spike 719 – base 500 to 2617

agtgcacttgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
 atcctgatgaaattttagatcagacactctttttaactcaggattatttcttccattttattctaattgtacagggttcatactatt
 aatcatacgtttggcaacctgtcataccttttaaggatggtattttttgctgccacagagaaatcaaatgttgccgtggttg
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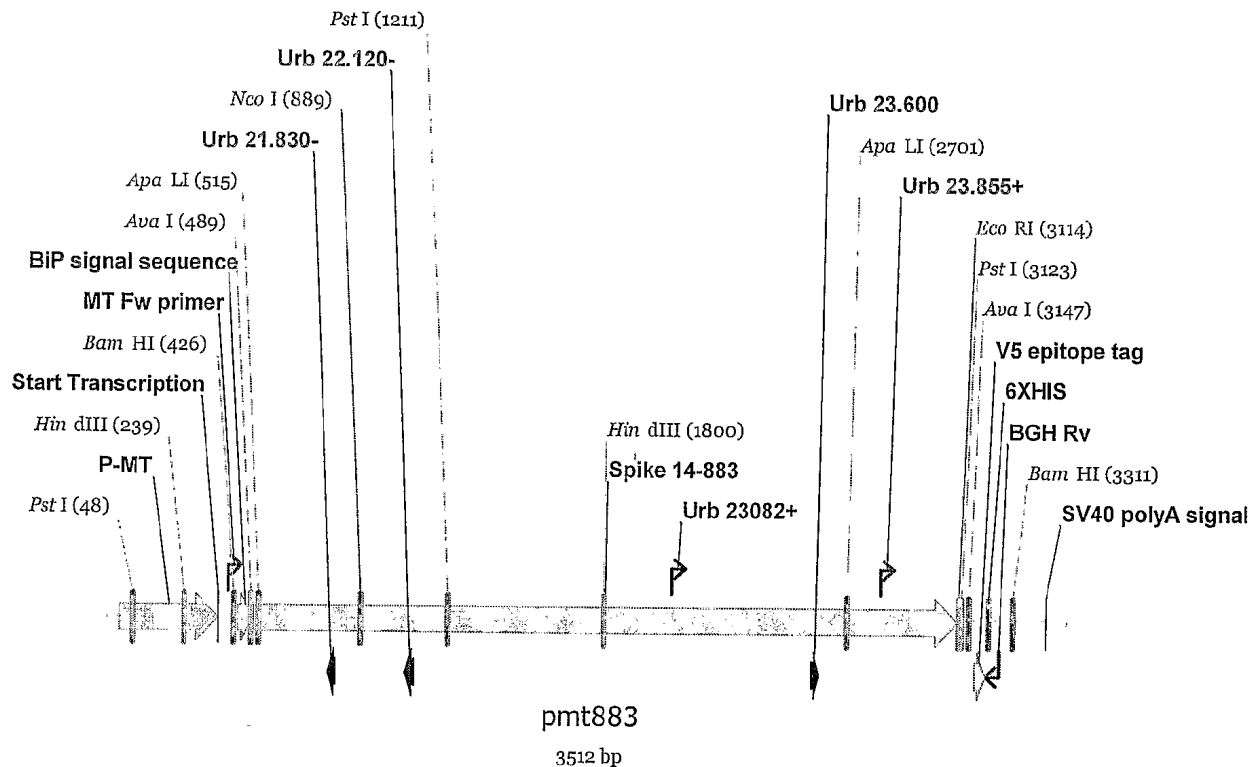
- SV 40 Poly A signal Transcription terminator – base 2939 to 2944
aataaa

pMT 719 deduced Amino Acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:24)

- BiP Signal Amino Acids
mklcillavvafvglslg

- Spike Amino Acids (14 to 719)

sdldrcttfddvqapnyqtstssmrgvyyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhntfngnpvipfkdgifyaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstmnnskqsqviiinnstnvviracnfelednpffavskpmtgtthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfhkhlrefvfkknkgflyvykgyqpiddvrdlpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaqdiwgtsaaayfvgy
lkpttfinlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpdgdvvrpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvsv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklndlcfsnvyadsfvvkgddvrqiapggqtgviadynyklpdddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhglrpferdisnvpfspdgpctppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
rvvvlselfellnapatvcgpklstliknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfqpfqqfgrdvdsfdtsvrdpktseildispesf
ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstaihadtqtpawriystgmnvftqagcligaehvdtseyecdipigagica
syhtvslrrstsqksivaytmslgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsv*

Figure 35**PMT-Spike 883**

(SEQ ID NO:25)

P-MT Promoter**Start: 1 End: 367**

gttgcaggacaggatgtggtgccccgatgtgactagctctttgctgcaggccgtcctatcctctggtccgataagagaccca
 gaactccggccccccaccgcccaccgcccaccatacatatgtggtacgcaagtaagagtgcctgcgcattgccccatgt
 gccccaccaagagttttgcatccatacaagtccccaaagtggagaaccgaaccaattcttcgcgggcagaaacaaaagctt
 ctgcacacgtctccactcgaatttgagccggcggcgtgtgcaaaagaggtgaatcgaacgaaagaccctgtgttaaag
 ccgcgtttccaaaatgtataaaaccgagagcatctggccaatgt

BiP signal sequence**Start: 440 End: 493**

atgaagttatgcataattactggccgtcgtggcctttgttggcctctcgcctcggg

Spike 14-883**Start: 500 End: 3112**

agtgaccttgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaattttagatcagacactctttttaactcaggattttttctccattttattctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaacctgtcataccttttaaggatggattttttgctgccacagagaaatcaaattgtgtccgtgggtg
ggttttgggtctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtgattattttaacaattctactaatgttggtatacagacatgtaacttt
gaattgtgtgacaacctttctttgctgtttctaaacctatgggtacacagacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
actttcgagtacatatctgatgccttttcgcttgatgttcagaaaagtcaggtaattttaaacacttacgagagtttggtttaaaa
ataaagatgggtttctctatgtttataagggtcatcaacctatagatgtagttcgtgatctaccttctggttttaacactttgaaacc
tattttaagttgcctcttggtattaacattacaaattttagagccattcttacagccttttcacctgctcaagacatttggggcagc
tcagctgcagcctattttgttggtctatttaagccaactacatttatgctcaagtatgatgaaatggtacaatcacagatgctgt
tgattgttctcaaaatccacttgctgaactcaaatgctctgttaagagctttgagattgacaaaggaatttaccagacctctaatt
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tttaagtgctatggcgtttctgccactaagttgaatgatctttgcttctcaatgtctatgcagattcttttgtagtcaaggagatg
atgtaagacaaatagcggcaggacaaactgggtgttattgctgattataattataaattgccagatgattcatgggtgtgtcctt
gcttggaatactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataataggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
cctttgagagagacatatctaatgtgcctttctccctgatggcaaaccttgaccccacctgctcttaattgttattggccatta
aatgattatggtttttacaccactactggcattggctaccaaccttacagagttgtagtactttctttgaacttttaaatgcaccgg
ccacgggttggtggacaaaattatccactgaccttattaagaaccagtgtgtcaattttaattttaatggactcactgggtactggt
gtgttaactccttcttcaagagatttcaaccatttcaacaatttggcctgatgtttctgatttactgattccgttcgagatccta
aaacatctgaaatatttagacatttcaccttgctcttttgggggtgtaagtgaattacacctggaacaaatgcttcatctgaagtt
gctgttctatatcaagatgttaactgcactgatgttctacagcaattcatgcagatcaactcacaccagcttggcgcatatattc
tactggaacaatgtattccagactcaagcaggctgtcttataggagctgagcatgtcgacacttcttatgagtgcgacattcc
tattggagctggcatttgtgctagtaccatacagtttctttattacgtagtactagccaaaaatctatttgggttatactatgtctt
taggtgctgatagtcaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaacttttcaattagcattactacagaagtaatgc
ctgtttctatggctaaaacctccgtagattgtaatatgtacatctgcggagatttactgaatgtgctaatttgccttccaatatg
gtagcctttgcacacaactaaatcgtgcactctcaggtattgctgctgaacaggatcgcaacacacgtgaagtggtcgtcaa
gtcaaacaaatgtacaaaaccccaactttgaaataatttgggtggttttaattttcacaaatattacctgacctctaaagccaact
aagagggtcttttattgaggacttgctctttaataaggtgacactcgtgatgctggcttcattgaagcaatatggcgaatgccta
ggtgatattaatgctagagatctcatttgtgcgcagaagttcaatggacttacagtgttgccacctctgctcactgatgatatga
ttgctgcctacactgctgctctagttagtggtactgccactgctggatggacatttgggtgctggcgctgctcttcaaatacctttt
gctatgcaataa

SV40 polyA signal**Start: 3434 End: 3439**

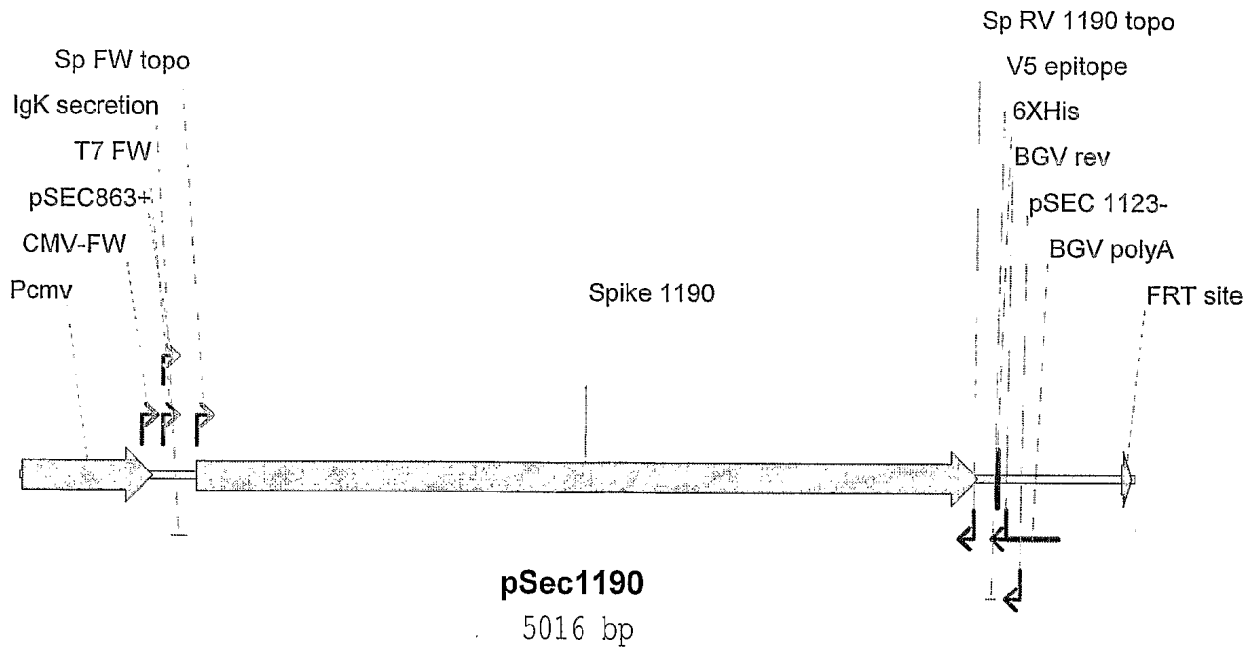
aataaa

pMT 883 deduced Amino Acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:26)**- BiP Signal Amino Acids**

mklcillavvafvlgslg

- **Spike Amino Acids (14 to 883)**

Sdldrecttfdvqapnytqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlflpfysnvtgfhthtfgnvpvipfkdgidyfaateks
nvvrgrwvfgstnnnksqsviiinnstnvviracnfcldnpffavskpmtgtqthtnifdnafnctfeyisdafslvse
ksgnfkhlrefvfkndgflyvykyqpidvvrldpsgfntlkpifklplginitnfrailtafspaadiwgtasaaayfvgy
lkpttfmikydengetitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqtsnfrvvpdgvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpv
yawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkygvsatklnldcfsnvyadsfvvkgddvrqiapgtgviadynyklpddf
mgcvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpfspdgkpctppalnncywplndygfytttgigyqpy
rvvvlselfellnapatvcgpkldliknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltpsskrfpqpfqgrdvdsdftdsvrpdkseildispcsf
ggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstaihadtqtpawriystgnnvftqagcligaehvdtseyecdipigagica
syhtvslrstsqksivaytmslgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisittevmpvsmaktsvdenmyicgstecanlllqygs
fctqlnralsgiaaeqdrntrevfaqvkmkytptlkyfggfnsqilpdplkptkrsfiedllfnkvtiladagfinkqyge
clgdinardlicaqkfngltvlpplltddmiaaytaalvsgtatagwtfgagaaalqipfamq*

Figure 36**(SEQ ID NO:27)**

Pcmv

Start: 1 End: 588

gttgacattgattattgactagttattaatagtaataacgagggtcattagttcatagcccatatatggagttccgcgttacat
aacttacggtaaattggccgcctggctgaccgcccacgaccccgccattgacgtcaataatgacgtatgtcccatagt
aacgccaatagggaactttccattgacgtcaatgggtggagtatttacggtaaactcccacttggcagtacatcaagtgtatc
atatgccaaagtacgccccctattgacgtcaatgacggtaaattggccgcctggcattatgccagtagacacattatggga
cttctacttggcagtacatctacgtattagtcacgctattaccatgggtgatgcgggtttggcagtacatcaatgggcgtggat
agcgggttgactcacggggatttccaagtctccacccattgacgtcaatgggagtttgtttggcaccaaaatcaacgggac
tttccaaaatgtcgtacaactccgccccattgacgcaaatgggcggtaggcgtgtacgggtgggaggtctatataagcaga
gctc

IgK secretion

atggagacagacacactcctgctatgggtactgctgctctgggtccaggtccactggtgac

Start: 674 End: 736

Spike 1190

Start: 782 End: 4312

agtgacctgaccgggtgcaccactttgatgatgttcaagtcctaattacactcaacatacttcattctatgaggggggtttact
atcctgatgaaattttgatcagacactctttatctaactcaggattatttcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatagctttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatgggtatttttctgctgccacagagaaatcaaatgttccgtggtg
gggttttgggtctaccatgaacaacaagtcacagtcgggtattattattaacaattctactaatgttgttatacagacatgtaacttt
gaattgtgtgacaaccctttcttctgtttctaaacccatgggtacacagacacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
acttccgagtacatactgatgccttttcgcttgatgtttcagaaaagtcaggtaatttttaaacacttacgagagtttgggttaaa
ataaagatgggtttctctatgtttataagggtatcaacctatagatgtagttcgtgatctaccttctgggttttaacactttgaacc
tatttttaagttgcctcttgggtatttaacattacaatttttagagccattcttacagcctttcacctgctcaagacatttggggcagc

tcagctgcagcctatTTTgttggtatTTTaaagccaactacatttatgctcaagtatgatgaaaatgggtacaatcacagatgctgt
tgattgttctcaaaatccacttgctgaactcaaatgctctgttaagagctttgagattgacaaaggaatttaccagaccttaattt
cagggttggtccctcaggagatgTgtgagattccctaataattacaaactgtgtccttttgagagaggttttaagtactactaaatt
cccttctgtctatgcatgggagagagaaaaaaatttctaattgtgttgctgattactctgtgctctacaactcaacattttttcaacc
TTAagtgctatggcgtttctgccactaagttgaatgatctttgcttctccaatgctctatgcagattctttgtagtcaagggagatg
atgtaagacaaatagcggcaggacaaactgggttattgctgattataattataaattgccagatgattcatgggtgtgtcctt
gcttggaaactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaatataggtatcttagacatggcgaagcttaggc
ccttgagagagacatatctaattgtgcctttctccctgaaggcacaacctgcacccacctgctcttaattgttattggccatta
aatgattatgggttttacaccactactggcattggctaccaaccttacagagtgttagtactttctttgaacttttaaatgcacggg
ccacgggttggtggacaaaattatccactgaccttaataagaaccagtggtgcaatttttaatttaattggactcactgggtactggt
gtgttaactccttcttcaagagatttcaaccatttcaacaatttggccgtgatgtttctgatttactgattccgttcgagatccta
aaacatctgaaatattagacatttcaacttgccttttgggggtgtaagtgaattacacctggaacaaatgcttcatctgaagtt
gctgttctatatcaagatgttaactgcactgatgtttctacagcaattcatgcagatcaactcacaccagcttggcgcatatattc
tactggaaacaatgtattccagactcaagcaggtgtcttataggagctgagcatgtcgacacttcttatgagtcgacattcc
tattggagctggcatttgtgctagtaccatacagtttcttattacgtagtactagccaaaaatctattgtggcttatactatgtctt
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gctatgcaaatggcatataggttcaatggcattggagtacccaaaatgttctctatgagaacaaaaaacaatgcgcaacca
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agaatgctcaagcattaacacacttgttaacaacttagctctaatttgggtgcaatttcaagtgtgctaaatgatctcttgcg
gacttgataaagtcgagggcgaggtacaaattgacaggttaattacaggcagacttcaaagccttcaaacctatgtaacaca
acaactaatcagggctgctgaaatcagggcttctgctaacttctgctgctactaaaatgtctgagtggttcttggacaatcaaaa
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tatgtgccatcccaggagaggaacttaccacagcgccagcaatttgtcatgaaggcaaagcatacttccctcgtgaaggt
gttttgtgttaatggcacttcttggttattacacagaggaacttctttctccaaaataattactacagacaatacatttgcctc
aggaaattgtgatgtcgttattggcatcattaacaacacagtttatgatcctctgcaacctgagctcgactcattcaagaaga
gctggacaagtaacttcaaaaatcatacatcaccagatgttgatcttggcgacattttaggcattaacgcttctgtcgtcaacatt
caaaaagaaattgaccgcctcaatgaggtcgctaaaaatttaaatgaatcactcattgaccttcaagaattgggaaaaatga
gcaa

V5 epitope

Start: 4349 End: 4390

Ggtaagcctatccctaaccctctcctcggtctcgattctacg

6XHIs

Start: 4400 End: 4417

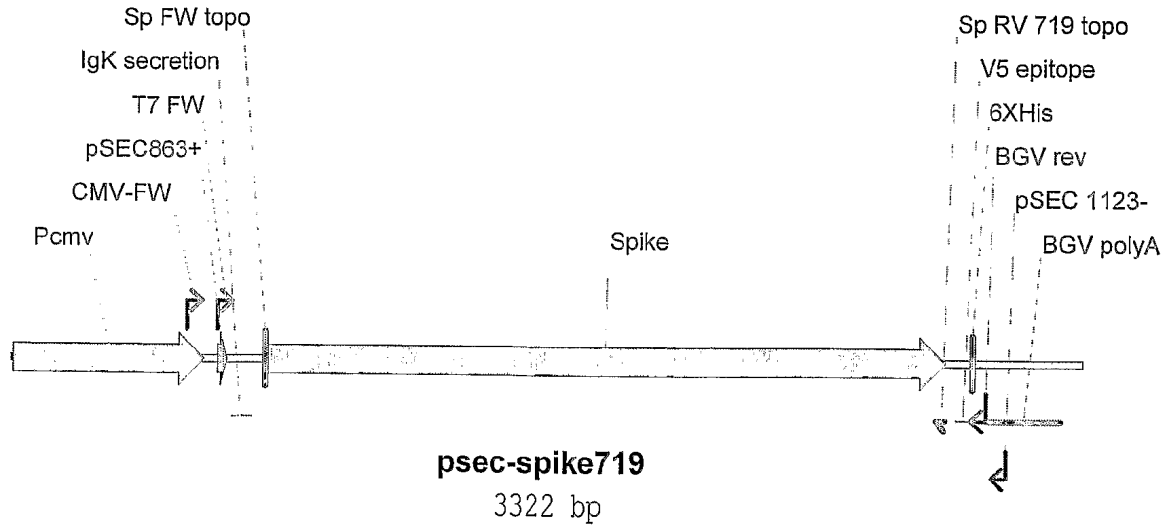
catcatcaccatcaccat

BGV polyA

Start: 4446 End: 4670

ctgtgccttctagtggccagccatctgtgtttgcccctccccgtgccttcttgaccttgggaaggtgccactcccactgtcct
ttcctaataaaatgaggaaattgcattgctgagtaggtgtcattctattctgggggtgggggtggggcaggacagca
agggggaggattgggaagacaatagcaggcatgctggggatgcggtgggctctatgg

Translation of pSec1190 (signal peptide is underlined) (SEQ ID NO:28)
metdtlllwvlllwvpgstgdaaqparrarrtklalsdldrcttfdvqapnytqhtssmrgvyyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlfi
pfysnvtgfhntfhtfgnpvipfkdgifyaateksnvvrwgwvfgstmnnksqsviinnstnvviracnfelednpffav
skpmgtqthtnifdnafnctfeyisdafsladvseksngfkhlfrefvfkknkdglyvykyqpidvvrldpsgfntlkpif
klplginitnfrailtafspaqqdiwgtsaaayfvgyllkpttfnlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqt
snfrvvpsgdvvrpfnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvyawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnldcfsnv
yadsfvvkgsddvraqapgtgviadynyklpddfmgecvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhgklrpfedisnvpf
spdgkpctppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpyrvvvlsfellnapatvcgpklstliknqcvnfnfngltgtgvltps
skrfqpfqqfgrdvdsfdsvrdpktseildispcsfggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvtstaihadqltpawriy
stgnnvfqtqagcligaehvdtsyecdipigagicasyhtvsllrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysntiaiptnfsisitt
evmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgstecanillqygsfctqlnralsgiaaeqdrntrevfaqvkqmyktptlkyfggfntf
sqilpdpikptkrsfiedllfnkvtladagfmkqygeclgdinardlicaqkfngltvlpplltddmiaaytaalvsqtatag
wtfgagaalqipfamqmayrnfngigvtqnvllyenqkqianqfnkaisiqesltttstalgklqdvvnqnaqalntlvk
qlssnfgaissvlnldilsrldkveaevqidrlitgrlqslqtyvtqqllraaeirasanaatkmsecvlgqskrvdfcgkgy
hlmsfpqaaphgvvflhvtvpsqernfttapaichegkayfpregvfvngtswfitqrmffspqiittndntfvsgncdv
vigiinntvydplqpeldsfkeeldkyfknhtspdvdlgdisginasvvniqkeidrlnevaknlneslidlqelgkyeq

Figure 37**(SEQ ID NO:29)**

Promoter cmv

Start: 1 End: 588

gttgacattgattattgactagttattaatagtaatcaattacggggcattagttcatagcccataatatggagttccgcgttacat
aacttacggtaaattggcccgctggctgaccgcccacgaccccgccattgacgtcaataatgacgtatgttcccatagt
aacgccaatagggaactttccattgacgtcaatgggtggagtatttacggtaaactgccacttggcagtacatcaagtgtatc
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agcggtttgactcacggggatttccaagtctccacccattgacgtcaatgggagtttgggttttggcaccaaaatcaacgggac
tttccaaaatgtcgtaaactccgccccattgacgcaaatggcggttaggcgtgtacgggtgggaggtctatataagcaga
gctc

IgK secretion

atggagacagacacactcctgctatgggtactgctgctctgggttccaggttccactgggtgac

Start: 674 End: 736

Spike

Start: 782 End: 2899

agtgaccttgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagctcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggtttact
atcctgatgaaatttttagatcagacactctttatctaactcaggatttatttctccattttattcctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatacgtttggcaaccctgtcataccttttaaggatgggtatttatttctgccacagagaaatcaaatgtgtccgtgggtg
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gaattgtgtgacaaccctttctttgctgtttctaaaccatgggtacacagacatactatgatattcgataatgcatttaattgc
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tcagctgcagcctattttgttggtatttaagccaactacattatgctcaagtatgatgaaaatgggtacaatcacagatgctgt
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caggggtgttccctcaggagatgtgtgagattccctaataattacaaactgtgtccttttgagaggttttaattgctactaaatt
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tttaagtgcctatggcggttctgccactaagttgaatgatctttgcttctccaatgtctatgcagattcttttagtcaaggagatg
atgtaagacaaatagcgccaggacaaactgggtgtattgctgattataattataaattgccagatgattcatgggtgtgcctt
gcttggaaactaggaacattgatgctacttcaactggtaattataattataaataaggtatcttagacatggcaagcttaggc
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gtgttaactccttctcaaagagattcaaccatttcaacaatttggccgtgatgtttctgatttactgattccgttcgagatccta
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gctgttctatatcaagatgttaactgcactgatgtttctacagcaattcatgcagatcaactcacaccagcttggcgcatatattc
tactggaacaaatgtattccagactcaagcaggctgtcttataggagctgagcatgtcgacacttcttatgagtgcgacattcc
tattggagctggcatttgtgctagtaccatacagtttcttattacgtagtactagccaaaaatctattgtggcttatactatgtctt
taggtgctgatagttaattgcttactctaataacaccattgctatacctactaacttttcaattagcattactacagaagtaatgc
ctgtttctatggctaaaacctccgataa

V5 epitope

Start: 2933 End: 2974

ggtaagccatccctaacctctcctcggtctcgattctacg

6XHis

Start: 2984 End: 3001

catcatcaccatcaccat

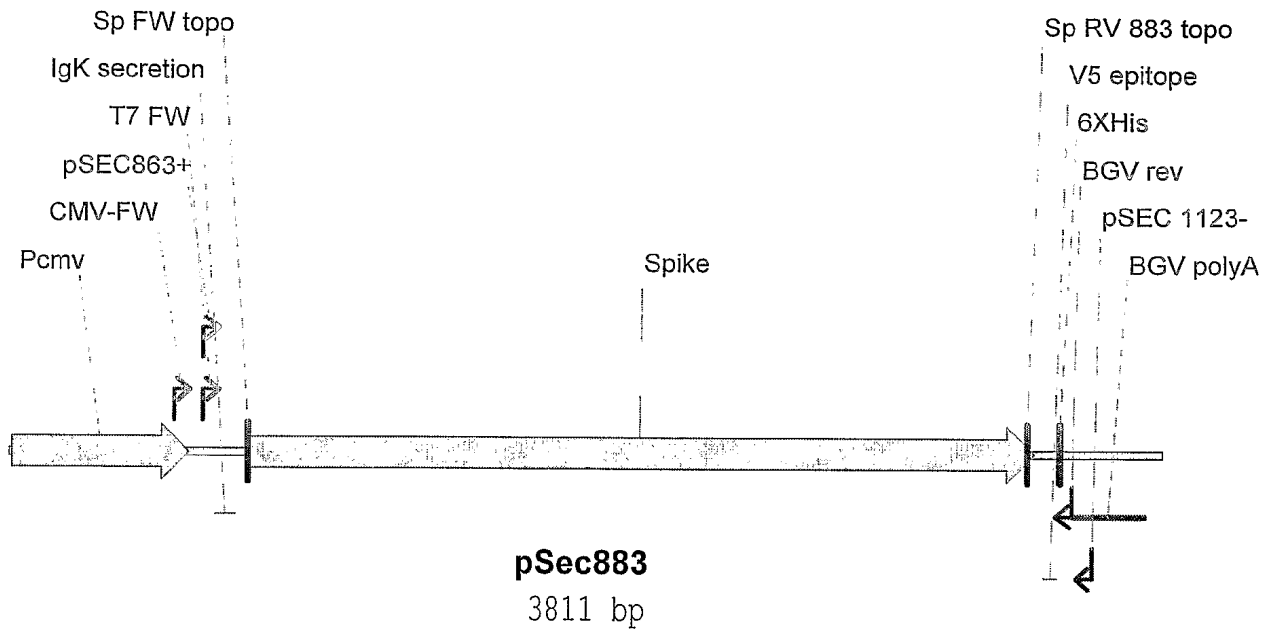
BGV polyA

Start: 3030 End: 3254

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ttcctaataaaatgaggaaattgcatgcattgtctgagtaggtgtcattctattctgggggggtgggggtggggcaggacagca
aggggggaggattgggaagacaatagcaggcatgctggggatgcggtgggctctatgg

Translation of psec-spike719 (signal peptide is underlined) (SEQ ID NO:30)

Metdtlllwvlllwvpgstgdaaqparrarrklalsdldroctfddvqapnyqhtssmrgvyyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlfl
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skpmgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvseksgnfkhlrefvfkknkdgflyvykgyqpdivvrdlpsgfnllkpif
klplginitnfrailtafspaqqdiwgtsaaayfvgyllkpttfnlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqt
snfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvyawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstfkcygvsatklnldlcfnsn
yadsfvvkgddvrqiapgqgtgiadynyklpddfngecvlawntnridatstgnynykyrylrhglrpferdisnvpf
spdgpctppalncywplndygfytttgigyqpyrvvlsfellnapatvcgpklstliknqcvnfnfnlgtgtvltps
skrfqpqqfgrdvsdftdsrpdktseildispcsfggvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvncdvstaihadqltpawriy
stgnnvfqtqageligaehvdtsyecdipigagicasyhtvslrrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisitt
evmpvsmaktsv

Figure 38

(SEQ ID NO:31)

Pcmv

Start: 1 End: 588

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ctttcctacttggcagtacatctacgtattagtcacgctattaccatgggtgatcggttttggcagtlacatcaatgggcgtggat
agcggtttgactcacggggatttccaagtctccacccattgacgtcaatgggagtttggcaccacaaatcaacggggac
tttccaaaatgtcgaacaactccgccccattgacgcaaatgggcggtaggcgtgtacgggtgggaggtctatataagcaga
gctc

IgK secretion

atggagacagacacactcctgctatgggtactgctgctctgggttcagggtccactggtgac

Start: 674 End: 736

Spike

Start: 782 End: 3394

agtacettgaccggtgcaccacttttgatgatgttcaagtcctaattacactcaacatacttcatctatgaggggggttact
atcctgatgaaattttagatcagacactctttttaactcaggatttatttcttccattttatttctaattgttacagggttcatactatt
aatcatagctttggcaacctgtcataccttttaaggatggtatttatttggctgccacagagaaatcaaatgtgtccgtggttg
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acttcgagtacatactgatgccttttcgcttgatgtttcagaaaagtcaggtaattttaaacacttacgagagtttgtgttataaaa
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ggtgatattaatgctagagatctcatttgcgcagaagttcaattgacttacagtgttggccacctctgctcactgatgatga
ttgctgcctacactgctgcttagttagtggtactgccactgctggatggacatttgggtgctggcgtgctcttcaataaccttt
gctatgcaataa

V5 epitope

Start: 3428 End: 3469

ggtaagcctatccctaaccctctcctcggtctcgattctacg

6XHis

Start: 3479 End: 3496

catcatcaccatcaccat

BGV polyA

Start: 3525 End: 3749

ctgtgccttctagtggcagccatctgtgtttgccccccccctgaccttctgacctggaaggtgccactcccactgtcct
ttcctaataaaatgaggaaattgcacgcattgtctgagtaggtgtcattctattctggggggtgggggtggggcaggacagca
agggggaggattgggaagacaatagcaggcatgctgggatgctgggtggtctatgg

Translation of psec-spike883 (signal peptide is underlined) (SEQ ID NO:32)

metdtlllwvlllwvpgstgdaaqparrarrtklalsdlrdcttfdvqapnyqtqhtssmrgvyypdeifrsdtlyltqdlfl
pfysnvtgfhthnhtfgnpvipfkdgifyaateksnvrvrgwvfgstmmnksqsviiinnstnvviracnfeldnppffav
skpmgtqthtmifdnafnctfeyisdafslvseksngfkhrlrefvfkknkdglyvykyqpidvvrldpsgfntlkpif
klplginitnfrailtafspaqdiwgtsaaayfvgyllkpttfnlkydengtitdavdcsqnplaelkcsvksfeidkgyqt
snfrvvpsgdvvrfpnitnlcpfgevfnatkfpvyawerkkisncvadysvlynstffstkcygvsatklnldlcsnv
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spdgkpcppalncywplndygfytttgygyqpyrvvvlsefnlpatvcgpklstldliknqcvnfnfnlgtgtgvltps
skrfqpfpqfgrdvdfdsrvdpktseildispcagfgvsvitpgtnassevavlyqdvntdvstaihadqltpawriy
stgnnvfqtqagcligaehvdsyecdipigagicasyhtvslrrstsqksivaytmislgadssiaysnntiaiptnfsisitt
evmpvsmaktsvdcnmyicgdstecanlllqygsfctqlnrlalsgiaeqdntrevfaqvqkmyktptlkyfggfnf

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wtfgagaalqipfamq*

Figure 39

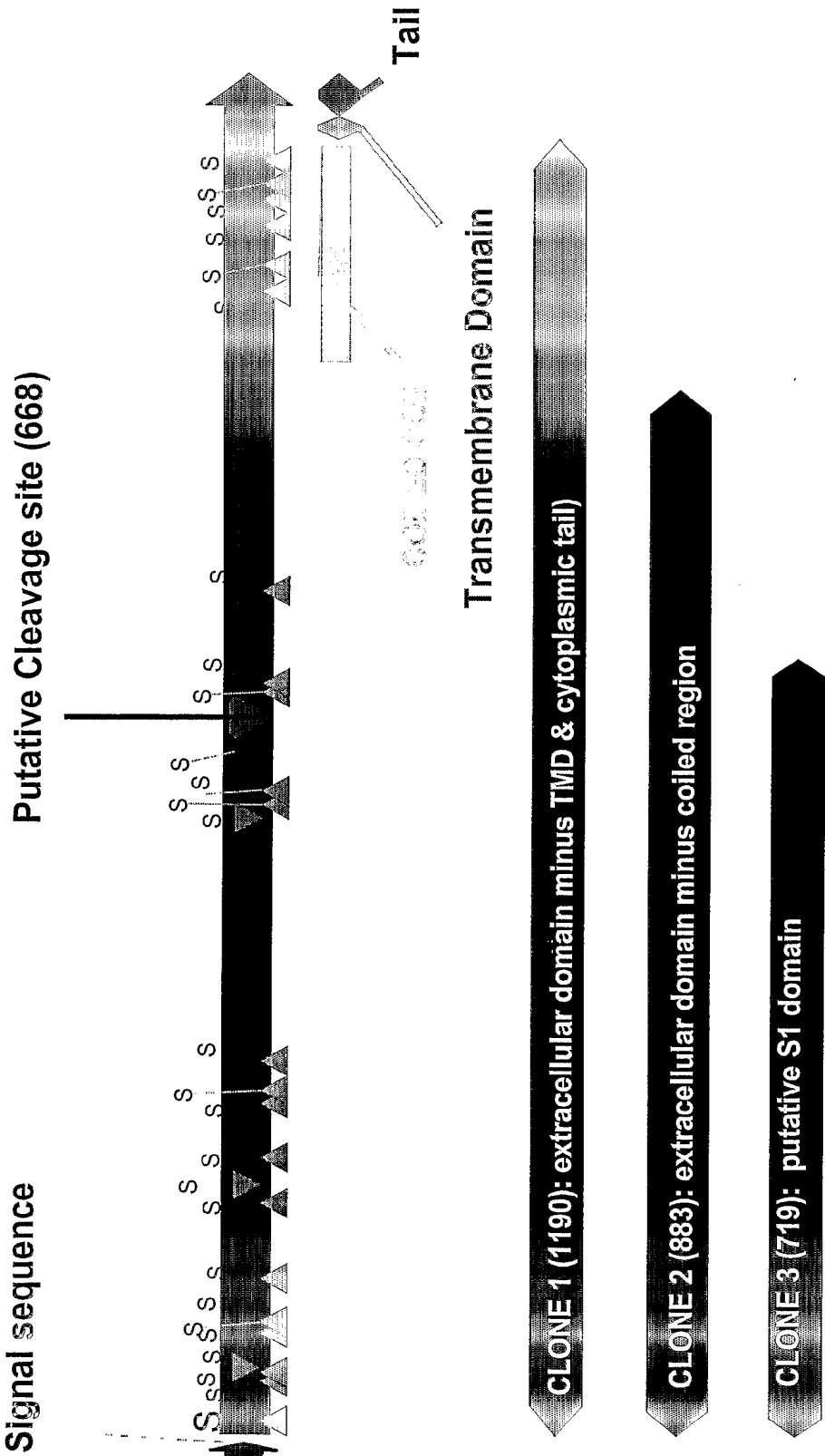


Figure 40

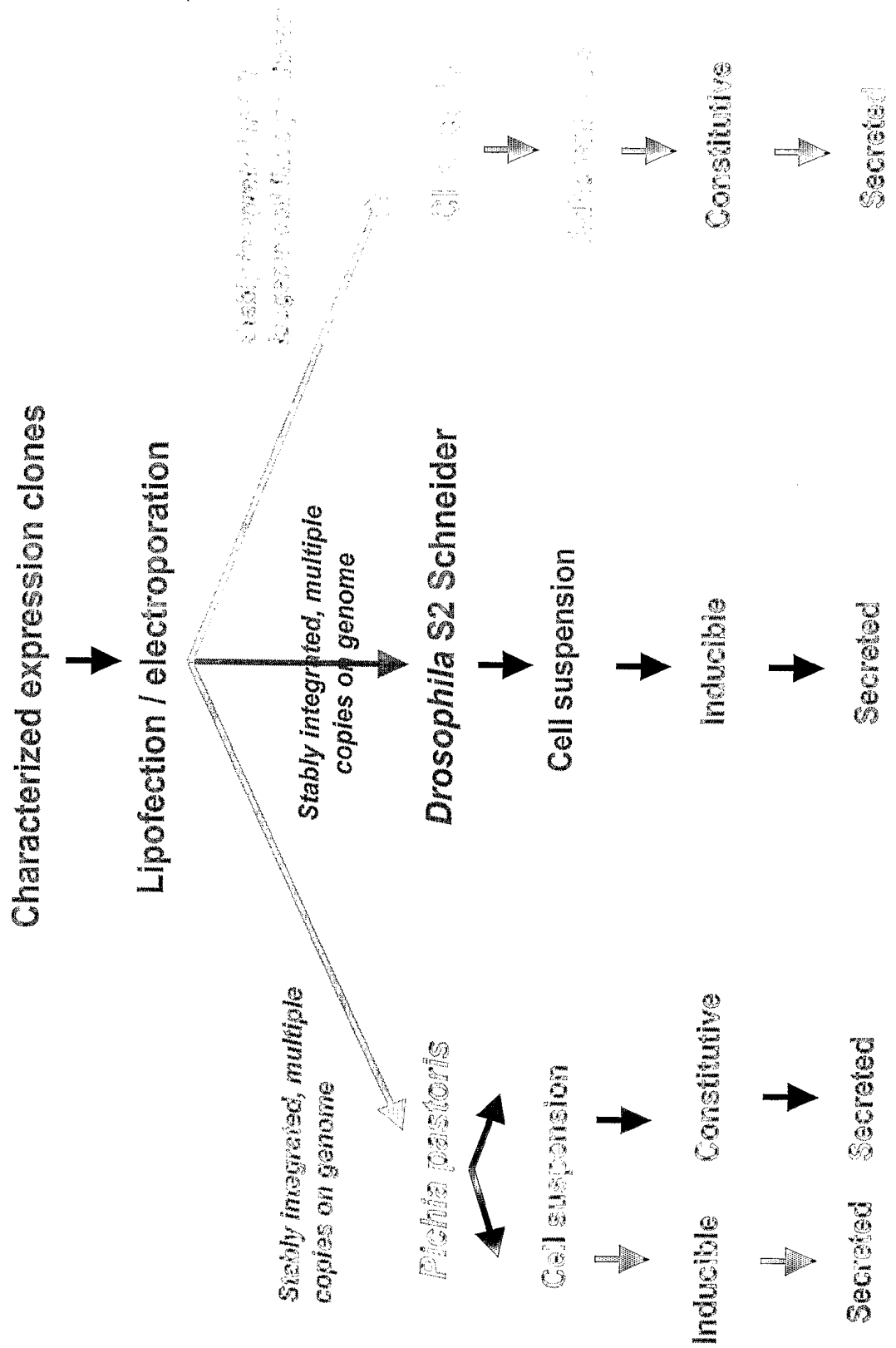


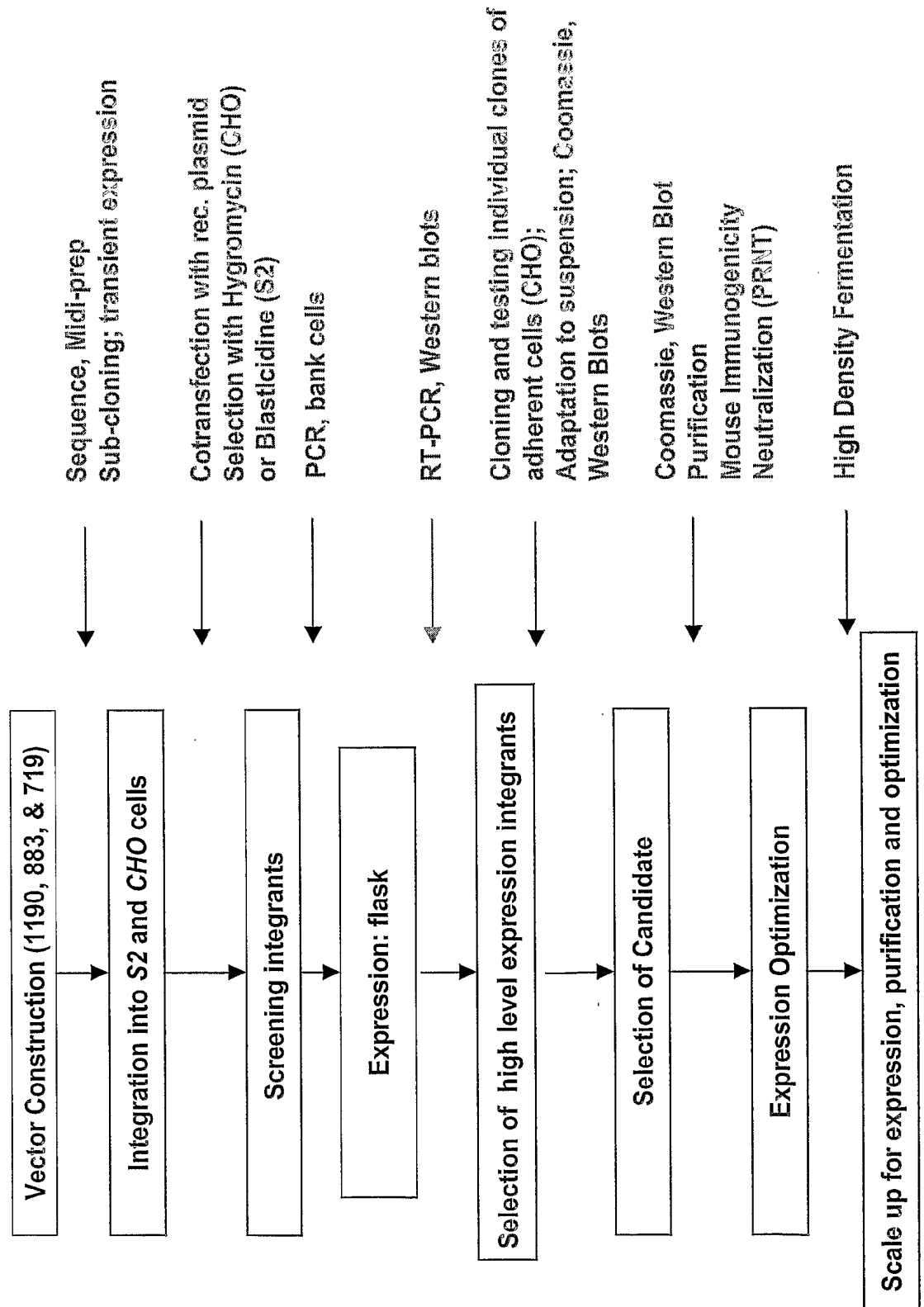
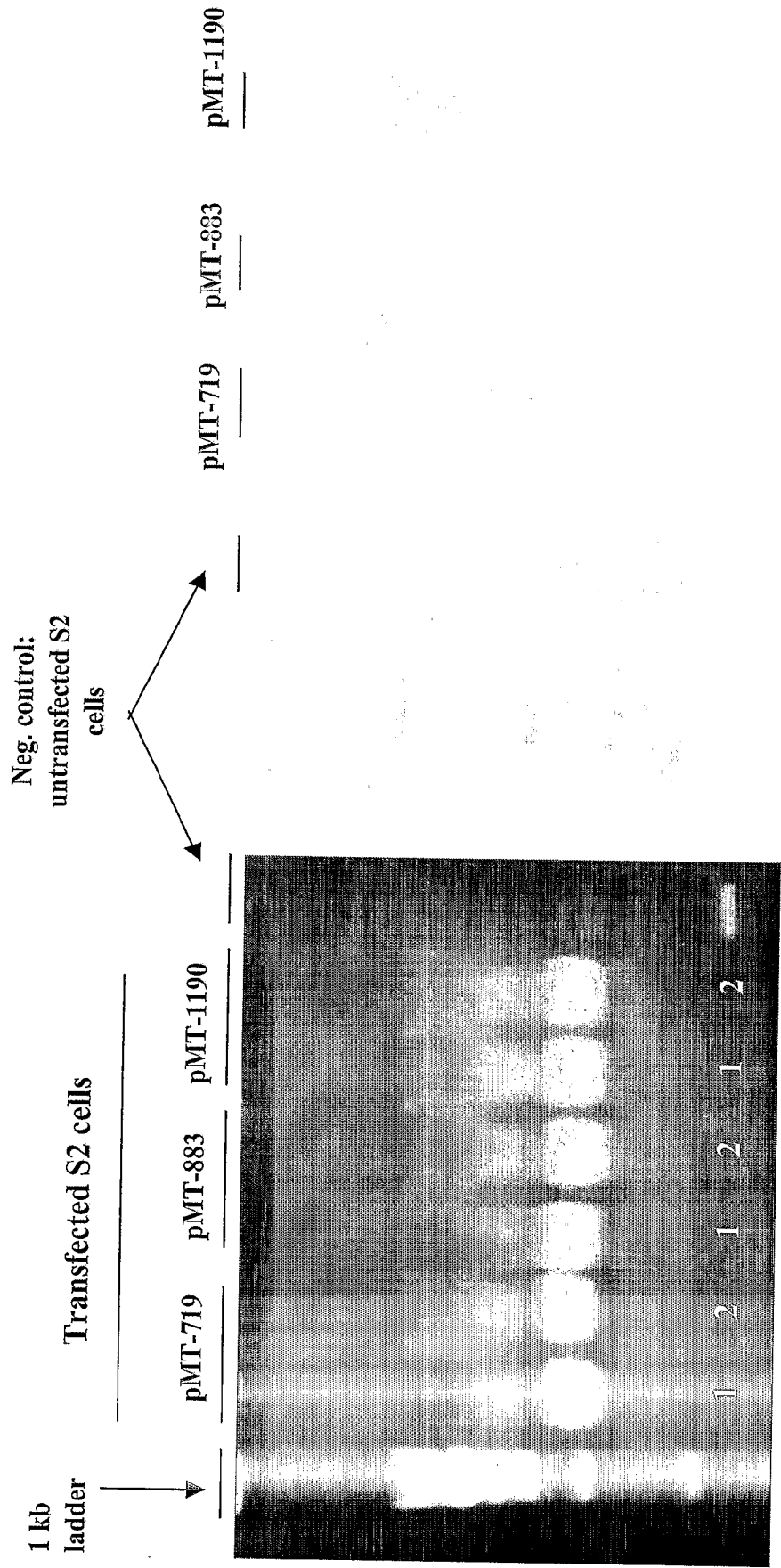
Figure 41

Figure 42



For each construct:

Lane 1: 24h after transfection

Lane 2: 48h after transfection

Figure 43

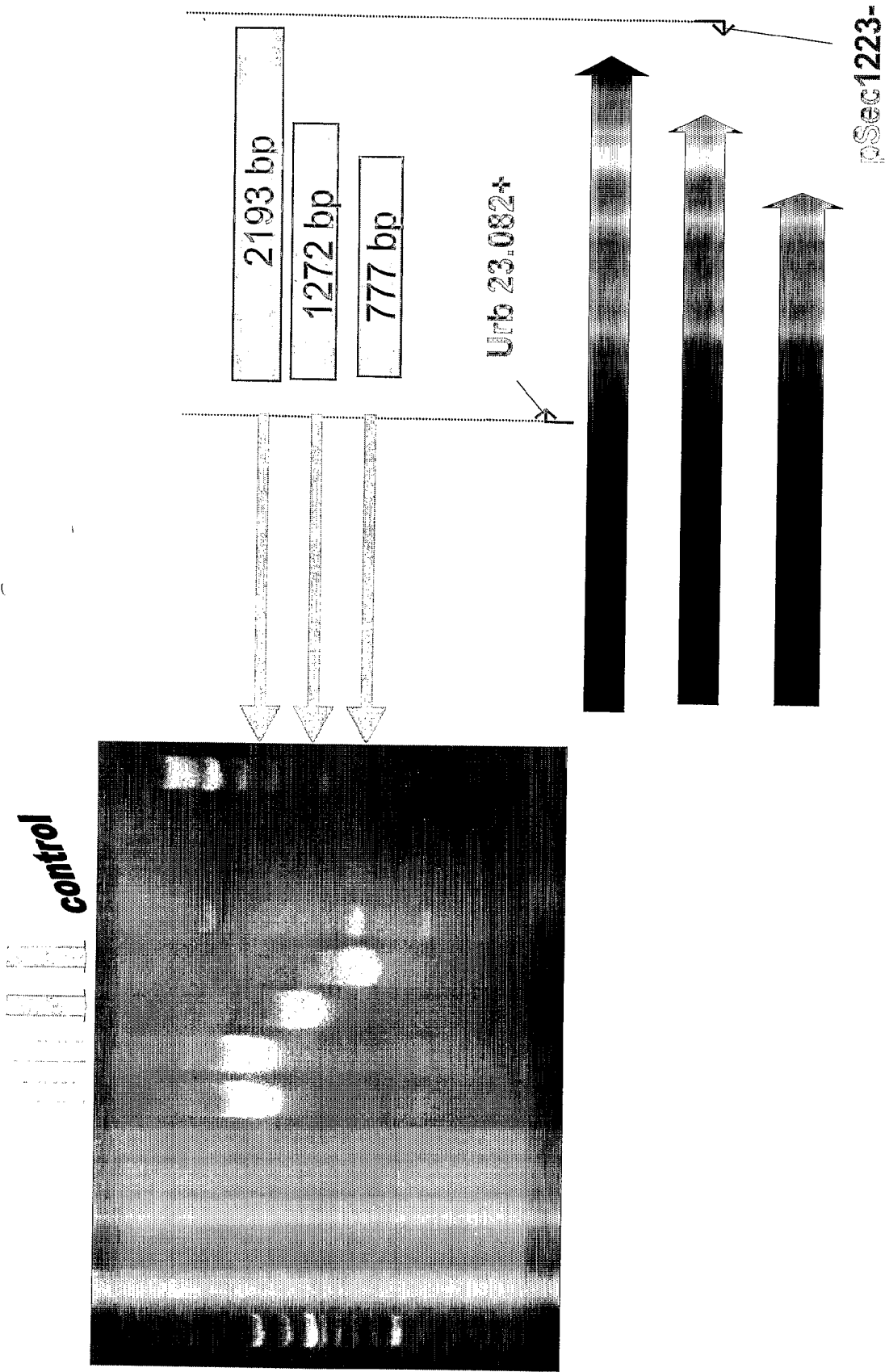


Figure 44

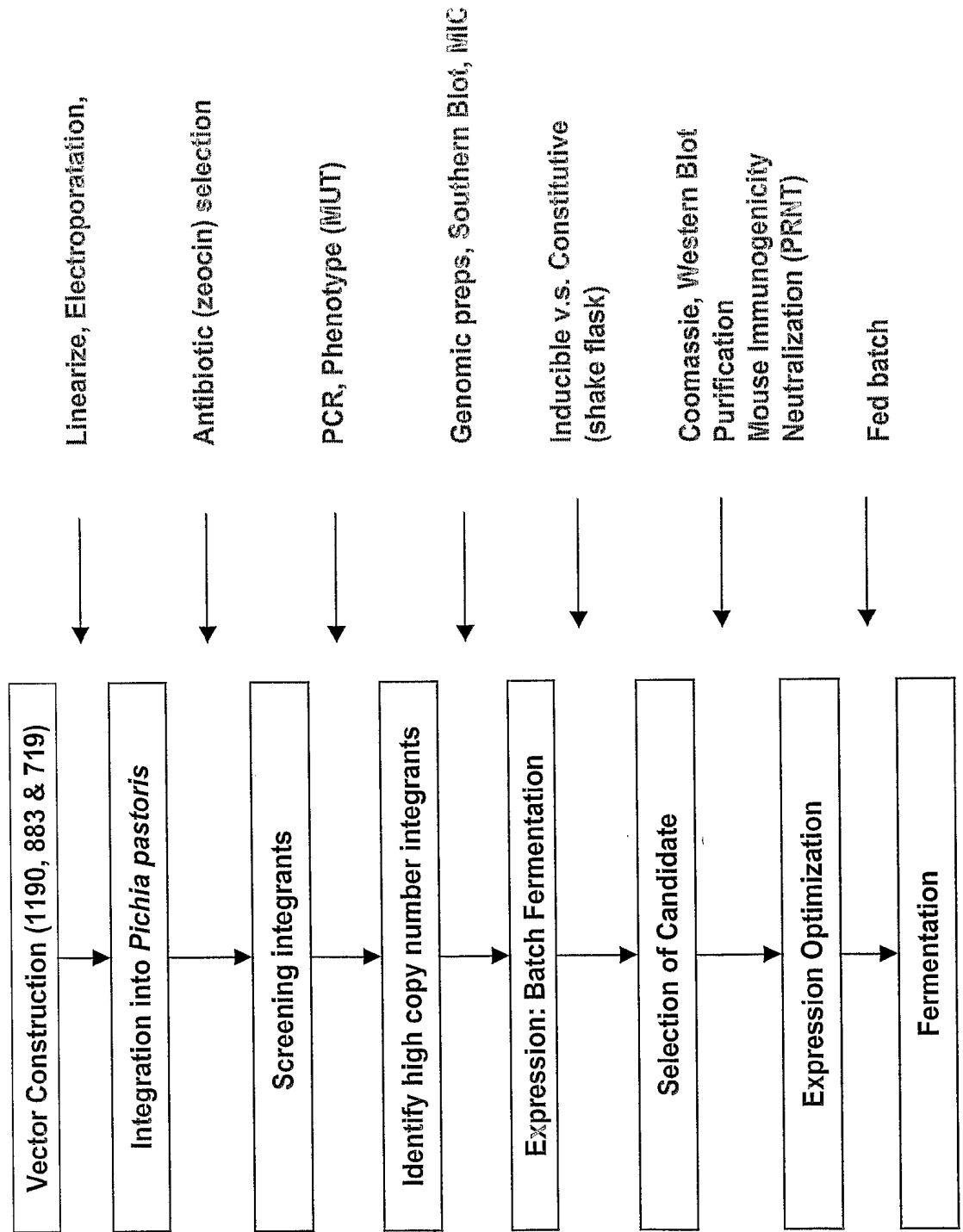
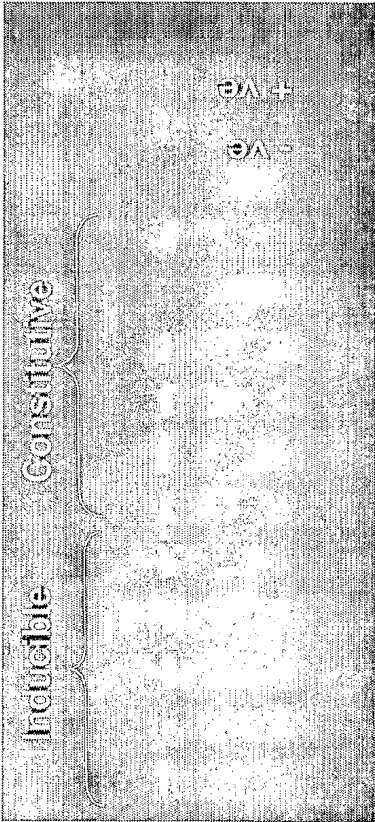


Figure 45 (page 1 of 2)

CLONE 1: 1190



CLONE 2: 883



NOTE: DNA to be probed to determine copy number by Southern hybridization

Figure 45 (page 2 of 2)

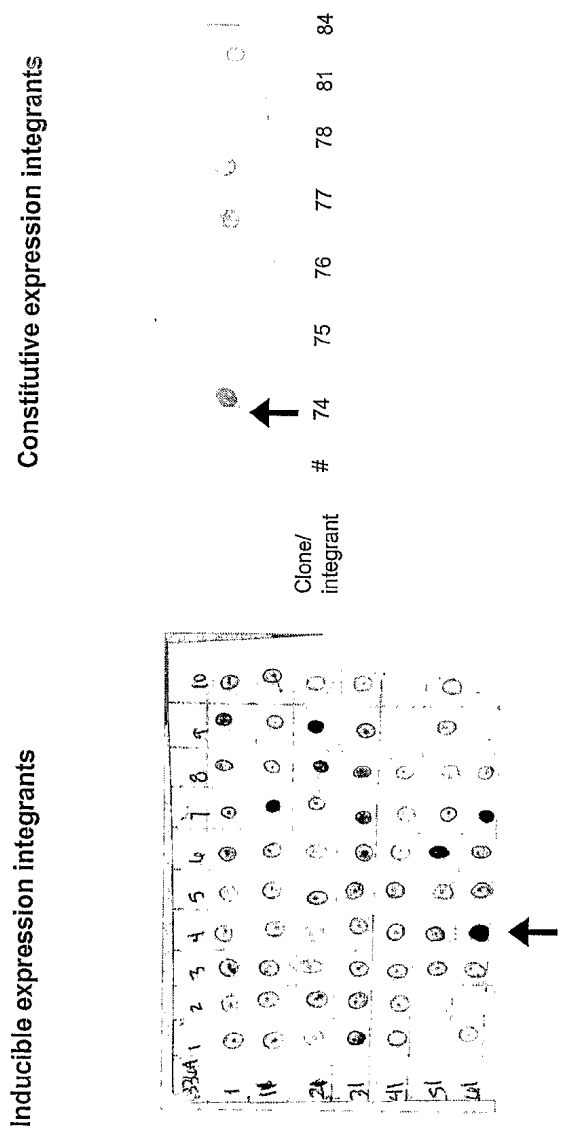


Figure 46 (page 1 of 2)

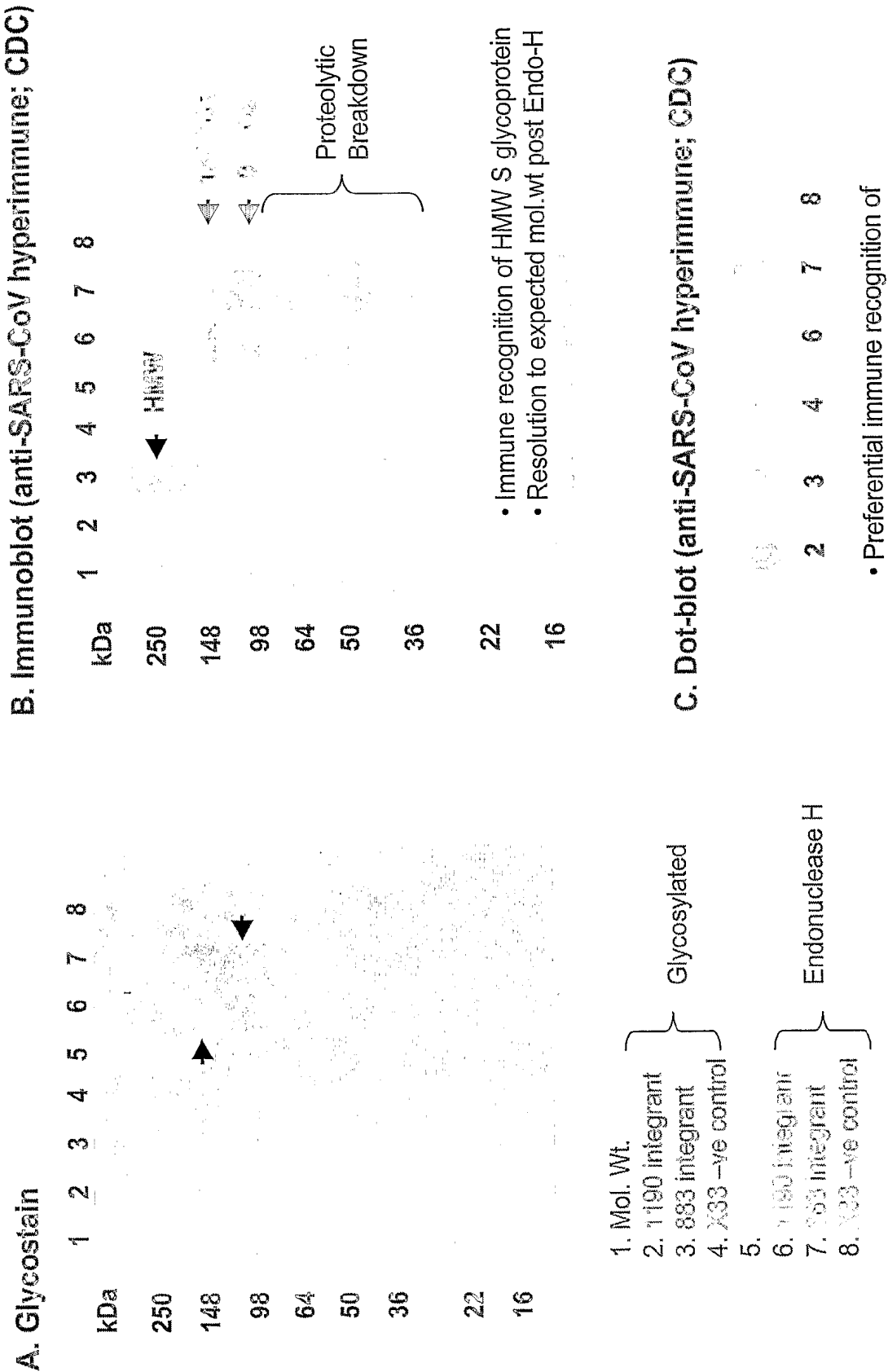
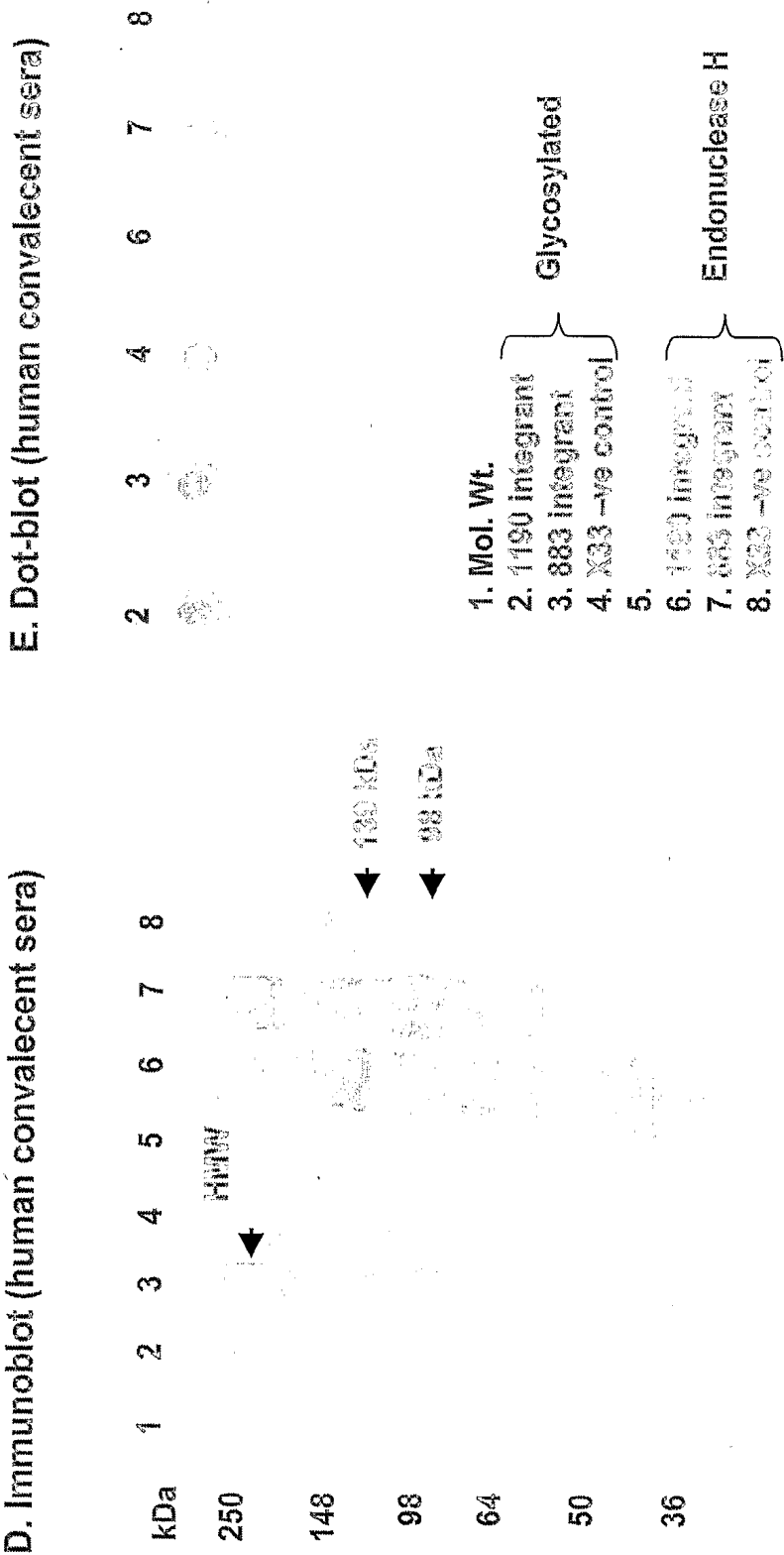
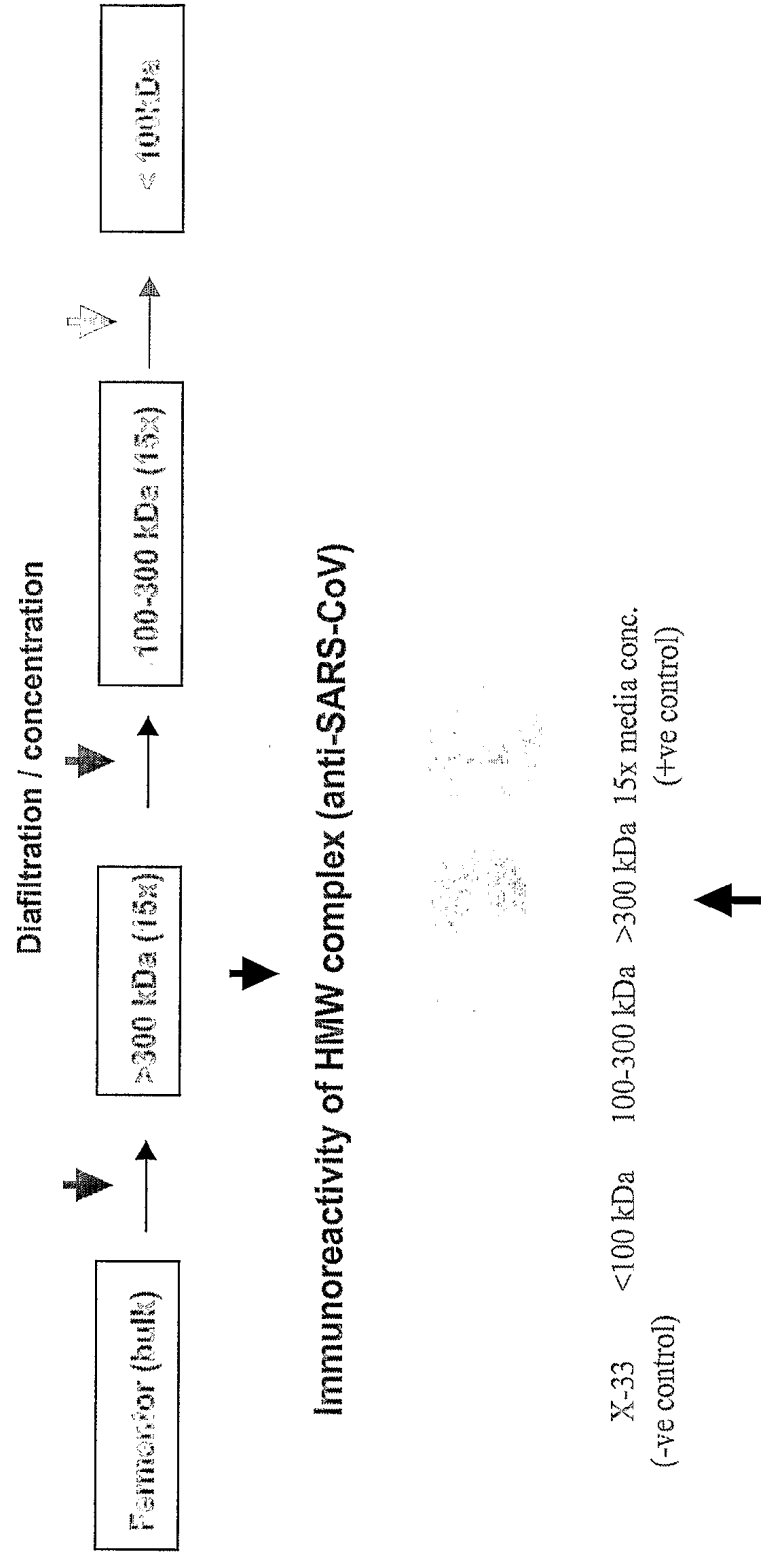


Figure 46 (page 2 of 2)



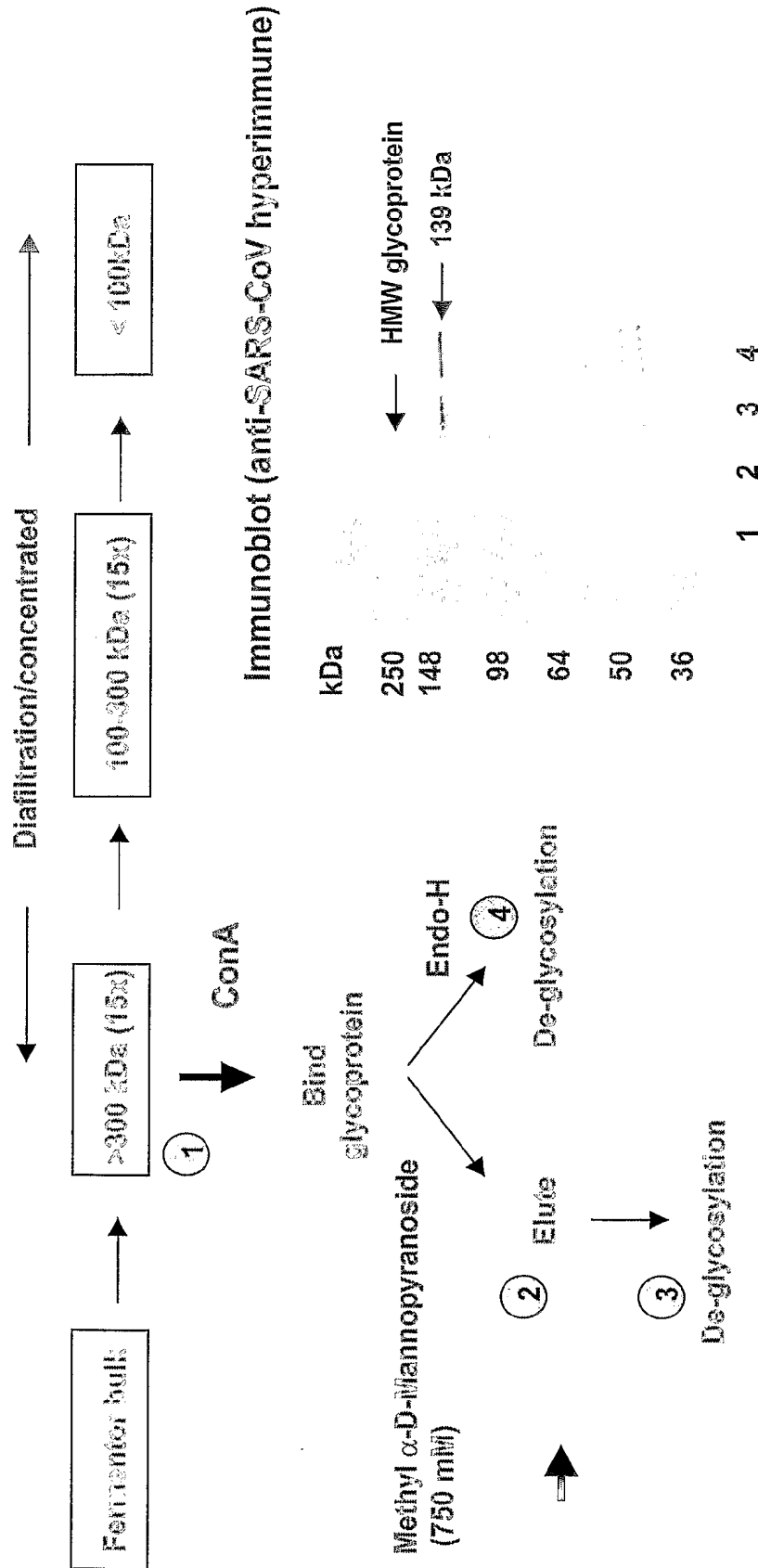
- Human immune sera recognizes HIV & de-glycosylated 1190 & 883 S glycoprotein (expected mol. wt)
- Evidence for enhanced recognition of conformational epitopes

Figure 47



- recombinant S protein > 300 kDa
- Native HMW S glycoprotein immunoreactive with anti-SARS-CoV hyperimmune (CDC)

Figure 48



- recognition of HMW complex by Western blot at > 250 kDa with anti-SARS-CoV (CDC)
- Lectin binding of recombinant S glycoprotein
- recombinant S glycoprotein resolves to expected mol. wt post endonuclease treatment (139 kDa)

Figure 49

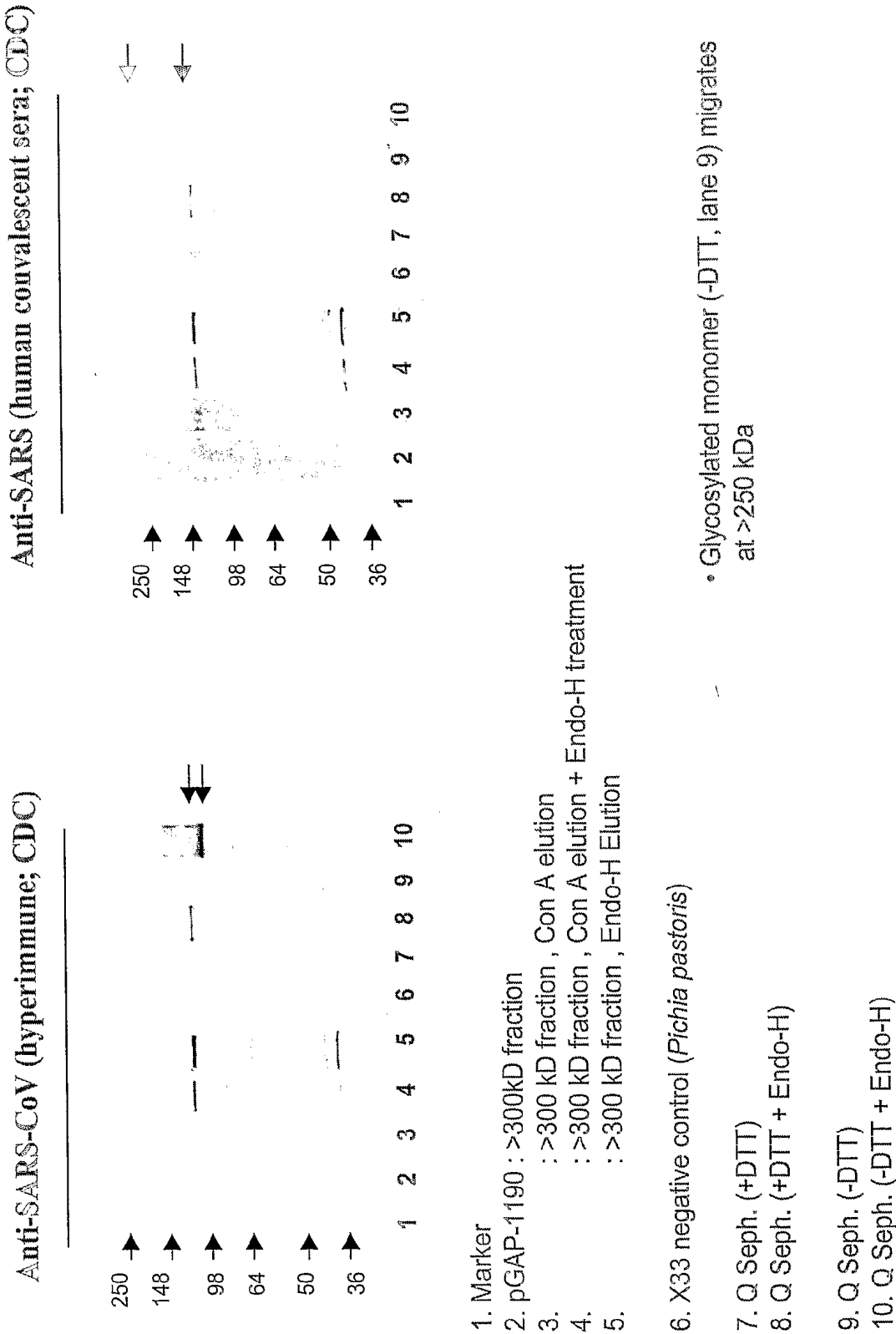


Figure 50

NCBInr 20031016 (1539396 sequences; 498883957 residues)
Significant hits:
PHO1 PRECURSOR
Modified Beta Trypsin (Monoisopropylphosphoryl Inhibited) (E.C.3.4.21.4) (Neutron (SEQ ID NO:33)
E2 glycoprotein precursor; putative spike glycoprotein [SARS coronavirus]
Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH)
trypsin (EC 3.4.21.4) precursor - bovine
ACID PHOSPHATASE

Matched peptides shown in Bold Red

1	MFIFLLFLTL	TSGSDLDRCT	TFDDVQAPNY	TQHTSMRGV	YYPDEIFRSD
51	TLYLTQDLFL	PFYSNVTGFH	TINHTFGNPV	IPFKDGIYFA	ATEKSNVVRG
101	WVFGSTMNKK	SQSVLIINNS	TNVVIRACNF	ELCDNPFPAV	SKPMGTQTHH
151	MLFDNAFNCT	FEYISDAFSL	DVSEKSGNFK	HLREFVEKNK	DGFLYVYKGY
201	QPIDWVRDLP	SGFNTLKPIF	KLPLGINITN	FRAILTAFSP	AQDIWGTSA
251	AYEVGYLKPT	TFMLKYDENG	TITDAVDCSQ	NPLAELKCSV	KSFEIDKGIY
301	QTSNFRVWPS	GDVVRFPNIT	NLCPPFGEVFN	ATKFPSSVYAW	ERKKISNCVA
351	DYSVLVNSTF	FSTFKCYGVS	ATKLNDLCFS	NVYADSFVVK	GDDVRQIAPG
401	QTGVIADYNY	KLPDFDFMGCV	LAWNTRNIDA	TSTGNYNYKY	RYLRHGKLRP
451	FERDISNVPF	SPDGKPCPTP	ALNCYWPLND	YGFYTTTGIG	YQPYRVVVLS
501	FELNAPATV	CGPKLSTDLI	KNQCVNFENF	GLTGTGVLTP	SSKRFQPFQ
551	FGRDVSDFTD	SVRDPKTSEI	LDISPCAFGG	VSVITPGTNA	SSEVAVLYQD
601	VNCTDVSTAI	HADQLTPAWR	IYSTGNVVFQ	TQAGCLIGAE	HVDTSYECDI
651	PIGAGICASY	HTVSLLRSTS	OKSIVAYTMS	LGADSSIAYS	NNTIAIPTNF
701	SISITTEVMP	VSMAKTSVDC	NMYICGDSTE	CANLLQYGS	FCTQLNRALS
751	GTAABQDRNT	REVFAQVKQM	YKPTTLKYFG	GFNFSQILPD	PLKPTKRSFI
801	EDLLFNKVTI	ADAGFMKQYG	ECLGDIINARD	LICAKENGL	TVLPPLLTDD
851	MIAAYTAALV	SGTATAGWTF	GAGAAIQIPF	AMQWAYRENG	IGVTQNVLYE
901	NQKQIANQFN	KAISQIQESL	TTTSTALGKL	QDVVNQNAQA	INTLVKQLSS
951	NFGAITSVILN	DILSLDKVE	AEVQIDRLIT	GRLQSLQTVV	TQQLIRAAEI
1001	RASANLAATK	MSECVLGQSK	RVDFCGKGYH	LMSFPQAAPH	GVVFLHVTYV
1051	PSQERNFTTA	PAICHEGKAY	FPREGVVFVN	GTSWFITQRN	FFSPQIITTD
1101	NTFVSGNCDV	VIGIINNTVY	DPLQPELDSF	KEELDKEYFN	HTSPDVLGD
1151	ISGINASVNV	IQKEIDRLNE	VAKNINESLI	DLQELGKYEQ	YIKWPWVWL
1201	GFIAGLIAIV	MVTILLCCMT	SCCSCLKGAC	SCGSCCKFDE	DDSEPVKGV
1251	KLHYT				

Probability Based
Mowse Score
Score is -10*Log(P),
where P is the
probability that the
observed match is a
random event.
Individual ions scores
> 50 indicate identity
or extensive
homology (p<0.05)

Figure 51

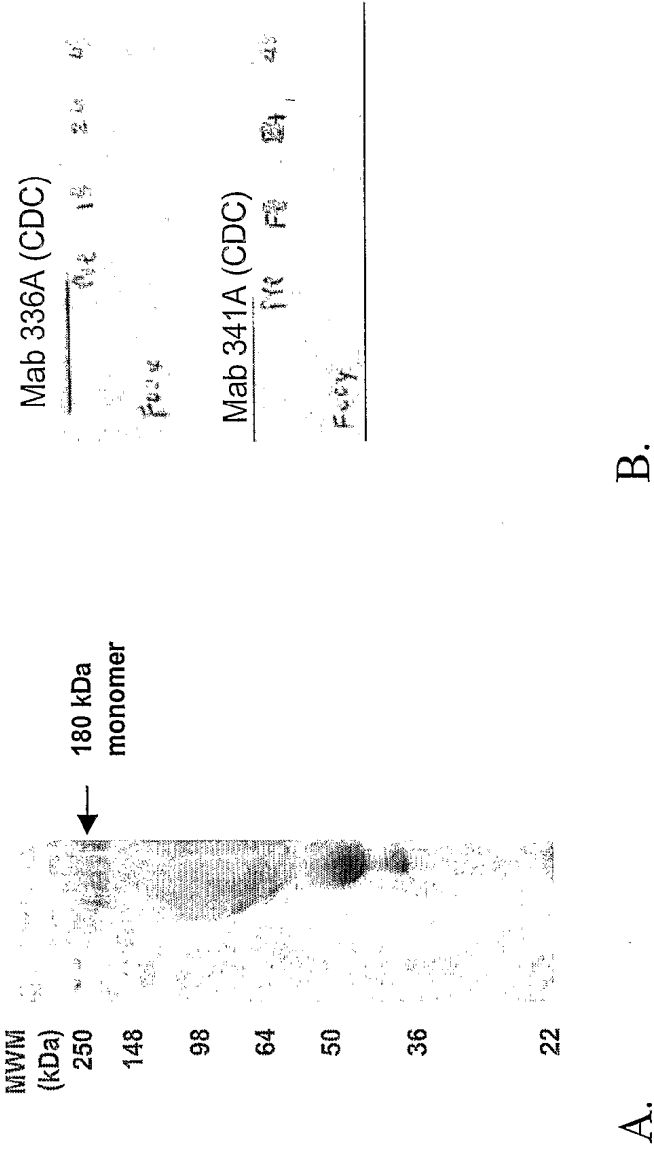
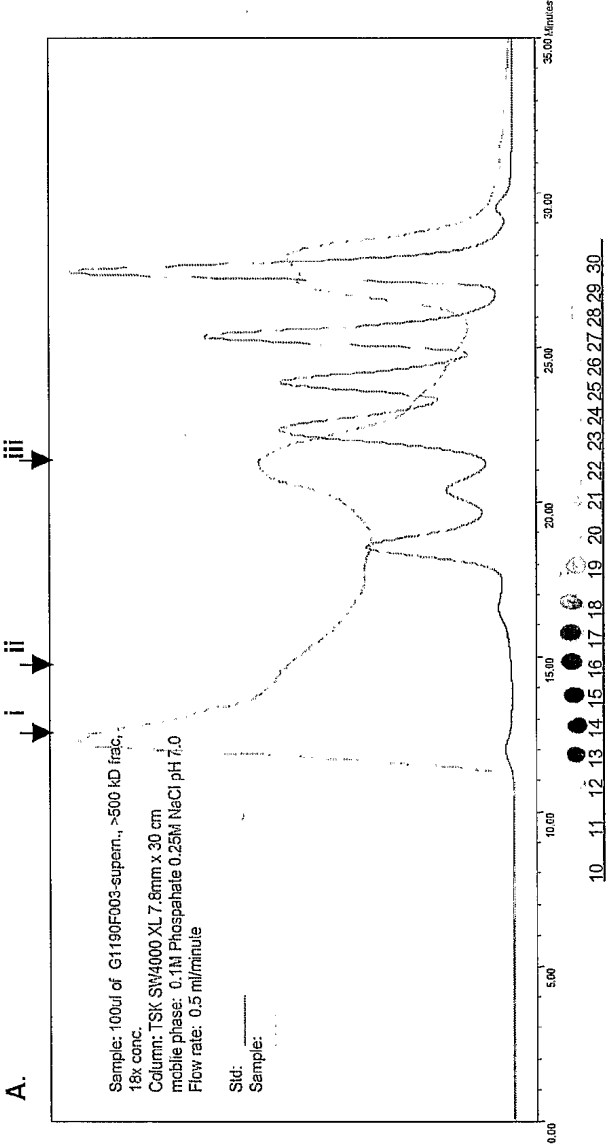


Figure 52 (page 1 of 2)



std: Date Acquired: 10/30/2003 1:15:15 PM; Vial: 1; Inj #: 1; Channel: PDA 280.0 nm
pic1a; Date Acquired: 11/25/2003 9:52:57 AM; Vial: 1; Inj #: 1; Channel: PDA 280.0 nm

Figure 52 (page 2 of 2)

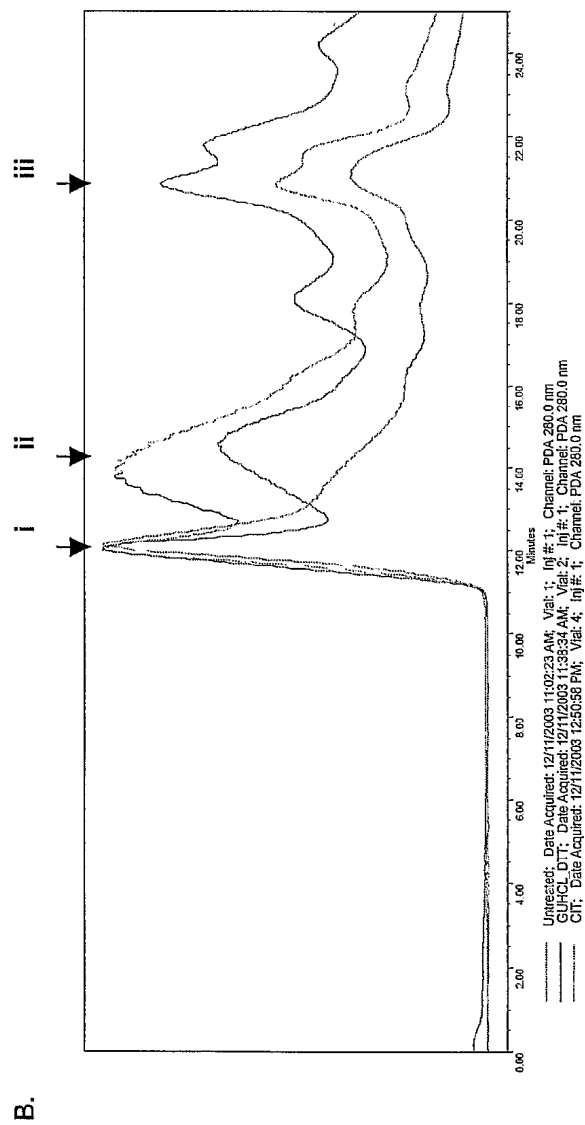
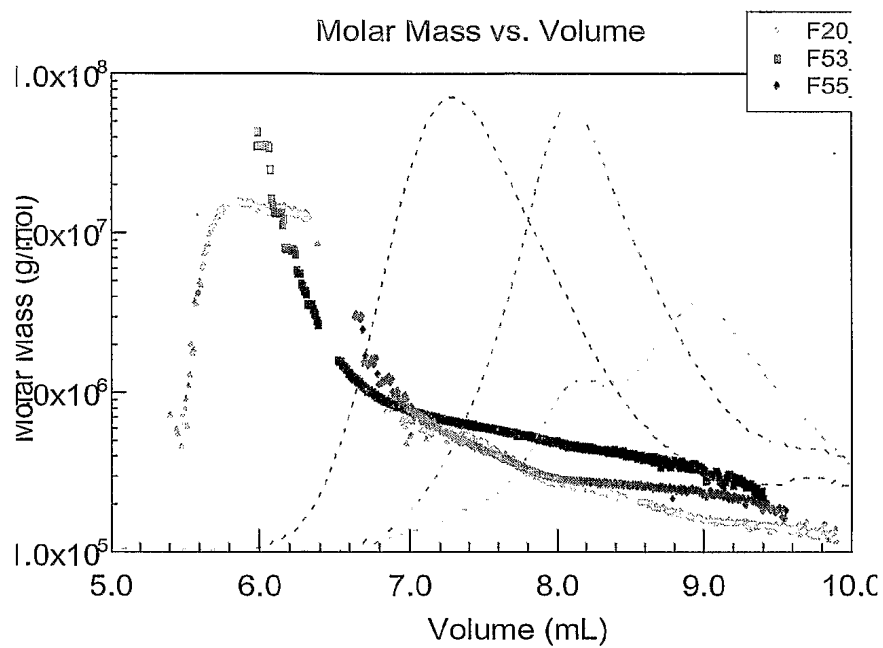


Figure 53



Fraction	MW (Average)
F 20 GuHCl/DTT	1. 322 kDa 2. 160 kDa
F 53 GuHCl/DTT to Citrate (pH4)	312 kDa
F 55 GuHCl/DTT to citrate (pH4)	623 kDa

Figure 54

A. Coomassie stain (SDS-PAGE)

B. Immunoblot (anti-SARS-CoV polyclonal)

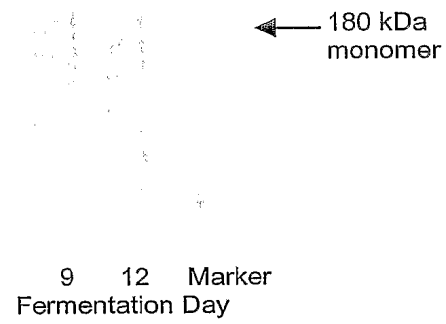
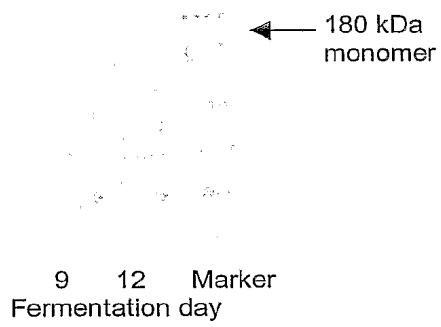


Figure 55

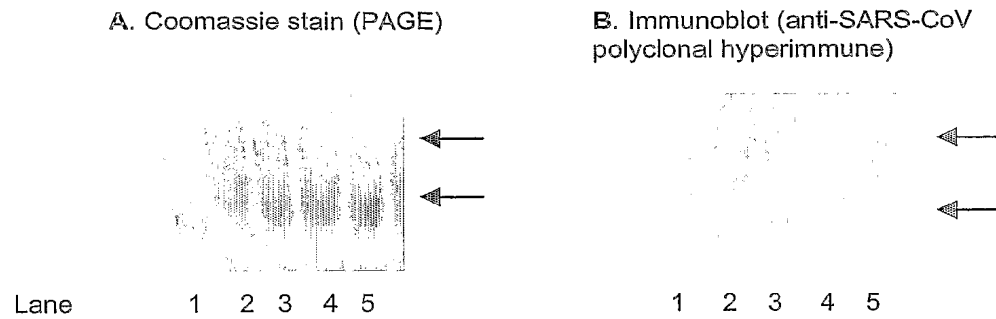


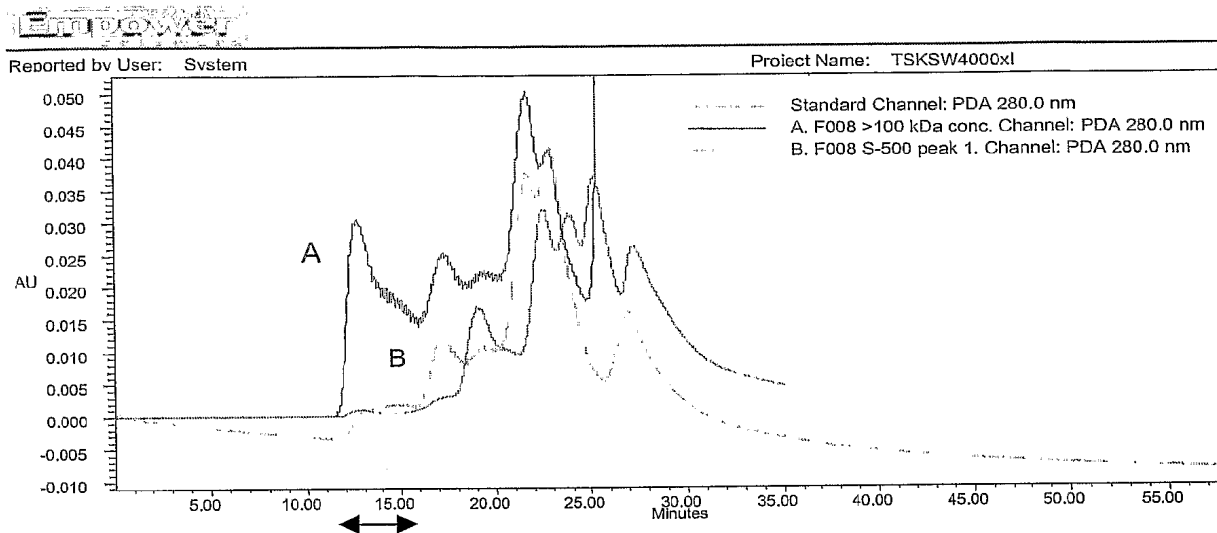
Figure 56

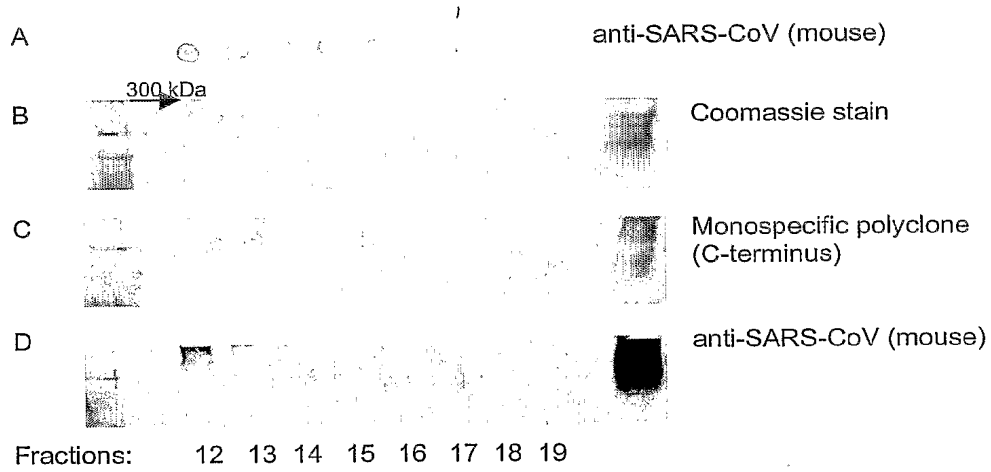
Figure 57

Figure 58

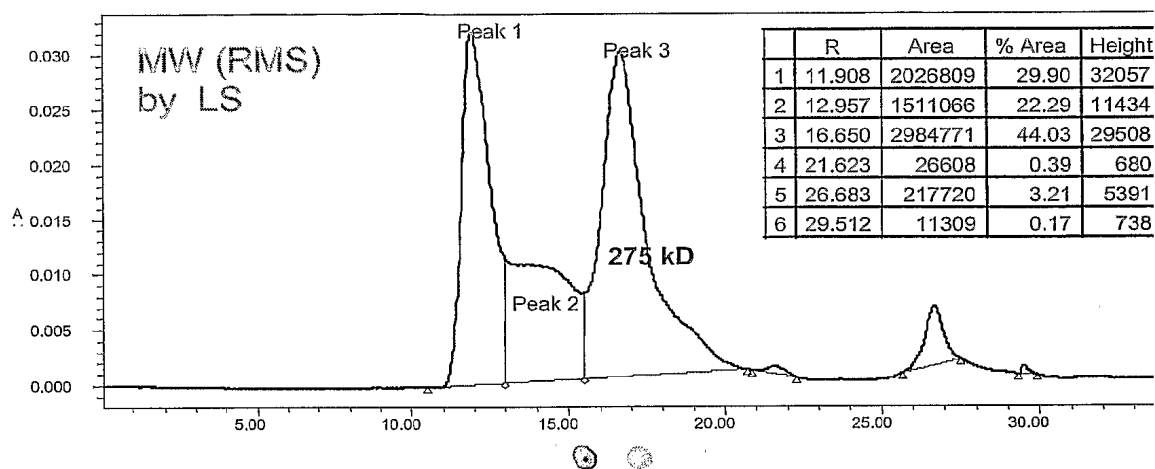


Figure 59

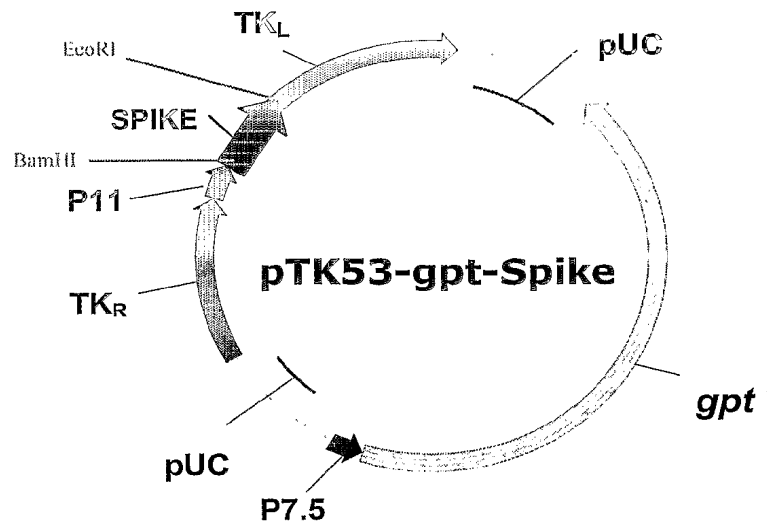


Figure 60

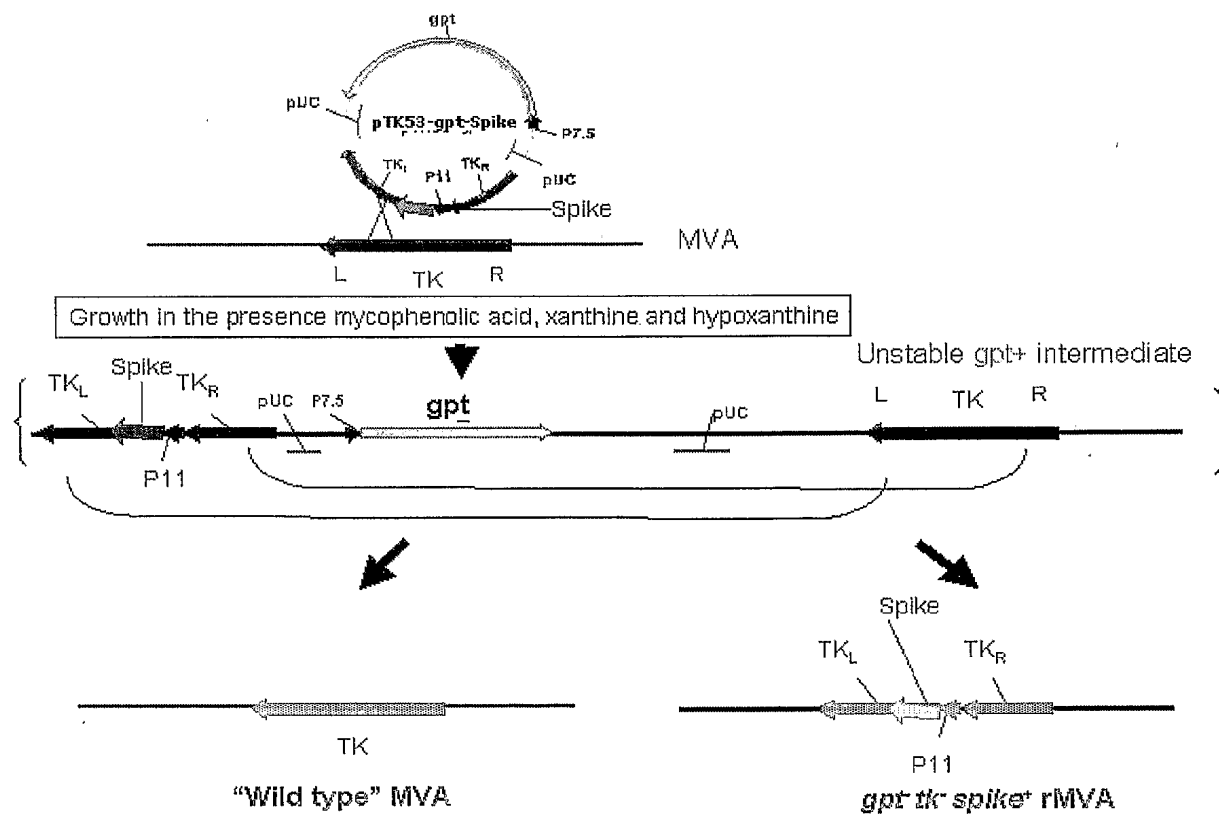


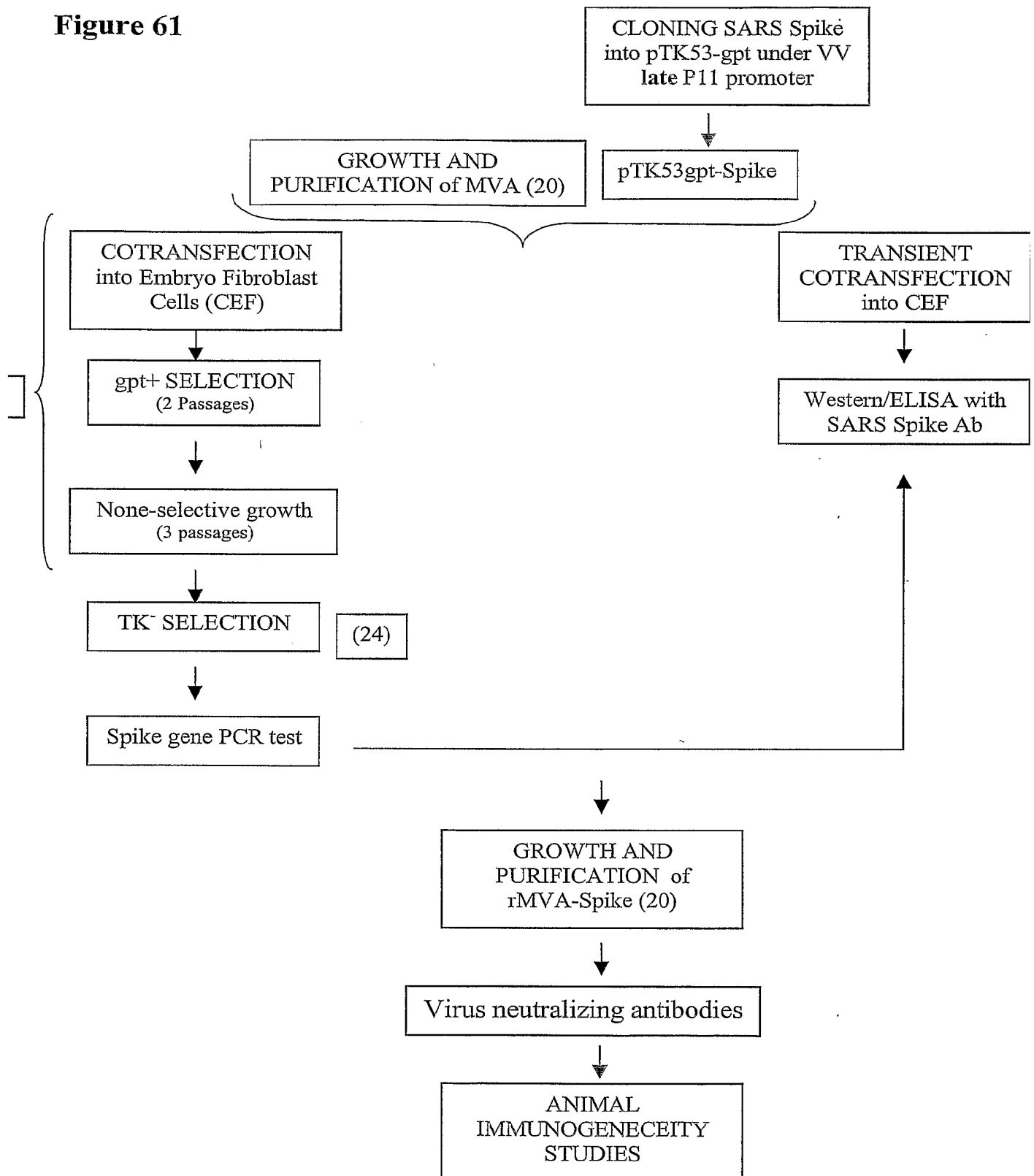
Figure 61

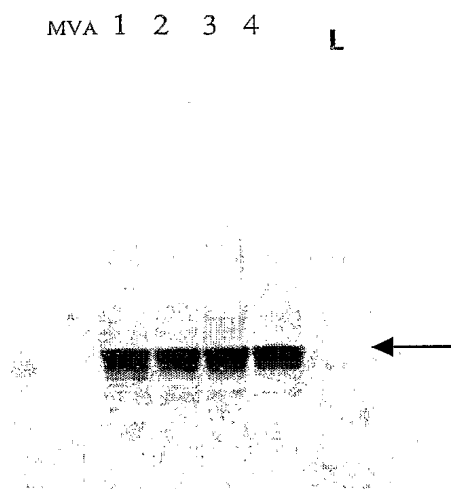
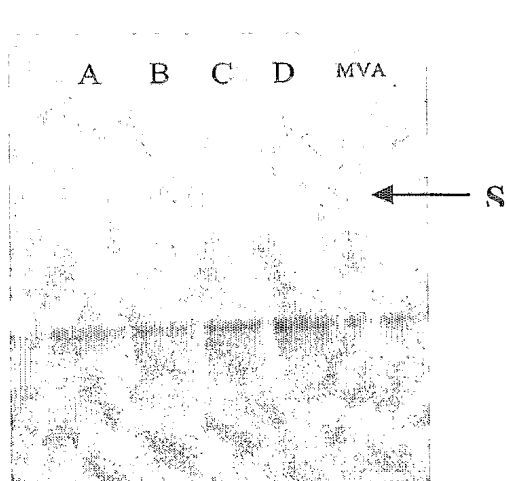
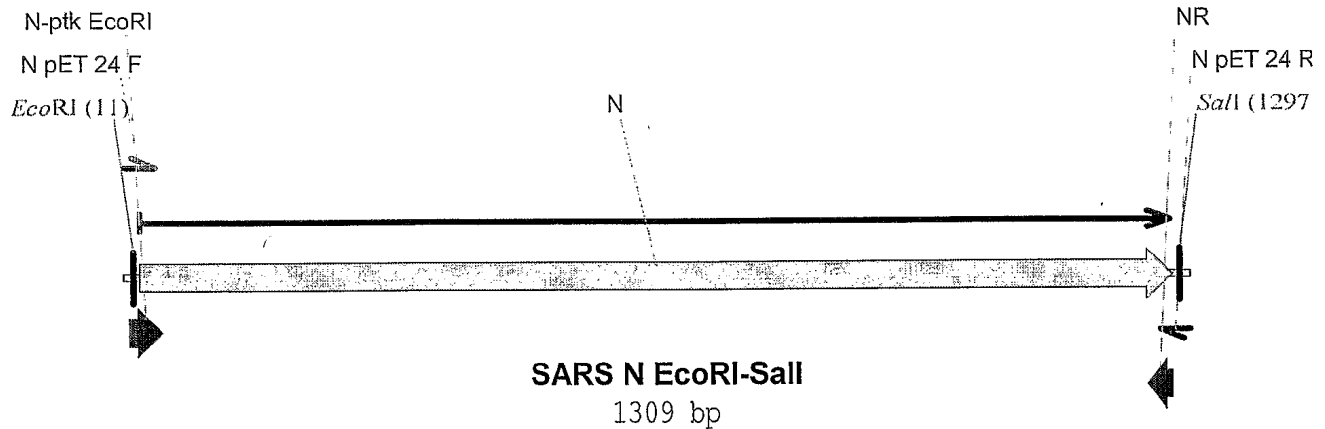
Figure 62

Figure 63

pTK-53 - N

pTK53-N Map



(SEQ ID NO:34)

pTK53-N sequence, from linear map

Start: 19 – End: 1287

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aggacgcaatggggcaaggccaaaacagcgccgacccaagggtttaccaataaactgcgtcttggttcacagctctcactcagcatggc
aaggaggaaacttagattccctcgaggccaggcggtccaatcaacaccaatagtggtccagatgaccaaattggctactaccgaagagcta
cccgacgagttcgtggtggtgacggcaaatgaaagagctcagccccagatggtacttctattacctaggaactggcccagaagcttcactt
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gcggctgacatggatgatttctccagacaacttcaaaattccatgagtgagcttctgctgattcaactcaggcataa
```

(SEQ ID NO:35)

pTK 53-N deduced Amino Acid sequence

423 AA

```
msdngpqsnqrsapritfggptdstdmqnggrngarpkqrrpqglpnntaswftaltqhkgkeelrfprgqgvpintnsgpddqigy
rratrivrvgdgkmkelsprwyfyylgtgpeaslpagankegiwvategalntpkdhigtrmpmnaatvlqlpqgttlpkgyaegs
rggsqassrssrsrgnsrntpgssrgnsparmasgggetalallldrlnqlskvsgkgqqqqgqvtlksaaaskkprqkratkq
```


ynvtqafgrrgpeqtqgnfgdqlirqgtdykhwpqiaqfapsasaffgmsrigmevtpsgtwltyhgaiklddkdpqfkdnvillnk
hidayktfpptepkkdkkkktdeaqplpqrqkkqptvtllpaadmddfsrqlqnsmsgasadstqa*

DNA sequence for E2 glycoprotein precursor (Spike glycoprotein)
Length 3,768 nt

SEQ ID NO:36

Start codon to STOP codon

ATGTTTATTTTCTTATTATTCTTACTCTCACTAGTGGTAGTGACCTTGACCGGTGCACCACCTTTTGATGATGTTCAAGC
TCCTAATTAACATCAACATATCTCATCTATGAGGGGGTTTACTATCCGTGATGAATTTTGTAGATCAGACATCTTTATT
TAACCTCAGGATTTATTTCTTCCATTTTATTTCTAATGTTTACAGGGTTTCACTACTAATTAATCACTGTTGGCAACCGTGT
ATACCTTTTAAAGGATGGTATTTATTTTGCTGCCACAGAGAATCAAATGTTTGTCCGTGGTTGGGTTTTTGGTTCTACCAT
GAACAACAAGTCACAGTCGGTGATTTATTATAACAATTCTACTAATGTTGTTTATACAGAGATGTAACCTTTGAATTTGTGTG
ACAACCCCTTTCTTTGCTGTTTCTAAACCCATGGGTACACAGACATACCTATGATATTCGATAATGCATTTAATTCGACT
TTCGAGTACATATCTGATGCTTTTTCGTTGATGTTTCAAGAAAGTCAGTAATTTTAAACACTTACGAGAGCTTTGTGTT
TAAAAATTAAGATGGGTTTCTCTATGTTTATAAGGGCTATCAACCTATAGATGTAGTTTCGTGATCTACCTTCTGGTTTTA
ACACTTTTGAAACCTATTTTAAAGTTGCCCTCTGGTATTAACATCAAAATTTTAGAGCCATTTCTTACAGCCCTTTTCACT
GCTCAAGACATTTGGGGCAGCTCAGCTGCAGCCTATTTTGTGGCTATTTAAAGCCAACTACATTTTATGCTCAAGTATGA
TGAAATCGTACAATCAGAGATCGTGTGATTTGTTCTCAAATCCACTTGTCTGAATCAAAATGCTCTGTTAAGAGCTTTG
AGATTGACAAGGAATTTACAGACATCTAATTTACAGGGTTGTTCCCTCAGGAGATGTTGTGAGATTCCTTAATATTACA
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TGAATGATCTTTGCTTCTCCAATGTCTATGTCAGATTCTTTTGTAGTCAAGGAGATGATGTAAACAAATAGCGCCAGGA
CAAACCTGGTGTATTGCTGATATAATATAAATGGCAGATGATTTATCGGTTGTGCTCTTGTCTGGAATCATAGGAA
CATTGATGCTACTCTCACTGTGATAATATAATAATAGGATCTTAGACATGCGAAGCTTAGGCCCTTTGAGAGAG
ACATATCTAATGTGCTCTTCTCCCTGATGGCAAACTTGCACCCCACTGCTCTTAATTGTTATTGGCCATTAAATGAT
TATGTTTTTACCACTACTGGCATTTGGCTACCAACCTTACAGATTTGTAGTACTTTCTTTTGAACCTTTAAATGCACC
GGCCACGGTTTGTGAGCAAAAATATCCAGTACGACCTTATAAGAACCAGTGCTCAATTTAATTTAATGGACTCACTG
GTACTGGTGTGTTTGAATCTTCTTCTCAAAGAGATTTCAACATTTCAACAATTTGGCCGTGATGTTTCTGATTTTCACTGAT
TCCGTTTCGAGATCCTAAACATCTGAAATATTAGACATTTACCTTGTCTTTTGGGGGTGTAAGTGTAAATACACCTGG
AACAAATGCTTCTATCTGAAGTTGCTGTTCTATATCAAGATGTTAACTCAGCATGATTTTCTACGACAAATCATGAGATC
AACTCACACAGCTTGGCGCATATATTCTACTGGAACAAATGATTACAGACATCAAGCAGGCTGCTTATAGGAGCTGAG
CATGTCGACATCTCTATGAGTGCACATTTCTTATTGGAGCTGGCATTTTGTGCTAGTTACCATACAGTTTCTTTATTACG
TAGTATAGCCAAAAATCTATTGTGGCTTATACTATGTCTTTAGGTGCTGATAGTTTCAATGCTTACTCTAATCAACCA
TTGCTATACCTCACTAATTTTCAATAGCATTAACAGAGTAATGCCTTTTCTATGGCTAAACCTCGTAGATGTG
AATATGATACATCTCGGAGATTCTACTGAATGTGCTAATTTGCTTCTCAATATGGTAGCTTTTGACACAACTAAATCG
TGCACCTCTCAGGATTTGCTGCTGAACAGGATCGCAACACACGTGAAGTGTGCTGCTCAAGTCAACAATGTTGACAAACCC
CAACTTTGAAATATTTTGGTGGTTTTAATTTTACCAAAATATACCTGACCTCTAAAGCCAACTAAGAGTCTTTTAT
GAGACTTGTCTCTTTAATAAGGTGACATCGCTGATCGCTTCTATGAAGCAATATGGCGAATGCTTAGGTGATATTAA
TGCTAGAGATCTCAATTTGTGCGCAGAAGTTCAATGGACTTACAGTGTGGCCAGCTCTGCTCACTGATGATATGATTGCTG
CCTATGCTGCTGCTTAGTTAGTGTGACTGCGCACTGCTGATGGACATTTGGTGCTGGCGCTCTCTTCAAATACCTTTT
GCTATGCAATGGCATATAGGTTCAATGGCATTTGAGTTACCAAAATGTTCTCTATGAGAACAAAAACAATCGCCAA
CCAATTTAACAAGGCGATTAGTCAAATCAAGAATCACTTACAACAACATCAACTGCATTGGGCAAGCTGCAAGACGTTG
TTAACAGAGATGCTCAAGCATATAACACACTGTTTAAACAACATTAGCTCTAATTTTGGTGCAATTTCAAGTGTGCTAAAT
GATATCTTTCCGACTTGATAAAGTCGAGCGGAGTACAAATTGACAGGTTAATTCAGGACAGACTTCAAAGGCTTCA
AACCTATGTAACACAACAACATAATCAGGGGCTGCTGAATCAGGGCTTCTGCTAATCTTGTGCTACTAAAATGTCTGAGT
GTGTTCTTGGAACATCAAAAGAGTTGACTTTTGTGGAAGGGCTACCACCTTATGTCTCTCCCAAGCAGCCCCGCAT
GGTGTGCTTCTCTACATGTACGATGTGCCATCCAGGAGAGGAACCTCACCACGCGCCAGCAATTTGTCTATGAAG
CAAGCATACTTCCCTCGTAAGGTTTGTGTTTAAATGGCACTCTTGGTTTATTACACAGAGGAACCTTCTTTTCTC
CACAAATAATTACTACAGCAATACATTTGTCTCAGGAAATTGTGATGTGTTTGGCATCATTAACAACACAGTTTAT
TCTTCTGCGCAACCTGAGCTGCATCTATTCAAGAAGAGCTGGACAAGTACTTCAAATCATACATCAGCAGATGTTGA
ATTTTAAATGAATCACTCATTGACCTTCAAGAATTGGGAAAATATGAGCAATATATTAAATGGCTTGGTATGTTTGGCTC
GGCTTCATTGCTGGAATAATTGCCATCGTCATGGTTACAATCTTGTCTTGTGTCATGACTAGTTGTTGAGTTGCCCTCA
GGGTGCATGCTCTTGTGTTTCTGCTGCAAGTTTGTGAGGATGACTCTGAGCCAGTTCTCAAGGGTGTCAATTACATT
ACACATAA

Figure 64 (page 1 of 2)

Protein sequence for E2 glycoprotein precursor (Spike glycoprotein)
Length 1256 aa

Molecular Weight 139,124.54 Daltons

SEQ ID NO:37

MFIFLLFLTLTSGSDLDRCTTFDDVQAPNYTQHTSSMRGVYYPDEIFRSDTLYLTDLFLPFYSNVTGFHTINHTFGNPV
IPFKDGIYFAATEKSNVVRGWVFGSTMNKSQSIIINNSTNVVIRACNPFELCDNPFFAVSKPMGTQHTMTIFDNAFNCT
FEYISDAFSLDVSEKSGNFKHLREFVFKNKDGFYVYKGYQPIDVVRDLPSGFNTLKPIFKLPLGINITNFRAILTAFSP
AQDIWGTSAAYFVGYLKPTTFMLKYDENGTTITDAVDCSQNPALAEKCSVKSFEIDKGIYQTSNFRVVPSPGDVVRFPNIT
NLCPPFGEVFNATKFPSPVYAWERKKISNCVADYSVLYNSTFFSTFKCYGVSATKLNLDLCSFNVYADSFVVKGDDVRQIAFG
QTGVIADYNYKLDDFMGCVLAWNTRNIDATSTGNYNYKYRYLRHCKLRPFERDISNVPPSPDGKPCCTPPALNICYWPLND
YGFYTTTGIGYQPYRVVLSFELLNAPATVCGPKLSTDLIKNQCVMFNFNGLTGTGVLTPSSKRFQPFQFGRDVSDFTD
SVRDPKTSEILDISPCSFGGVSVITPGTNASSEVAVLYQDVNCTDVSTAIHADQLTPAWRIYSTGNNVVFQTAQACCLIGAE
HVDTSYECDIPIGAGICASYHTVSLLRSTSQKSIVAYTMSLGADSSIAYSNNTIAIPTNFSISITTEVMFVSMAKTSVDC
NMYICGDSTECANLLQYGSFCTQLNRALSGIAAEQDRNTRREVFAQVKQMYKTPTLKYFGGFNFSQILEPDLKPTKRSFI
EDLLFNKVTADAGFMKQYGECLGDINARDLICAQKFNGLTVLPPLLTDDMIAAYTAALVSGTATAGWTFGAGALQIPF
AMQMAYRFNGIGVTQNVLYENQKQIANQFNKAISQIQESLTTTSTALGKLQDVVNQNAQALNTLVKQLSSNFGAISSVLN
DILSRLDKVEAEVQIDRLITGRQLSLQTYVTQQLIRAAEIRASANLAATKMSECVLGQSKRVDFCGKGYHLMSPFQAAPH
GVVFLHVTYVPSQERNFTTAPAIHEGKAYFPREGVVFVNGTSWFTITQRNFFSPQIIITDNTFVSGNCDVVIGIINNTVY
DFLQPELDSFKEELDKYFNHTSPDVDLGDISGINASVVNIQKEIDRLNEVAIGNLINESLIDLQELGKYEQYIKWPNYVWL
GFIAGLIAIVMVTILLCCMTSCCSCCLKGACSCGSCCKFDEDDSEPVLKGVKLHYT.

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The entire nucleotide sequence of SARS-CoV (Urbani strain).

The genome is 29, 727 nucleotides in length from 5' leader to 3' end.

Contig[0001] Length: 29727 Mon, Apr 14, 2003 10:55 AM Check: 4614

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1  TTATTAGGTT TTTACCTACC CAGGAAAAGC CAACCAACCT CGATCTCTTG
51  TAGATCTGTT CTCTAAACGA ACTTTAAAAT CTGTGTAGCT GTCGCTCGGC
101  TGCATGCCTA GTGCACCTAC GCAGTATAAA CAATAATAAA TTTTACTGTC
151  GTTGACAAGA AACGAGTAAC TCGTCCCTCT TCTGCAGACT GCTTACGGTT
201  TCGTCCGTGT TGCAGTCGAT CATCAGCATA CCTAGGTTTC GTCCGGGTGT
251  GACCGAAAGG TAAGATGGAG AGCCTTGTTT TGGGTGTCAA CGAGAAAACA
301  CACGTCCAAC TCAGTTTGCC TGTCTTCAG GTTAGAGACG TGCTAGTGCG
351  TGGCTTCGGG GACTCTGTGG AAGAGGCCCT ATCGGAGGCA CGTGAACACC
401  TCAAAAATGG CACTTGTTGG CTAGTAGAGC TGGAAAAAGG CGTACTGCCC
451  CAGCTTGAAC AGCCCTATGT GTTCATTAAA CGTTCTGATG CCTTAAGCAC
501  CAATCACGGC CACAAGGTCG TTGAGCTGGT TGCAGAAATG GACGGCATTC
551  AGTACGGTCC TAGCGGTATA AACTCTGGAG TACTCGTGCC ACATGTGGGC
601  GAAACCCCAAT TTGCATACCG CAATGTTCTT CTTCGTAAGA ACGGTAATAA
651  GGGAGCCGGT GGTTCATAGCT ATGGCATCGA TCTAAAGTCT TATGACTTAG
701  GTGACGAGCT TGGCACTGAT CCCATTGAAG ATTATGAACA AAAGTGAAC
751  ACTAAGCATG GCAGTGGTGC ACTCCGTGAA CTCACTCGTG AGCTCAATGG
801  AGGTGCCATG ACTCGCTATG TCGACAACAA TTTCTGTGGC CCAGATGGGT
851  ACCCTCTTGA TTGCATCAAA GATTTTCTCG CACGCGCGGG CAAGTCAATG
901  TGCACTCTTT CCGAACAACT TGATTACATC GAGTCGAAGA GAGGTGTCTA
951  CTGCTGCCGT GACCATGAGC ATGAAATTGC CTGGTTCCTT GAGCGCTCTG
1001 ATAAGAGCTA CGAGCACCAG ACACCCTTCG AAATTAAGAG TGCCAAGAAA
1051 TTTGACACTT TCAAAGGGGA ATGCCCAAAG TTTGTGTTTC CTCTTAACTC
1101 AAAAGTCAAA GTCAATCAAC CACGTGTTGA AAAGAAAAAG ACTGAGGGTT
1151 TCATGGGGCG TATACGCTCT GTGTACCCTG TTGCATCTCC ACAGGAGTGT
1201 AACAAATGAG ACTTGTCTAC CTTGATGAAA TGTAAATCATT GCGATGAAGT
1251 TTCATGGCAG ACGTGCGACT TTCTGAAAGC CACTTGTGAA CATTGTGGCA
1301 CTGAAAATTT AGTTATTGAA GGACCTACTA CATGTGGGTA CCTACCTACT
1351 AATGCTGTAG TGAAAATGCC ATGTCCTGCC TGTCAAGACC CAGAGATTGG
1401 ACCTGAGGGA AGTGTGCGAG ATTATCACA CCACTCAAAC ATTGAAACTC
1451 GACTCCGCAA GGGAGGTAGG ACTAGATGTT TTGGAGGCTG TGTGTTTGGC
1501 TATGTTGGCT GCTATAATAA GCGTGCCTAC TGGGTTCTCT GTGCTAGTGC
1551 TGATATTGGC TCAGGCCATA CTGGCATTAC TGGTGACAAT GTGGAGACCT
1601 TGAATGAGGA CTTCTTGGAG ATACTGAGTC GTGAACGTGT TAACATTAA
1651 ATTGTTGGCG ATTTTTCATT GAATGAAGAG GTTGCCATCA TTTTGGCATC
1701 TTTCTCTGCT TCTACAAGTG CCTTTATTGA CACTATAAAG AGTCTTGATT
1751 ACAAGTCTTT CAAAACCATT GTTGAGTCTT GCGGTAACCTA TAAAGTTACC
1801 AAGGGAAAGC CCGTAAAAGG TGCTTGAAC ATTGGACAAC AGAGATCAGT
1851 TTTAACACCA CTGTGTGGTT TTCCCTCACA GGCTGCTGGT GTTATCAGAT
1901 CAATTTTTCG GCGCACACTT GATGCAGCAA ACCACTCAAT TCCTGATTGT
1951 CAAAGAGCAG CTGTCAACAT ACTTGATGGT ATTTCTGAAC AGTCATTACG
2001 TCTGTGCGAC GCCATGGTTT ATACTTCAGA CCTGCTCACC AACAGTGTC
2051 TTATTATGGC ATATGTAAC TGGGTCTTGG TACAACAGAC TTCTCAGTGG
2101 TTGTCTAATC TTTTGGGCAC TACTGTTGAA AAAGTCAAGG CTATCTTTGA
2151 ATGGATTGAG GCGAAACTTA GTGCAGGAGT TGAATTTCTC AAGGATGCTT
2201 GGGAGATTCT CAAATTTCTC ATTACAGGTG TTTTGTGACAT CGTCAAGGGT
2251 CAAATACAGG TTGCTTCAGA TAACATCAAG GATTGTGTAA AATGCTTCAT
2301 TGATGTTGTT AACAAGGCAC TCGAAATGTG CATTGATCAA GTCATATCG
2351 CTGGCGCAAA GTTGCGATCA CTCAACTTAG GTGAAGTCTT CATCGCTCAA
2401 AGCAAGGCAC TTTACCGTCA GTGTATACGT GGCAAGGAGC AGCTGCAACT
2451 ACTCATGCCT CTTAAGGCAC CAAAAGAAGT AACCTTTCTT GAAGGTGATT
2501 CACATGACAC AGTACTTACC TCTGAGGAGG TTGTTCTCAA GAACGGTGAA
2551 CTCGAAGCAC TCGAGACGCC CGTTGATAGC TTCACAAATG GAGCTATCGT
2601 TGGCACACCA GTCTGTGTAA ATGGCCTCAT GCTCTTAGAG ATTAAGGACA
2651 AAGAACATAA CTGCGCATTG TCTCTGTTT TACTGGCTAC AAACAATGTC
2701 TTTGCTTAA AAGGGGGTGC ACCAATTAAA GGTGTAACCT TTGGAGAAGA
2751 TACTGTTTGG GAAGTTCAAG GTTACAAGAA TGTGAGAATC ACATTTGAGC
2801 TTGATGAACG TGTTGACAAA GTGCTTAATG AAAAGTGCTC TGTCTACACT

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2901 TGTTGTGAAG ACTTTTACAAC CAGTTTCTGA TCTCCTTACC AACATGGGTA
2951 TTGATCTTGA TGAGTGGAGT GTAGCTACAT TCTACTTATT TGATGATGCT
3001 GGTGAAGAAA ACTTTTCATC ACGTATGTAT TGTTCTTTT ACCCTCCAGA
3051 TGAGGAAGAA GAGGACGATG CAGAGTGTGA GGAAGAAGAA ATTGATGAAA
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3151 GAATTTGGTG CCTCAGCTGA AACAGTTCGA GTTGAGGAAG AAGAAGAGGA
3201 AGACTGGCTG GATGATACTA CTGAGCAATC AGAGATTGAG CCAGAACCAG
3251 AACCTACACC TGAAGAACCA GTTAATCAGT TTAAGGTTA TTTAAAACTT
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3351 TGCTAATCCT ATGGTGATTG TAAATGCTGC TAACATACAC CTGAAACATG
3401 GTGGTGGTGT AGCAGGTGCA CTCAACAAGG CAACCAATGG TGCCATGCAA
3451 AAGGAGAGTG ATGATTACAT TAAGCTAAAT GGCCCTCTTA CAGTAGGAGG
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3551 TTGGACCTAA CCTAAATGCA GGTGAGGACA TCCAGCTTCT TAAGGCAGCA
3601 TATGAAAATT TCAATTCACA GGACATCTTA CTTGCACCAT TGTGTGAGC
3651 AGGCATATTT GGTGCTAAAC CACTTCAGTC TTTACAAGTG TGCCTGCAGA
3701 CGGTTCGTAC ACAGGTTTAT ATTGCAGTCA ATGACAAAGC TCTTTATGAG
3751 CAGGTTGTCA TGGATTATCT TGATAACCTG AAGCCTAGAG TGGAAAGCAC
3801 TAAACAAGAG GAGCCACCAA ACACAGAAGA TTCCAAAACCT GAGGAGAAAT
3851 CTGTCGTACA GAAGCCTGTC GATGTGAAGC CAAAAATTAA GGCCTGCATT
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4051 GTAGGTGATG TTATCACTAG TGGTGATATC ACTTGTGTTG TAATACCCTC
4101 CAAAAGGCT GGTGGCACTA CTGAGATGCT CTCAAGAGCT TTGAAGAAAAG
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4251 TTATGTACTA CCTTCAGAAG CACCTAATGC TAAGGAAGAG ATTCTAGGAA
4301 CTGTATCCTG GAATTTGAGA GAAATGCTTG CTCATGCTGA AGAGACAAGA
4351 AAATTAGTGC CTATATGCAT GGATGTTAGA GCCATAATGG CAACCATCCA
4401 ACGTAAGTAT AAAGGAATTA AAATTCAAGA GGGCATCGTT GACTATGGTG
4451 TCCGATTCTT CTTTTATACT AGTAAAGAGC CTGTAGCTTC TATTATTACG
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4551 GACAAAGTGT TTTAATCTTG AAGAGGCTGC GCGCTGTATG CGTTCTCTTA
4601 AAGCTCCTGC CGTAGTGTCA GTATCATCAC CAGATGCTGT TACTACATAT
4651 AATGGATACC TCACTTCGTC ATCAAAGACA TCTGAGGAGC ACTTTGTAGA
4701 AACAGTTTCT TTGGCTGGCT CTTACAGAGA TTGGTCTTAT TCAGGACAGC
4751 GTACAGTCTT AGGTGTTGAA TTTCTTAAGC GTGGTGACAA AATTGTGTAC
4801 CACACTCTGG AGAGCCCCGT CGAGTTTCAT CTTGACGGTG AGGTTCTTTC
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5351 ATAAAAGTGT TGGCGAGCTT GGTGATGTCA GAGAAACTAT GACCCATCTT
5401 CTACAGCATG CTAATTTGGA ATCTGCAAAG CGAGTTCTTA ATGTGGTGTG
5451 TAAACATTGT GGTCAGAAAA CTACTACCTT AACGGGTGTA GAAGCTGTGA
5501 TGTATATGGG TACTCTATCT TATGATAATC TTAAGACAGG TGTTTCCATT
5551 CCATGTGTGT GTGGTCGTGA TGCTACACAA TATCTAGTAC AACAAAGAGT
5601 TTCTTTTGTG ATGATGTCTG CACCACCTGC TGAGTATAAA TTACAGCAAG
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5701 TACACTCATA TAACTGCTAA GGAGACCTTC TATCGTATTG ACGGAGCTCA
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5801 AGGAAACATC TTACACTACA ACCATCAAGC CTGTGTCGTA TAAACTCGAT
5851 GGAGTTACTT ACACAGAGAT TGAACCAAAA TTGGATGGGT ATTATAAAAA
5901 GGATAATGCT TACTATACAG AGCAGCCTAT AGACCTTGTA CCAACTCAAC
5951 CATTACCAAA TGCGAGTTTT GATAATTTCA AACTCACATG TTCTAACACA

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6001 AAATTTGCTG ATGATTTAAA TCAAATGACA GGCTTCACAA AGCCAGCTTC
6051 ACGAGAGCTA TCTGTACAT TCTTCCCAGA CTTGAATGGC GATGTAGTGG
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6151 CTGCATAAGC CAATTGTTTG GCACATTAAC CAGGCTACAA CCAAGACAAC
6201 GTTCAAACCA AACACTTGGT GTTTACGTTG TCTTTGGAGT ACAAAGCCAG
6251 TAGATACTTC AAATTCATTT GAAGTTCTGG CAGTAGAAGA CACACAAGGA
6301 ATGGACAATC TTGCTTGTGA AAGTCAACAA CCCACCTCTG AAGAAGTAGT
6351 GGAAAATCCT ACCATACAGA AGGAAGTCAT AGAGTGTGAC GTGAAAACCTA
6401 CCGAAGTTGT AGGCAATGTC ATACTTAAAC CATCAGATGA AGGTGTTAAA
6451 GTAACACAAG AGTTAGGTCA TGAGGATCTT ATGGCTGCTT ATGTGGAAAA
6501 CACAAGCATT ACCATTAAGA AACCTAATGA GCTTTCCTA GCCTTAGGTT
6551 TAAAAACAAT TGCCACTCAT GGTATTGCTG CAATTAATAG TGTTCTTTGG
6601 AGTAAAAATT TGGCTTATGT CAAACCATT CTTAGGACAAG CAGCAATTAC
6651 AACATCAAA TGCCTAAGA GATTAGCACA ACGTGTGTTT AACAATTATA
6701 TGCCTTATGT GTTTACATTA TTGTTCCAAT TGTGTACTTT TACTAAAAGT
6751 ACCAATTCTA GAATTAGAGC TTCACTACCT ACAACTATTG CTAAAAATAG
6801 TGTTAAGAGT GTTGCTAAAT TATGTTTGGG TGCCGGCATT AATTATGTGA
6851 AGTCACCCAA ATTTTCTAAA TTGTTACAA TCGCTATGTG GCTATTGTTG
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7051 TTTCTTTGCA GCATTTGTTT AAGTGGATTA GACTCCCTTG ATTCTTATCC
7101 AGCTCTTGAA ACCATTACAG TGACGATTTC ATCGTACAAG CTAGACTTGA
7151 CAATTTTAGG TCTGGCCGCT GAGTGGGTTT TGGCATATAT GTTGTTTACA
7201 AAATTTCTTT ATTTATTAGG TCTTTACAGT ATAATGCAGG TGTTCTTTGG
7251 CTATTTTGCT AGTCATTTCA TCAGCAATTC TTGGCTCATG TGGTTTATCA
7301 TTAGTATTGT ACAAATGGCA CCCGTTTCTG CAATGGTTAG GATGTACATC
7351 TTCTTTGCTT CTTTCTACTA CATATGGAAG AGCTATGTTT ATATCATGGA
7401 TGGTTGCACC TCTTCGACTT GCATGATGTG CTATAAGCGC AATCGTGCCA
7451 CACGCGTTGA GTGTACAAC ATTGTTAATG GCATGAAGAG ATCTTTCTAT
7501 ATGGAGGCCG TGCTTCTGCA AAGACTCACA ATTGGAATTG
7551 TCTCAATTGT GACACATTTT GCACTGGTAG TACATTCATT AGTGATGAAG
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7751 CCCATTTTGT CAATTTAGAC AATTTGAGAG CTAACAACAC TAAAGGTTCA
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8301 AGTAGCAAAA AGTCACAATG TTTCACTCAT CTGGAATGTA AAAGACTACA
8351 TGTCTTTATC TGAACAGCTG CGTAAACAAA TTCGTAGTGC TGCCAAGAAG
8401 AACAACATAC CTTTTAGACT AACTTGTGCT ACAACTAGAC AGGTTGTCAA
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8501 GTTTTAAACT TATGCTTAAG GCCACATTAT TGTGCGTTCT TGCTGCATTG
8551 GTTTGTTATA TCGTTATGCC AGTACATACA TTGTCAATCC ATGATGGTTA
8601 CACAAATGAA ATCATTGGTT ACAAAGCCAT TCAGGATGGT GTCCTCGTG
8651 ACATCATTTT TACTGATGAT TGTTTTGCAA ATAAACATGC TGGTTTTGAC
8701 GCATGGTTTA GCCAGCGTGG TGGTTCATAC AAAAATGACA AAAGCTGCCC
8751 TGTAAGTACT GCTATCATT CAAGAGAGAT TGGTTTCATA GTGCTGGCT
8801 TACCGGGTAC TGTGCTGAGA GCAATCAATG GTGACTTCTT GCATTTTCTA
8851 CCTCGTGTTT TTAGTGCTGT TGGCAACATT TGCTACACAC CTTCCAAACT
8901 CATTGAGTAT AGTGATTTTG CTACCTCTGC TTGCGTCTT GCTGCTGAGT
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9001 ACTAATTTGC TAGAGGGTTC TATTTCTTAT AGTGAGCTTC GTCCAGACAC
9051 TCGTTATGTG CTTATGGATG GTTCCATCAT ACAGTTTCTT AACACTTACC
9101 TGGAGGGTTC TGTTAGAGTA GTAACAACCT TTGATGCTGA GTACTGTAGA

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9301 CAACCTGTGG GTGCTTTAGA TGTGTCTGCT TCAGTAGTGG CTGGTGGTAT
9351 TATTGCCATA TTGGTGACTT GTGCTGCCTA CTACTTTATG AAATTCAGAC
9401 GTGTTTTTGG TGAGTACAAC CATGTTGTTG CTGCTAATGC ACTTTTGTTT
9451 TTGATGTCTT TCACTATACT CTGTCTGGTA CCAGCTTACA GCTTTCTGCC
9501 GGGAGTCTAC TCAGTCTTTT ACTTGTACTT GACATTCTAT TTCACCAATG
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9601 GTGCCTTTTT GGATAACAGC AATCTATGTA TTCTGTATTT CTCTGAAGCA
9651 CTGCCATTGG TTCCTTAACA ACTATCTTAG GAAAAGAGTC ATGTTTAATG
9701 GAGTTACATT TAGTACCTTC GAGGAGGCTG CTTTGTGTAC CTTTTTGCTC
9751 AACAAAGGAAA TGTACCTAAA ATTGCGTAGC GAGACACTGT TGCCACTTAC
9801 ACAGTATAAC AGGTATCTTG CTCTATATAA CAAGTACAAG TATTTCAGTG
9851 GAGCCTTAGA TACTACCAGC TATCGTGAAG CAGCTTGCTG CCACTTAGCA
9901 AAGGCTCTAA ATGACTTTAG CAACTCAGGT GCTGATGTTT TCTACCAACC
9951 ACCACAGACA TCAATCATT CTGCTGTTCT GCAGAGTGGT TTTAGGAAAA
10001 TGGCATTCCC GTCAGGCAAA GTTGAAGGGT GCATGGTACA AGTAACCTGT
10051 GGAACATAAA CTCTTAATGG ATTGTGGTTG GATGACACAG TATACTGTCC
10101 AAGACATGTC ATTTGCACAG CAGAAGACAT GCTTAATCCT AACTATGAAG
10151 ATCTGCTCAT TCGCAAATCC AACCATAGCT TTCTTGTTCA GGCTGGCAAT
10201 GTTCAACTTC GTGTTATTGG CCATTCTATG CAAAATTGTC TGCTTAGGCT
10251 TAAAGTTGAT ACTTCTAACC CTAAGACACC CAAGTATAAA TTTGTCCGTA
10301 TCCAACCTGG TCAAAACATT TCAGTTCTAG CATGCTACAA TGGTTCACCA
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10401 TTTCTTAAT GGATCATGTG GTAGTGTGG TTTTAACATT GATTATGATT
10451 GCGTGTCTTT CTGCTATATG CATCATATGG AGCTTCCAAC AGGAGTACAC
10501 GCTGGTACTG ACTTAGAAGG TAAATTCTAT GGTCCATTG TTGACAGACA
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10701 TGAACCTTTG ACACAAGATC ATGTTGACAT ATTGGGACCT CTTTCTGCTC
10751 AAACAGGAAT TCCGTCCTTA GATATGTGTG CTGCTTTGAA AGAGCTGCTG
10801 CAGAATGGTA TGAATGGTCG TACTATCCTT GGTAGCACTA TTTTAGAAGA
10851 TGAGTTTACA CCATTTGATG TTGTTAGACA ATGCTCTGGT GTTACCTTCC
10901 AAGGTAAGTT CAAGAAAAAT GTTAAGGGCA CTCATCATTG GATGCTTTTA
10951 ACTTTCTTGA CATEACTATT GATTCTTGTT CAAAGTACAC AGTGGTCACT
11001 GTTTTTCTTT GTTTACGAGA ATGCTTTCTT GCCATTTACT CTTGGTATTA
11051 TGGCAATTGC TGCATGTGCT ATGCTGCTTG TTAAGCATAA GCACGCATTTC
11101 TTGTGCTTGT TTCTGTTACC TTCTCTTGCA ACAGTTGCTT ACTTTAATAT
11151 GGTCTACATG CTGCTAGCTT GGTGATGCG TATCATGACA TGGCTTGAAT
11201 TGGCTGACAC TAGCTTGTCT GGTATAGGC TTAAGGATTG TGTTATGTAT
11251 GCTTCAGCTT TAGTTTTGCT TATTCTCATG ACAGCTCGCA CTGTTTATGA
11301 TGATGCTGCT AGACGTGTTT GGACACTGAT GAATGTCATT AACTTTGTTT
11351 ACAAAGTCTA CTATGGTAAT CTTTATAGATC AAGCTATTTT CATGTGGGCC
11401 TTAGTTATTT CTGTAACCTC TAACTATTCT GGTGTCGTTA CGACTATCAT
11451 GTTTTTAGCT AGAGCTATAG TGTTTGTGTG TGTTGAGTAT TACCCATTGT
11501 TATTTATTAC TGGCAACACC TTACAGTGTA TCATGCTTGT TTATTGTTTC
11551 TTAGGCTATT GTTGCTGCTG CTACTTTGGC CTTTTCTGTT TACTCAACCG
11601 TTACTTCAGG CTTACTCTTG GTGTTTATGA CTACTTGGTC TCTACACAAG
11651 AATTTAGGTA TATGAACTCC CAGGGGCTTT TGCCTCCTAA GAGTAGTATT
11701 GATGCTTTCA AGCTTAACAT TAAGTTGTTG GGTATTGGAG GTAAACCATG
11751 TATCAAGGTT GCTACTGTAC AGTCTAAAAT GTCTGACGTA AAGTGCACAT
11801 CTGTGGTACT GCTCTCGGTT CTTCAACAAC TTAGAGTAGA GTCATCTTCT
11851 AAATTGTGGG CACAATGTGT ACAACTCCAC AATGATATTC TTCTTGCAAA
11901 AGACACAACCT GAAGCTTTCG AGAAGATGGT TTCTCTTTTG TCTGTTTTGC
11951 TATCCATGCA GGTGCTGTGA GACATTAATA GGTTGTGCGA GGAAATGCTC
12001 GATAACCGTG CTACTCTTCA GGCTATTGCT TCAGAATTTA GTTCTTTACC
12051 ATCATATGCC GCTTATGCCA CTGCCCAGGA GGCCTATGAG CAGGCTGTAG
12101 CTAATGGTGA TTCTGAAGTC GTTCTCAAAA AGTTAAAGAA ATCTTTGAAT
12151 GTGGCTAAAT CTGAGTTTGA CCGTGATGCT GCCATGCAAC GCAAGTTGGA
12201 AAAGATGGCA GATCAGGCTA TGACCCAAAT GTACAAACAG GCAAGATCTG
12251 AGGACAAGAG GGCAAAAGTA ACTAGTGCTA TGCAAAACAAT GCTCTTCACT

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12301 ATGCTTAGGA AGCTTGATAA TGATGCACTT AACAACATTA TCAACAATGC
12351 GCGTGATGGT TGTGTTCCAC TCAACATCAT ACCATTGACT ACAGCAGCCA
12401 AACTCATGGT TGTGTCCCT GATTATGGTA CCTACAAGAA CACTTGTGAT
12451 GGTAACACCT TTACATATGC ATCTGCACTC TGGGAAATCC AGCAAGTTGT
12501 TGATGCGGAT AGCAAGATTG TTCAACTTAG TGAAATTAAC ATGGACAATT
12551 CACCAAATTT GGCTTGGCCT CTTATTGTTA CAGCTCTAAG AGCCAACCTCA
12601 GCTGTTAAAC TACAGAATAA TGAAGTGAAG CCAGTAGCAC TACGACAGAT
12651 GTCCTGTGCG GCTGGTACCA CACAAACAGC TTGTACTGAT GACAATGCAC
12701 TTGCCTACTA TAACAATTCT AAGGGAGGTA GGTGTTGTCT GGCATTACTA
12751 TCAGACCACC AAGATCTCAA ATGGGCTAGA TTCCCTAAGA GTGATGGTAC
12801 AGGTACAATT TACACAGAAC TGGAACCACC TTGTAGGTTT GTTACAGACA
12851 CACCAAAAGG GCCTAAAGTG AAATACTTGT ACTTCATCAA AGGCTTAAAC
12901 AACCTAAATA GAGGTATGGT GCTGGGCAGT TTAGCTGCTA CAGTACGTCT
12951 TCAGGCTGGA AATGCTACAG AAGTACCTGC CAATTCAAAT GTGCTTTCCT
13001 TCTGTGCTTT TGCAGTAGAC CCTGCTAAAG CATATAAGGA TTACCTAGCA
13051 AGTGGAGGAC AACCAATCAC CAACTGTGTG AAGATGTTGT GTACACACAC
13101 TGGTACAGGA CAGGCAATTA CTGTAACACC AGAAGCTAAC ATGGACCAAG
13151 AGTCCTTTGG TGGTGCTTCA TGTGTCTGT ATTGTAGATG CCACATTGAC
13201 CATCCAAATC CTAAGGATT CTGTGACTTG AAAGGTAAGT ACGTCCAAAT
13251 ACCTACCATT TGTGCTAATG ACCCAGTGGG TTTTACACTT AGAAACACAG
13301 TCTGTACCGT CTGCGGAATG TGGAAAGGTT ATGGCTGTAG TTGTGACCAA
13351 CTCCGCGAAC CCTTGATGCA GTCTGCGGAT GCATCAACGT TTTTAAACGG
13401 GTTTGCGGTG TAAGTGACAG CCGTCTTACA CCGTGCGGCA CAGGCACTAG
13451 TACTGATGTC GTCTACAGGG CTTTTGATAT TTACAACGAA AAAGTTGCTG
13501 GTTTTGCAAA GTTCTTAAAA ACTAATTGCT GTCGCTTCCA GGAGAAGGAT
13551 GAGGAAGGCA ATTTATTAGA CTCTTACTTT GTAGTTAAGA GGCATACTAT
13601 GTCTAACTAC CAACATGAAG AGACTATTTA TAACTTGGTT AAAGATTGTC
13651 CAGCGGTGTC TGTCCATGAC TTTTTCAAGT TTAGAGTAGA TGGTGACATG
13701 GTACCACATA TATCACGTCA CGCTCTAACT AAATACACAA TGGCTGATTT
13751 AGTCTATGCT CTACGTCATT TTGATGAGGG TAATTGTGAT ACATTAAGAG
13801 AAATACTCGT CACATACAAT TGCTGTGATG ATGATTATTT CAATAAGAAG
13851 GATTGGTATG ACTTCGTAGA GAATCCTGAC ATCTTACGCG TATATGCTAA
13901 CTTAGGTGAG CGTGTACGCC AATCATTATT AAAGACTGTA CAATTCTGCG
13951 ATGCTATGCG TGATGCAGGC ATTGTAGGCG TACTGACATT AGATAATCAG
14001 GATCTTAATG GGAAGTGGTA CGATTTCCGT GATTTTCGTAC AAGTAGCACC
14051 AGGCTGCGGA GTTCCTATTG TGGATTCTAT TACTCATTG CTGATGCCCC
14101 TCCTCACTTT CACTTATTAA GTGGGATTTG CTGAAATATG ATTTTACGGA
14151 CTCGCAAAAC CACTTATTAA GTGGGATTTG CTGAAATATG ATTTTACGGA
14201 AGAGAGACTT TGTCTCTTCG ACCGTTATTT TAAATATTGG GACCAGACAT
14251 ACCATCCCAA TTGTATTAAC TGTGTTGGAT ATAGGTGTAT CCTTCATTGT
14301 GCAAACTTTA ATGTGTTATT TTCTACTGTG TTTCCACCTA CAAGTTTTGG
14351 ACCACTAGTA AGAAAAATAT TTGTAGATGG TGTTCTTTT GTTGTGTTCAA
14401 CTGGATACCA TTTTCGTGAG TTAGGAGTCG TACATAATCA GGATGTAAGC
14451 TTACATAGCT CGCGTCTCAG TTTCAAGGAA CTTTTAGTGT ATGCTGCTGA
14501 TCCAGCTATG CATGCAGCTT CTGGCAATTT ATTGCTAGAT AAACGCACTA
14551 CATGCTTTTC AGTAGCTGCA CTAACAAACA ATGTTGCTTT TCAAACTGTC
14601 AAACCCGGTA ATTTTAATAA AGACTTTTAT GACTTTGCTG TGTCTAAAGG
14651 TTTCTTTAAG GAAGGAAGTT CTGTTGAACT AAAACACTTC TTCTTTGCTC
14701 AGGATGGCAA CGCTGCTATC AGTGATTATG ACTATTATCG TTATAATCTG
14751 CCAACAATGT GTGATATCAG ACAACTCCTA TTCGTAGTTG AAGTTGTTGA
14801 TAAATACTTT GATTGTTACG ATGGTGGCTG TATTAATGCC AACCAAGTAA
14851 TCGTTAAACA TCTGGATAAA TCAGCTGGTT TCCCATTTAA TAAATGGGGT
14901 AAGGCTAGAC TTTATTATGA CTCAATGAGT TATGAGGATC AAGATGCACT
14951 TTTCGCGTAT ACTAAGCGTA ATGTCATCCC TACTATAACT CAAATGAATC
15001 TTAAGTATGC CATTAGTGCA AAGAATAGAG CTCGCACCGT AGCTGGTGTC
15051 TCTATCTGTA GTACTATGAC AAATAGACAG TTTTCATCAGA AATTATTGAA
15101 GTCAATAGCC GCCACTAGAG GAGCTACTGT GGTAAATTGA ACAAGCAAGT
15151 TTTACGGTGG CTGGCATAAT ATGTTAAAAA CTGTTTACAG TGATGTAGAA
15201 ACTCCACACC TTATGGGTTG GGATTATCCA AAATGTGACA GAGCCATGCC
15251 TAACATGCTT AGGATAATGG CCTCTCTTGT TCTTGCTCGC AAACATAACA
15301 CTTGCTGTAA GTTATCACAC CGTTTCTACA GGTTAGCTAA CGAGTGTGCG
15351 CAAGTATTAA GTGAGATGGT CATGTGTGGC GGCTCACTAT ATGTTAAACC
15401 AGGTGGAACA TCATCCGGTG ATGCTACAAC TGCTTATGCT AATAGTGTCT

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15451 TTAACATTTG TCAAGCTGTT ACAGCCAATG TAAATGCACT TCTTTCAACT
15501 GATGGTAATA AGATAGCTGA CAAGTATGTC CGCAATCTAC AACACAGGCT
15551 CTATGAGTGT CTCTATAGAA ATAGGGATGT TGATCATGAA TTCGTGGATG
15601 AGTTTTACGC TTACCTGCGT AAACATTTCT CCATGATGAT TCTTTCTGAT
15651 GATGCCGTTG TGTGCTATAA CAGTAACTAT GCGGCTCAAG GTTTAGTAGC
15701 TAGCATTAAAG AACTTTAAGG CAGTTCTTTA TTATCAAAAT AATGTGTTCA
15751 TGTCTGAGGC AAAATGTTGG ACTGAGACTG ACCTTACTAA AGGACCTCAC
15801 GAATTTTGTCT CACAGCATAC AATGCTAGTT AAACAAGGAG ATGATTACGT
15851 GTACCTGCCT TACCCAGATC CATCAAGAAT ATTAGGCGCA GGCTGTTTTG
15901 TCGATGATAT TGTCAAAACA GATGGTACAC TTATGATTGA AAGGTTCTGT
15951 TCACCTGGCTA TTGATGCTTA CCCACTTACA AAACATCCTA ATCAGGAGTA
16001 TGCTGATGTC TTCACTTGT CATTAGAAAG TTACATGATG
16051 AGCTTACTGG CCACATGTTG GACATGTATT CCGTAATGCT AACTAATGAT
16101 AACACCTCAC GGTACTGGGA ACCTGAGTTT TATGAGGCTA TGTACACACC
16151 ACATACAGTC TTGCAGGCTG TAGGTGCTTG TGTATTGTCT AATTACACAGA
16201 CTTACATTGCT TTGCGGTGCC TGTATTAGGA GACCATTCTT ATGTTGCAAG
16251 TGCTGCTATG ACCATGTCAT TTCAACATCA CACAAATTAG TGTGTCTGT
16301 TAATCCCTAT GTTTGCAATG CCCCAGGTTG TGATGTCACCT GATGTGACAC
16351 AACTGTATCT AGGAGGTATG AGCTATTATT GCAAGTCACA TAAGCCTCCC
16401 ATTAGTTTTT CATTATGTGC TAATGGTCAG GTTTTTGGTT TATACAAAAA
16451 CACATGTGTA GGCAGTGACA ATGTCACTGA CTTCAATGCG ATAGCAACAT
16501 GTGATTGGAC TAATGCTGGC GATTACATAC TTGCCAACAC TTGTAAGTAC
16551 AGACTCAAGC TTTTCGAGC AGAAACGCTC AAAGCCACTG AGGAAACATT
16601 TAAGCTGTCA TATGGTATTG CTACTGTACG CGAAGTACTC TCTGACAGAG
16651 AATTGCATCT TTCAATGGGAG GTTGGAAAAC CTAGACCACC ATTGAACAGA
16701 AACTATGTCT TTAATGGTTA CCGTGTAACT AAAAATAGTA AAGTACAGAT
16751 TGGAGAGTAC ACCTTTGAAA AAGGTGACTA TGGTGATGCT GTTGTGTACA
16801 GAGGTACTAC GACATACAAG TTGAATGTTG GTGATTACTT TGTGTTGACA
16851 TCTCACACTG TAATGCCACT TAGTGACCTT ACTTAGTGC CACAAGAGCA
16901 CTATGTGAGA ATTACTGGCT TGTACCCAAC ACTCAACATC TCAGATGAGT
16951 TTTCTAGCAA TGTTGCAAAT TATCAAAAGG TCGGCATGCA AAAGTACTCT
17001 ACACCTCAAG GACCACCTGG TACTGGTAAG AGTCATTTTG CCATCGGACT
17051 TGCTCTCTAT TACCCATCTG CTCGCATAGT GTATACGGCA TGCTCTCATG
17101 CAGCTGTTGA TGCCCTATGT GAAAAGGCAT TAAAATATTT GCCCATAGAT
17151 AAATGTAGTA GAATCATACC TGCAGCTGCG CGCGTAGAGT GTTTTGATAA
17201 ATTCAAAGTG AATTCAACAG TAGAACAGTA TGTTTTCTGC ACTGTAATG
17251 CATTGCCAGA AACAACTGCT GACATTGTAG TCTTTGATGA AATCTCTATG
17301 GCTACTAATT ATGACTTGAG TGTTGTCAAT GCTAGACTTC GTGCAAAACA
17351 CTACGTCTAT ATTGGCGATC CTGCTCAATT ACCAGCCCCC CGCACATTGC
17401 TGAATAAAGG CACACTAGAA CCAGAATATT TTAATTCAGT GTGCAGACTT
17451 ATGAAAACAA TAGGTCCAGA CATGTTCTTT GGAACCTGTC GCCGTTGTCC
17501 TGCTGAAATT GTTGACACTG TGAGTGCTTT AGTTTATGAC AATAAGCTAA
17551 AAGCACACAA GGATAAGTCA GCTCAATGCT TCAAAATGTT CTACAAAGGT
17601 GTTATTACAC ATGATGTTTC ATCTGCAATC AACAGACCTC AAATAGGCGT
17651 TGTAAGAGAA TTTCTTACAC GCAATCCTGC TTGGAGAAAA GCTGTTTTTA
17701 TCTCACCTTA TAATTCACAG AACGCTGTAG CTTCAAAAAT CTTAGGATTG
17751 CCTACGCAGA CTGTTGATTC ATCAGAGGGT TCTGAATATG ACTATGTCAT
17801 ATTCACACAA ACTACTGAAA CAGCACACTC TTGTAATGTC AACCCTTCA
17851 ATGTGGCTAT CACAAGGGCA AAAATTGGCA TTTTGTGCAT AATGCTGAT
17901 AGAGATCTTT ATGACAAACT GCAATTTACA AGTCTAGAAA TACCACGTCG
17951 CAATGTGGCT ACATTACAAG CAGAAAATGT AACTGGACTT TTTAAGGACT
18001 GTAGTAAGAT CATTACTGGT CTTATCCTTA CACAGGCACC TACACACCTC
18051 AGCGTTGATA TAAAGTTCAA GACTGAAGGA TTATGTGTTG ACATACCAGG
18101 CATACCAAAG GACATGACCT ACCGTAGACT CATCTCTATG ATGGGTTTCA
18151 AAATGAATTA CCAAGTCAAT GGTTACCCTA ATATGTTTAT CACCCGCGAA
18201 GAAGCTATTC GTCACGTTCTG TGCGTGGATT GGCTTTGATG TAGAGGGCTG
18251 TCATGCAACT AGAGATGCTG TGGGTAATAA CCTACTCTC CAGCTAGGAT
18301 TTTCTACAGG TGTTAACTTA GTAGCTGTAC CGACTGGTTA TGTGACACT
18351 GAAAAATAACA CAGAAATCAC CAGAGTTAAT GCAAAACCTC CACCAGGTGA
18401 CCAGTTTAAA CATCTTATAC CACTCATGTA TAAAGGCTTG CCCTGGAATG
18451 TAGTGCGTAT TAAGATAGTA CAAATGCTCA GTGATACAT GAAAGGATTG
18501 TCAGACAGAG TCGTGTTCGT CTTTGGGCG CATGGCTTTG AGCTTACATC
18551 AATGAAGTAC TTTGTCAAGA TTGGACCTGA AAGAACGTGT TGTCTGTGTG

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18601	ACAAACGTGC	AACTTGCTTT	TCTACTTCAT	CAGATACTTA	TGCCTGCTGG
18651	AATCATTCTG	TGGGTTTTGA	CTATGTCTAT	AACCCATTTA	TGATTGATGT
18701	TCAGCAGTGG	GGCTTTACGG	GTAACCTTCA	GAGTAACCAT	GACCAACATT
18751	GCCAGGTACA	TGGAAATGCA	CATGTGGCTA	GTTGTGATGC	TATCATGACT
18801	AGATGTTTAG	CAGTCCATGA	GTGCTTTGTT	AAGCGCGTTG	ATTGGTCTGT
18851	TGAATACCTT	ATTATAGGAG	ATGAACTGAG	GGTTAATTCT	GCTTGCAGAA
18901	AAGTACAACA	CATGGTTGTG	AAGTCTGCAT	TGCTTGCTGA	TAAGTTTCCA
18951	GTTCTTCATG	ACATTGGAAA	TCCAAAGGCT	ATCAAGTGTG	TGCCTCAGGC
19001	TGAAGTAGAA	TGGAAGTTCT	ACGATGCTCA	GCCATGTAGT	GACAAAGCTT
19051	ACAAAATAGA	GGAGCTCTTC	TATTCTTATG	CTACACATCA	CGATAAAATTC
19101	ACTGATGGTG	TTTGTGTTGT	TTGGAATTGT	AACGTTGATC	GTTACCCAGC
19151	CAATGCAATT	GTGTGTAGGT	TTGACACAAG	AGCCTTGTC	AACTTGAAGT
19201	TACCAAGCTG	TGATGGTGGT	AGTTTGTATG	TGAATAAGCA	TGCATTCCAC
19251	ACTCCAGCTT	TCGATAAAAG	TGCATTTACT	AATTTAAAGC	AATTGCCTTT
19301	CTTTTACTAT	TCTGATAGTC	CTTGTGAGTC	TCATGGCAAA	CAAGTAGTGT
19351	CGGATATTGA	TTATGTTCCA	CTCAAATCTG	CTACGTGTAT	TACACGATGC
19401	AATTTAGGTG	GTGCTGTTTG	CAGACACCAT	GCAAAATGAGT	ACCGACAGTA
19451	CTTGGATGCA	TATAATATGA	TGATTTCTGC	TGGATTTAGC	CTATGGATTG
19501	ACAAACAATT	TGATACTTAT	AACCTGTGGA	ATACATTTAC	CAGGTTACAG
19551	AGTTTATAGAA	ATGTGGCTTA	TAATGTTGTT	AATAAAGGAC	ACTTTGATGG
19601	ACACGCCGGC	GAAGCACCTG	TTTCCATCAT	TAATAATGCT	GTTTACACAA
19651	AGGTGATGGT	TATTGATGTG	GAGATCTTTG	AAAATAAGAC	AACACTTCCT
19701	GTAAATGTTG	CATTTGAGCT	TTGGGCTAAG	CGTAACATTA	AACCAAGTGCC
19751	AGAGATTAAG	ATACTCAATA	ATTTGGGTGT	TGATATCGCT	GCTAATACTG
19801	TAATCTGGGA	CTACAAAAGA	GAAGCCCCAG	CACATGTATC	TACAATAGGT
19851	GTCTGCACAA	TGACTGACAT	TGCCAAGAAA	CCTACTGAGA	GTGCTTGTTT
19901	TTCACTTACT	GTCTTGTTTG	ATGGTAGAGT	GGAAGGACAG	GTAGACCTTT
19951	TTAGAAACGC	CCGTAATGGT	GTTTTAATAA	CAGAAGGTTT	AGTCAAAGGT
20001	CTAACACCTT	CAAAGGGACC	AGCACAAGCT	AGCGTCAATG	GAGTCACATT
20051	AATTGGAGAA	TCAGTAAAAA	CACAGTTTAA	CTACTTTAAG	AAAGTAGACG
20101	GCATTATTCA	ACAGTTGCCT	GAAACCTACT	TTACTCAGAG	CAGAGACTTA
20151	GAGGATTTTA	AGCCCAGATC	ACAAATGGAA	ACTGACTTTC	TCGAGCTCGC
20201	TATGGATGAA	TTCATACAGC	GATATAAGCT	CGAGGGCTAT	GCCTTCGAAC
20251	ACATCGTTTA	TGGAGATTTT	TGGCATGGAC	AACTTGGCGG	TCCTTCATTTA
20301	ATGATAGGCT	TAGCCAAGCG	CTCACAAGAT	TCACCACTTA	AATTAGAGGA
20351	TTTTATCCCT	ATGGACAGCA	CAGTGAAAAA	TTACTTCATA	ACAGATGCGC
20401	AAACAGGTTT	ATCAAAATGT	GTGTGTTCTG	TGATTGATCT	TTTACTTGAT
20451	GACTTTGTG	AGATAATAAA	GTGACAAGAT	TTGTCAAGTA	TTTCAAAAGT
20501	GGTCAAGGTT	ACAATTGACT	ATGCTGAAAT	TTCAATTCATG	CTTTGGTGTA
20551	AGGATGGACA	TGTTGAAACC	TTCTACCCAA	AACTACAAGC	AAAGTAAGCG
20601	TGGCAACCG	GTGTTGCGAT	GCCTAACTTG	TACAAGATGC	AAAGAATGCT
20651	TCTTGAAAAG	TGTGACCTTC	AGAATTATGG	TGAAAATGCT	GTTATACCAA
20701	AAGGAATAAT	GATGAATGTC	GCAAAGTATA	CTCAACTGTG	TCAATACTTA
20751	AATACACTTA	CTTTAGCTGT	ACCCTACAAC	ATGAGAGTTA	TTCACTTTGG
20801	TGCTGGCTCT	GATAAAGGAG	TTGCACCAGG	TACAGCTGTG	CTCAGACAAT
20851	GGTTGCCAAC	TGGCACACTA	CTTGTCGATT	CAGATCTTAA	TGACTTCGTC
20901	TCCGACGCAG	ATTCTACTTT	AATTGGAGAC	TGTGCAACAG	TACATACGGC
20951	TAATAAATGG	GACCTTATTA	TTAGCGATAT	GTATGACCCT	AGGACCAAAC
21001	ATGTGACAAA	AGAGAATGAC	TCTAAAGAAG	GGTTTTTTCAC	TTATCTGTGT
21051	GGATTATATA	AGCAAAAAC	AGCCCTGGGT	GGTTCTATAG	CTGTAAAGAT
21101	AACAGAGCAT	TCTTGGAATG	CTGACCTTTA	CAAGCTTATG	GGCCATTTCT
21151	CATGGTGGAC	AGCTTTTGTT	ACAAATGTAA	ATGCATCATC	ATCGGAAGCA
21201	TTTTTAATTG	GGGCTAACTA	TCTTGCCAAG	CCGAAGGAAC	AAATTGATGG
21251	CTATACCATG	CATGCTAACT	ACATTTTCTG	GAGGAACACA	AATCCTATCC
21301	AGTTGTCTTC	CTATTCACTC	TTTGACATGA	GCAAATTTCC	TCTTAAATTA
21351	AGAGGAACTG	CTGTAATGTC	TCTTAAGGAG	AATCAAATCA	ATGATATGAT
21401	TTATTCTCTT	CTGGAAAAAG	GTAGGCTTAT	CATTAGAGAA	AACAACAGAG
21451	TTGTGGTTTC	AAGTGATATT	CTTGTTAACA	ACTAAACGAA	CATGTTTATT
21501	TTCTTATTAT	TTCTTACTCT	CAGTAGTGGT	AGTGACCTTG	ACCGGTGCAC
21551	CACTTTTGAT	GATGTTCAAG	CTCCTAATTA	CACTCAACAT	ACTTCATCTA
21601	TGAGGGGGGT	TACTATCCTT	GATGAAATTT	TTAGATCAGA	CACTCTTTAT
21651	TTAACTCAGG	ATTTATTTCT	TCCATTTTAT	TCTAATGTTA	CAGGGTTTCA
21701	TACTATTAAT	CATACGTTTG	GCAACCCTGT	CATACCTTTT	AAGGATGGTA

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21751	TTTATTTTGC	TGCCACAGAG	AAATCAAATG	TTGTCCGTGG	TTGGGTTTTT
21801	GGTTCTACCA	TGAACAACAA	GTCACAGTCG	GTGATTATTA	TTAACAATTC
21851	TACTAATGTT	GTTATACGAG	CATGTAACCT	TGAATTGTGT	GACAACCCCT
21901	TCTTTGCTGT	TTCTAAACCC	ATGGGTACAC	AGACACATAC	TATGATATTC
21951	GATAATGCAT	TTAATTGCAC	TTTCGAGTAC	ATATCTGATG	CCTTTTCGCT
22001	TGATGTTTCA	GAAAAGTCAG	GTAATTTTAA	ACACTTACGA	GAGTTTGTGT
22051	TTAAAAATAA	AGATGGGTTT	CTCTATGTTT	ATAAGGGCTA	TCAACCTATA
22101	GATGTAGTTC	GTGATCTACC	TTCTGGTTTT	AACACTTTGA	AACCTATTTT
22151	TAAGTTGCCT	CTTGGTATTA	ACATTACAAA	TTTTAGAGCC	ATTCTTACAG
22201	CCTTTTCACC	TGCTCAAGAC	ATTTGGGGCA	CGTCAGCTGC	AGCCTATTTT
22251	GTTGGCTATT	TAAAGCCAAC	TACATTTATG	CTCAAGTATG	ATGAAAAATGG
22301	TACAATCACA	GATGCTGTTG	ATTGTTCTCA	AAATCCACTT	GCTGAACTCA
22351	AATGCTCTGT	TAAGAGCTTT	GAGATTGACA	AAGGAATTTA	CCAGACCTCT
22401	AAATTCAGGG	TTGTTCCCTC	AGGAGATGTT	GTGAGATTCC	CTAATATTAC
22451	AAACTTGTGT	CCTTTTGGAG	AGGTTTTTAA	TGCTACTAAA	TTCCCTTCTG
22501	TCTATGCATG	GGAGAGAAAA	AAAATTTCTA	ATTGTGTTGC	TGATTACTCT
22551	GTGCTCTACA	ACTCAACATT	TTTTCAACC	TTTAAGTGCT	ATGGCGTTTC
22601	TGCCATAAAG	TTGAATGATC	TTTGCTTCTC	CAATGTCTAT	GCAGATTCTT
22651	TTGTAGTCAA	GGGAGATGAT	GTAAAGACAAA	TAGCGCCAGG	ACAAACTGGT
22701	GTTATTGCTG	ATTATAATTA	TAAATTGCCA	GATGATTTC	TGGGTTGTGT
22751	CCTTGCTTGG	AATACTAGGA	ACATTGATGC	TACTTCAACT	GGTAATTATA
22801	ATTATAAATA	TAGGTATCTT	AGACATGGCA	AGCTTAGGCC	CTTTGAGAGA
22851	GACATATCTA	ATGTGCCTTT	CTCCCCTGAT	GGCAAACCTT	GCACCCACCC
22901	TGCTCTTAAT	TGTTATTGGC	CATTAAATGA	TTATGGTTTT	TACACCACTA
22951	CTGGCATTGG	CTACCAACCT	TACAGAGTTG	TAGTACTTTC	TTTTGAACCT
23001	TTAAATGCAC	CGGCCACGGT	TTGTGGACCA	AAATTATCCA	CTGACCTTAT
23051	TAAGAACCAG	TGTGTCAATT	TTAATTTTAA	TGGACTCACT	GGTACTGGTG
23101	TGTTAACTCC	TTCTTCAAAG	AGATTTCAAC	CATTTCAACA	ATTTGGCCGT
23151	GATGTTTCTG	ATTTCACTGA	TTCCGTTCTGA	GATCCTAAAA	CATCTGAAAT
23201	ATTAGACATT	TCACCTTGCT	CTTTTGGGGG	TGTAAGTGTA	ATTACACCTG
23251	GAACAAATGC	TTCATCTGAA	GTTGCTGTTT	TATATCAAGA	TGTTAACTGC
23301	ACTGATGTTT	CTACAGCAAT	TCATGCAGAT	CAACTCACAC	CAGCTTGGCG
23351	CATATATTCT	ACTGGAAACA	ATGTATTCCA	GACTCAAGCA	GGCTGTCTTA
23401	TAGGAGCTGA	GCATGTCGAC	ACCTCTTATG	AGTGCGACAT	TCCTATTGGA
23451	GCTGGCATTT	GTGCTAGTTA	CCATACAGTT	TCTTTATTAC	GTAGTACTAG
23501	CCAAAAATCT	ATTGTGGCTT	ATACTATGTC	TTTAGGTGCT	GATAGTTCAA
23551	TTGCTTACTC	TAATAACACC	ATTGCTATAC	CTACTAACTT	TTCAATTAGC
23601	ATTACTACAG	AAGTAATGCC	TGTTTCTATG	GCTAAAACTT	CCGTAGATTG
23651	TAATATGTAC	ATCTGCGGAG	ATTCTACTGA	ATGTGCTAAT	TTGCTTCTCC
23701	AATATGGTAG	CTTTTGCACA	CAACTAAATC	GTGCACTCTC	AGGTATTGCT
23751	GCTGAACAGG	ATCGCAACAC	ACGTGAAGTG	TTGCTCAAG	TCAAACAAAT
23801	GTACAAAACC	CCAACCTTGA	AATATTTTGG	TGGTTTTAAT	TTTTCACAAA
23851	TATTACCTGA	CCCTCTAAAG	CCAACCTAAGA	GGTCTTTTAT	TGAGGACTTG
23901	CTCTTTAATA	AGGTGACACT	CGCTGATGCT	GGCTTCATGA	AGCAATATGG
23951	CGAATGCCTA	GGTGATATTA	ATGCTAGAGA	TCTCATTTGT	GCGCAGAAGT
24001	TCAATGGACT	TACAGTGTTG	CCACCTCTGC	TCACTGATGA	TATGATTGCT
24051	GCCTACACTG	CTGCTCTAGT	TAGTGGTACT	GCCACTGCTG	GATGGACATT
24101	TGGTGCTGGC	GCTGCTCTTC	AAATACCTTT	TGCTATGCAA	ATGGCATATA
24151	GGTTCAATGG	CATTGGAGTT	ACCCAAAATG	TTCTCTATGA	GAACCAAAAA
24201	CAAATCGCCA	ACCAATTTAA	CAAGGCGATT	AGTCAAATTC	AAGAATCACT
24251	TACAACAACA	TCAACTGCAT	TGGGCAAGCT	GCAAGACGTT	GTTAACCAGA
24301	ATGCTCAAGC	ATTAACACAC	CTTGTTAAAC	AACTTAGCTC	TAATTTTGGT
24351	GCAATTTCAA	GTGTGCTAAA	TGATATCCTT	TCGCGACTTG	ATAAAGTCGA
24401	GGCGGAGGTA	CAAATTGACA	GGTTAATTAC	AGGCAGACTT	CAAAGCCTTC
24451	AAACCTATGT	AACACAACAA	CTAATCAGGG	CTGCTGAAAT	CAGGGCTTCT
24501	GCTAATCTTG	CTGCTACTAA	AATGTCTGAG	TGTGTTCTTG	GACAATCAAA
24551	AAGAGTTGAC	TTTTGTGGAA	AGGGCTACCA	CCTTATGTCC	TTCCCACAAG
24601	CAGCCCCGCA	TGGTGTTGTC	TTCTACATG	TCACGTATGT	GCCATCCAG
24651	GAGAGGAAC	TCACCACAGC	GCCAGCAATT	TGTCATGAAG	GCAAAGCATA
24701	CTTCCCTCGT	GAAGGTGTTT	TTGTGTTTAA	TGGCACTTCT	TGGTTTATTA
24751	CACAGAGGAA	CTTCTTTTCT	CCACAAATAA	TTACTACAGA	CAATACATTT
24801	GTCTCAGGAA	ATTGTGATGT	CGTTATTGGC	ATCATTAAACA	ACACAGTTTA
24851	TGATCCTCTG	CAACCTGAGC	TCGACTCATT	CAAAGAAGAG	CTGGACAAGT

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24901	ACTTCAAAAA	TCATACATCA	CCAGATGTTG	ATCTTGGCGA	CATTTCAGGC
24951	ATTAACGCTT	CTGTCGTCAA	CATTCAAAAA	GAAATTGACC	GCCTCAATGA
25001	GGTCGCTAAA	AATTTAAATG	AATCACTCAT	TGACCTTCAA	GAATTGGGAA
25051	AATATGAGCA	ATATATTAAA	TGGCCTTGGT	ATGTTTGGCT	CGGCTTCATT
25101	GCTGGACTAA	TTGCCATCGT	CATGGTTACA	ATCTTGCTTT	GTTGCATGAC
25151	TAGTTGTTGC	AGTTGCCTCA	AGGGTGCATG	CTCTTGCTGGT	TCTTGCTGCA
25201	AGTTTGATGA	GGATGACTCT	GAGCCAGTTC	TCAAGGGTGT	CAAATTACAT
25251	TACACATAAA	CGAACTTATG	GATTTGTTTA	TGAGATTTT	TACTCTTGGG
25301	TCAATTACTG	CACAGCCAGT	AAAAATTGAC	AATGCTTCTC	CTGCAAGTAC
25351	TGTTTCATGCT	ACAGCAACGA	TACCGCTACA	AGCCTCACTC	CCTTTCGGAT
25401	GGCTTGTTAT	TGGCGTTGCA	TTTCTTGCTG	TTTTTCAGAG	CGCTACCAAA
25451	ATAATTGCGC	TCAATAAAAG	ATGGCAGCTA	GCCCTTTATA	AGGGCTTCCA
25501	GTTTCATTTGC	AATTTACTGC	TGCTATTTGT	TACCATCTAT	TCACATCTTT
25551	TGCTTGTCGC	TGCAGGTATG	GAGGCGCAAT	TTTTGTACCT	CTATGCCTTG
25601	ATATATTTTT	TACAATGCAT	CAACGCATGT	AGAATTATTA	TGAGATGTTG
25651	GCTTTGTTGG	AAGTGCAAA	CCAAGAACCC	ATTACTTTAT	GATGCCAACT
25701	ACTTTGTTTG	CTGGCACACA	CATAACTATG	ACTACTGTAT	ACCATATAAC
25751	AGTGTCACAG	ATACAATTGT	CGTTACTGAA	GGTGACGGCA	TTTCAACACC
25801	AAAACCTCAA	GAAGACTACC	AAATTGGTGG	TTATTCTGAG	GATAGGCACT
25851	CAGGTGTTAA	AGACTATGTC	GTTGTACATG	GCTATTTTAC	CGAAGTTTAC
25901	TACCATGTTG	AGTCTACACA	AATTACTACA	GACACTGGTA	TTGAAAATGC
25951	TACATTCTTC	ATCTTTAACA	AGCTTGTTAA	AGACCCACCG	AATGTGCAAA
26001	TACACACAAT	CGACGGCTCT	TCAGGAGTTG	CTAATCCAGC	AATGGATCCA
26051	ATTTATGATG	AGCCGACGAC	GACTACTAGC	GTGCCTTTGT	AAGCACAAGA
26101	AAGTGAGTAC	GAACCTATGT	ACTCATTCTG	TTCGGAAGAA	ACAGGTACGT
26151	TAATAGTTAA	TAGCGTACTT	CTTTTTCTTG	CTTTCGTGGT	ATTCTTGCTA
26201	GTCACACTAG	CCATCCTTAC	TGCGCTTCGA	TTGTGTGCGT	ACTGCTGCAA
26251	TATTGTTAAC	GTGAGTTTAG	TAAAACCAAC	GGTTTACGTC	TACTCGCGTG
26301	TTAAAAATCT	GAACCTTCT	GAAGGAGTTC	CTGATCTTCT	GGTCTAAACG
26351	AACTAACTAT	TATTATTATT	CTGTTTGAA	CTTTAACATT	GCTTATCATG
26401	GCAGACAACG	GTACTATTAC	CGTTGAGGAG	CTTAAACAAC	TCCTGGAACA
26451	ATGGAACCTA	GTAATAGGTT	TCCTATTCTT	AGCCTGGATT	ATGTTACTAC
26501	AATTTGCTTA	TTCTAATCGG	AACAGGTTTT	TGTACATAAT	AAAGCTTGTT
26551	TTCTCTGGC	TCTTGTTGGC	AGTAACACTT	GCTTGTTTTG	TGCTTGCTGC
26601	TGTCTACAGA	ATTAATTGGG	TGACTGGCGG	GATTGCGATT	GCAATGGCTT
26651	GTATTGTAGG	CTTGATGTGG	CTTAGCTACT	TCGTTGCTTC	CTTCAGGCTG
26701	TTTGCTCGTA	CCCGCTCAAT	TTGGTCATT	AACCCAGAAA	CAAAACATTCT
26751	TCTCAATGTG	CCTCTCCGGG	GGACAATTGT	GACCAGACCG	CTCATGGAAA
26801	GTGAACCTGT	CATTGGTGCT	GTGATCATT	GTGGTCACTT	GCGAATGGCC
26851	GGACACCCCC	TAGGGCGCTG	TGACATTAAG	GACCTGCCAA	AAGAGATCAC
26901	TGTGGCTACA	TACGAACGCT	TTTCTTATTA	CAAATTAGGA	GCGTCCGAGC
26951	GTGTAGGCAC	TGATTCAAGT	TTTGCTGCAT	ACAACCGCTA	CCGTATTGGA
27001	AACTATAAAT	TAAATACAGA	CCACGCCGGT	AGCAACGACA	ATATTGCTTT
27051	GCTAGTACAG	TAAGTGACAA	CAGATGTTTC	ATCTTGTTGA	CTTCCAGGTT
27101	ACAATAGCAG	AGATATTGAT	TATCATTATG	AGGACTTTCA	GGATTGCTAT
27151	TTGGAATCTT	GACGTTATAA	TAAGTTCAAT	AGTGAGACAA	TTATTTAAGC
27201	CTCTAACTAA	GAAGAATTAT	TCGGAGTTAG	ATGATGAAGA	ACCTATGGAG
27251	TTAGATTATC	CATAAAACGA	ACATGAAAAT	TATTCTCTTC	CTGACATTGA
27301	TTGTATTTAC	ATCTTGCGAG	CTATATCACT	ATCAGGAGTG	TGTTAGAGGT
27351	ACGACTGTAC	TACTAAAAGA	ACCTTGCCCA	TCAGGAACAT	ACGAGGGCAA
27401	TTCAACATTT	CACCCTCTTG	CTGACAATAA	ATTTGCACTA	ACTTGCACTA
27451	GCACACACTT	TGCTTTTGCT	TGTGCTGACG	GTAATCGACA	TACCTATCAG
27501	CTGCGTGCAA	GATCAGTTTC	ACCAAAACTT	TTCATCAGAC	AAGAGGAGGT
27551	TCAACAAGAG	CTCTACTCGC	CACTTTTTCT	CATTGTTGCT	GCTCTAGTAT
27601	TTTTAATACT	TTGCTTCACC	ATTAAGAGAA	AGACAGAATG	AATGAGCTCA
27651	CTTTAATTGA	CTTCTATTTG	TGCTTTTTAG	CCTTTCTGCT	ATTCTTGTTT
27701	TTAATAATGC	TTATTATATT	TTGGTTTTCA	CTCGAAATCC	AGGATCTAGA
27751	AGAACCTTGT	ACCAAAGTCT	AAACGAACAT	GAAACTTCTC	ATTGTTTTGA
27801	CTTGATTTTC	TCTATGCAGT	TGCATATGCA	CTGTAGTACA	GCGCTGTGCA
27851	TCTAATAAAC	CTCATGTGCT	TGAAGATCCT	TGTAAGGTAC	AACACTAGGG
27901	GTAATACTTA	TAGCACTGCT	TGGCTTTGTG	CTCTAGGAAA	GGTTTTACCT
27951	TTTCATAGAT	GGCACACTAT	GGTTCAAACA	TGCACACCTA	ATGTTACTAT
28001	CAACTGTCAA	GATCCAGCTG	GTGGTGCGCT	TATAGCTAGG	TGTTGGTACC

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28051 TTCATGAAGG TCACCAAAC GCTGCATTTA GAGACGTACT TGTTGTTTTA
28101 AATAAACGAA CAAATTAATA TGTCTGATAA TGGACCCCAA TCAAACCAAC
28151 GTAGTGCCCC CCGCATTACA TTTGGTGGAC CCACAGATTG AACTGACAAT
28201 AACCAGAATG GAGGACGCAA TGGGGCAAGG CCAAAACAGC GCCGACCCCA
28251 AGGTTTACCC AATAATACTG CGTCTTGGTT CACAGCTCTC ACTCAGCATG
28301 GCAAGGAGGA ACTTAGATTG CCTCGAGGCC AGGGCGTTCC AATCAACACC
28351 AATAGTGGTC CAGATGACCA AATTGGCTAC TACCGAAGAG CTACCCGACG
28401 AGTTCGTGGT GGTGACGGCA AAATGAAAGA GCTCAGCCCC AGATGGTACT
28451 TCTATTACCT AGGAACTGGC CCAGAAGCTT CACTTCCCTA CGGCGCTAAC
28501 AAAGAAGGCA TCGTATGGGT TGCAACTGAG GGAGCCTTGA ATACACCCAA
28551 AGACCACATT GGCACCCGCA ATCCTAATAA CAATGETGCC ACCGTGCTAC
28601 AACTTCCTCA AGGAACAACA TTGCCAAAAG GCTTCTACGC AGAGGGAAGC
28651 AGAGGCGGCA GTCAAGCCTC TTCTCGCTCC TCATCACGTA GTCGCGGTAA
28701 TTCAAGAAAT TCAACTCCTG GCAGCAGTAG GGGAAATTCT CCTGCTCGAA
28751 TGGCTAGCGG AGGTGGTGAA ACTGCCCTCG CGCTATTGCT GCTAGACAGA
28801 TTGAACCAGC TTGAGAGCAA AGTTTCTGGT AAAGGCCAAC AACACAAGG
28851 CCAAACTGTC ACTAAGAAAT CTGCTGCTGA GGCATCTAAA AAGCCTCGCC
28901 AAAAACGTAC TGCCACAAAA CAGTACAACG TCACTCAAGC ATTTGGGAGA
28951 CGTGGTCCAG AACAAACCCA AGGAAATTTT GGGGACCAAG ACCTAATCAG
29001 ACAAGGAACT GATTACAAAC ATTGGCCGCA AATTGCACAA TTTGCTCCAA
29051 GTGCCTCTGC ATTCTTTGGA ATGTCACGCA TTGGCATGGA AGTCACACCT
29101 TCGGGAACAT GGCTGACTTA TCATGGAGCC ATTAATTTGG ATGACAAAGA
29151 TCCACAATTG AAAGACAACG TCATACTGCT GAACAAGCAC ATTGACGCAT
29201 ACAAAACATT CCCACCAACA GAGCCTAAAA AGGACAAAAA GAAAAAGACT
29251 GATGAAGCTC AGCCTTTGCC GCAGAGACAA AAGAAGCAGC CCACTGTGAC
29301 TCTTCTTCTT GCGGCTGACA TGGATGATTT CTCCAGACAA CTTCAAAATT
29351 CCATGAGTGG AGCTTCTGCT GATTCAACTC AGGCATAAAC ACTCATGATG
29401 ACCACACAAG GCAGATGGGC TATGTAAACG TTTTCGCAAT TCCGTTTACG
29451 ATACATAGTC TACTCTTGTG CAGAATGAAT TCTCGTAACT AAACAGCACA
29501 AGTAGGTTTA GTTAACTTTA ATCTCACATA GCAATCTTTA ATCAATGTGT
29551 AACATTAGGG AGGACTTGAA AGAGCCACCA CATTTTCATC GAGGCCACGC
29601 GGAGTACGAT CGAGGGTACA GTGAATAATG CTAGGGAGAG CTGCCTATAT
29651 GGAAGAGCCC TAATGTGTAA AATTAATTTT AGTAGTGCTA TCCCCATGTG
29701 ATTTTAATAG CTTCTTAGGA GAATGAC

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